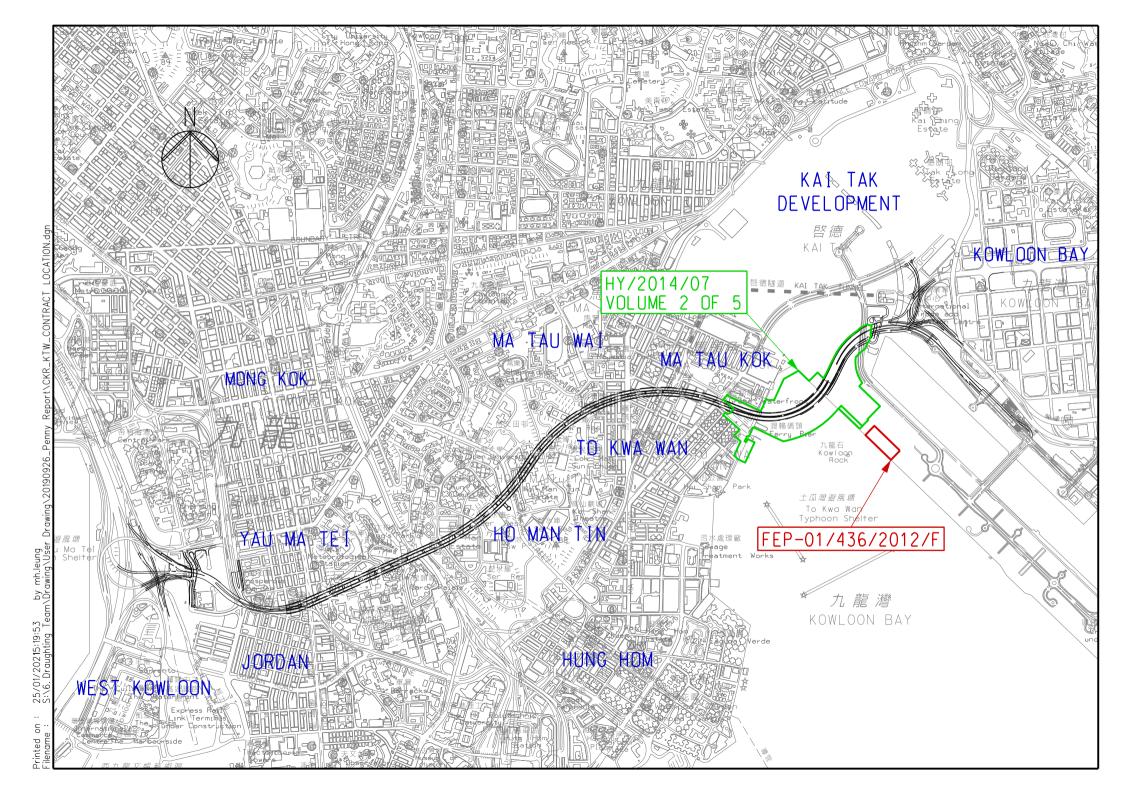
Vol. 2 of 5 FEP-01/457/2013/C & FEP-01/436/2012/F Central Kowloon Route Kai Tak West Contract No. HY/2014/07 February 2024





Gammon Construction Limited

Central Kowloon Route

Works Contract HY/2014/07 – Central Kowloon Route – Kai Tak West

Monthly EM&A Report for February 2024

[March 2024]

	Name	Signature
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Reviewed, Approved & Certified:	Y. W. Fung	7

Version: 0	Date: 11 March	2024

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Environmental Permit No. EP-457/2013/D

Central Kowloon Route

Independent Environmental Checker Verification

Reference Document/Plan	
Document/ Plan to be Certified / Verified:	Monthly EM&A Report No.71 (February 2024)
Date of Report:	11 March 2024
Date received by IEC:	11 March 2024

Kai Tak West (HY/2014/07)

Reference EP Condition

Works Contract:

Environmental Permit Condition: 3.4

Submission of Monthly EM&A Report of the Project

3.4 Four hard copies and one electronic copy of monthly EM&A Report shall be submitted to the Director within 2 weeks after the end of each reporting month throughout the entire construction period. The EM&A Reports shall include a summary of all non-compliance. The submissions shall be certified by the ET Leader and verified by the IEC as complying with the requirements as set out in the EM&A Manual before submission to the Director. Additional copies of the submission shall be provided to the Director upon request by the Director.

IEC Verification

Mondy 20.

I hereby verify that the above referenced document/ $\frac{1}{plan}$ complies with the above referenced condition of EP-457/2013/D and FEP-01/457/2013/C.

Ms Mandy To

Date: 11 March 2024

Independent Environmental Checker

Our ref: 0436942_IEC Verification Cert_KTW_Monthly EM&A Rpt No.71.docx

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AECOM Asia Co. Ltd. 2 March 2024

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Central Kowloon Route – Kai Tak West (CKR-KTW; Contract No. HY/2014/07) (hereafter called "the Project") covers part of the construction of the Central Kowloon Route (CKR).

The Project comprises the follow works:

- 50x30m access shaft with noise enclosure at Ma Tau Kok (MTK);
- 100m long cut-and-cover (C&C) tunnel at MTK;
- Demolition and re-provisioning of MTK Public Pier;
- 160m long underwater tunnel (UWT) (Stage 1);
- 210m long UWT (Stage 2);
- 60m long C&C tunnel at Kai Tak;
- 130m long depressed road and 200m long underpass at Kai Tak;
- 390m long underground tunnel ventilation audit at Kai Tak;
- Seawall demolition and construction of new landing steps; and
- Barging Point enclosure and conveyor system.

The EM&A programme commenced on 4 April 2018. The impact EM&A for the Project includes air quality and noise monitoring.

This is the 71st monthly EM&A Report presenting the EM&A works carried out during the period between 1 and 29 February 2024. As informed by the Contractor, major activities in the reporting period were:

Locations	Site Activities	
Kai Tak	- Defect rectification works at underpass, depressed road and C&C	
Ma Tau Kok	 - Temporary traffic management (TTM) implementation; - Tunnel structure construction at MTK C&C Tunnel; - Removal of Excavation and Lateral Support (ELS) at MTK C&C Tunnel; - Waterproofing works at MTK. 	
Kowloon Bay	 Removal of Excavation and Lateral Support (ELS) at Stage 2 UWT; Tunnel structure construction at Stage 2 UWT; Waterproofing works at Stage 2 UWT. 	

AECOM Asia Co. Ltd. 3 March 2024

Breaches of Action and Limit Levels for Air Quality

All 24-hour TSP result was below the Action and Limit Levels at all monitoring locations in the reporting month.

All 1-hour TSP result was below the Action and Limit Levels at all monitoring locations in the reporting month.

Breaches of Action and Limit Levels for Noise

Regular Noise Monitoring

No exceedance of Action and Limit level of noise was recorded in the reporting month.

Complaint, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecution

No environmental related complaints, notification of summons and successful prosecution were received in the reporting month.

Reporting Changes

No report changes in the reporting period.

Future Key Issues

Key issues to be considered in the next three months included:

Locations	Site Activities	
Kai Tak	- Defect rectification works at underpass, depressed road and C&C	
	- TTM implementation;	
Ma Tau Kok	- Removal of Excavation and Lateral Support (ELS) at MTK C&C Tunnel;	
IVIA TAU NOK	- Tunnel structure construction at MTK C&C Tunnel;	
	- Waterproofing works and backfilling at MTK	
	- Removal of Excavation and Lateral Support (ELS) at Stage 2 UWT;	
Kowloon Bay	- Tunnel structure construction at Stage 2 UWT;	
	- Waterproofing works and backfilling at Stage 2 UWT.	

Potential environmental impacts arising from the above construction activities are mainly associated with construction dust, construction noise, water pollution control, and waste management.

AECOM Asia Co. Ltd. 4 March 2024

1 INTRODUCTION

Gammon Construction Limited was commissioned by the Highways Department as the Civil Contractor for Works Contract HY/2014/07. AECOM Asia Company Limited (AECOM) was appointed by Gammon Construction Limited as the Environmental Team (ET) to undertake the Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) programme during construction phase of the Project.

1.1 Purpose of the Report

1.1.1 This is the 71st monthly EM&A Report which summaries the impact monitoring results and audit findings for the Project during the reporting period between 1 and 29 February 2024.

1.2 Report Structure

- 1.2.1 This monthly EM&A Report is organized as follows:
 - Section 1: Introduction
 - Section 2: Project Information
 - Section 3: Environmental Monitoring Requirement
 - Section 4: Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures
 - Section 5: Monitoring Results
 - Section 6: Environmental Site Inspection and Audit
 - Section 7: Environmental Non-conformance
 - Section 8: Future Key Issues
 - Section 9: Conclusions and Recommendations

2 PROJECT INFORMATION

2.1 Background

- 2.1.1 CKR is a dual 3-lane trunk road across central Kowloon linking the West Kowloon in the west and the Kai Tak Development (KTD) in the east. The CKR will be about 4.7 km long with an underground tunnel section of about 3.9 km long, in particular, there will be an underwater tunnel of about 370 m long in Kowloon Bay to the north of the To Kwa Wan Typhoon Shelter. It will connect the West Kowloon Highway at Yau Ma Tei Interchange with the road network at Kowloon Bay and the future Trunk Road T2 at KTD which will connect to the future Tseung Kwan O Lam Tin Tunnel (TKO-LTT) and Cross Bay Link (CBL). CKR, Trunk Road T2 and TKO-LTT will form a strategic highway link, namely Route 6, connecting West Kowloon and Tseung Kwan O. In addition, 3 ventilation buildings, which will be located in Ya Ma Tei, Ho Man Tin and ex-Kai Tak airport area, are proposed to ensure acceptable air quality within the tunnel.
- 2.1.2 The Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Report for Central Kowloon Route (Register No.: AEIAR-171/2013) was approved on 11 July 2013 under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (EIAO). Following the approval of the EIA Report, an Environmental Permit (EP) for CKR was granted on 9 August 2013 (EP No.: EP- 457/2013) for the construction and operation. Variation of EP (VEP) was subsequently applied and the latest EP (EP No. EP-457/2013/D) was issued by the Director of Environmental Protection (DEP) on 15 June 2021. Further Environmental Permit (EP No. FEP-01/457/2013/C) for CKR Kai Tak West was issued on 28 February 2018.
- 2.1.3 The construction of the CKR had been divided into different sections. This Work Contract HY/2014/07 Kai Tak West (KTW) ("The Project") will include a road which is a trunk road, including new roads, and major extensions or improvements to existing roads; a road fully enclosed by decking above and by structure on the sides for more than 100 m; and reclamation works (including associated dredging works) more than 1 ha in size and a boundary of which is less than 100 m from an existing residential area.
- 2.1.4 The site layout plan of the Project is shown in **Figure 1.1**.

2.2 Site Description

- 2.2.1 The major construction activities under this Project include:
 - (a) construction of approximately 160m long cut-and-cover tunnel and 370m long underwater tunnel between the tunnel section at Ma Tau Kok and the depressed road of the CKR within Kai Tak Development;
 - (b) reconstruction of the seawall at Ma Tau Kok public pier, and the sloping seawall at the Former Kai Tak Airport Runway;
 - (c) construction of approximately 125m long depressed road and 200m long underpass of the CKR within Kai Tak Development;
 - (d) construction of approximately 360m long underground tunnel ventilation adit of the CKR;
 - (e) reconstruction of Kowloon City Ferry Pier Public Transport Interchange; and
 - (f) other associated works.

2.3 Construction Programme and Activities

2.3.1 The major construction activities undertaken in the reporting month are summarized in **Table 2.1**.

Table 2.1 Construction Activities in the reporting month

Locations	Site Activities
Kai Tak	- Defect rectification works at underpass, depressed road and C&C
Ma Tau Kok	 Temporary traffic management (TTM) implementation; Tunnel structure construction at MTK C&C Tunnel; Removal of Excavation and Lateral Support (ELS) at MTK C&C Tunnel; Waterproofing works at MTK.
Kowloon Bay	 Removal of Excavation and Lateral Support (ELS) at Stage 2 UWT; Tunnel structure construction at Stage 2 UWT; Waterproofing works at Stage 2 UWT.

2.3.2 The construction programme is presented in **Appendix A**.

2.4 Project Organization

2.4.1 The project organization structure is shown in **Appendix B**. The key personnel contact names and numbers for the Project are summarized in **Table 2.2**.

Table 2.2 Contact Information of Key Personnel

Party	Role	Position	Name	Telephone	Fax
Arup-Mott MacDonald Joint Venture	Residential Engineer (ER)	Engineer's Representative	Mr. Patrick Lo	36195901	2268 3954
ERM	Independent Environmental Checker (IEC)	Independent Environmental Checker	Ms. Mandy To	2271 3113	3015 8052
_	_	Contracts Manager	Mr. Kin Fai Tam	2516 8823	2516 6260
Gammon	Contractor	Environmental Manager	Ms. Michelle Tang	9267 8866	2516 6260
AECOM	Contractor's Environmental Team (ET)	ET Leader	Mr. Y. W. Fung	3856 5681	2317 7609

2.5 Status of Environmental Licences, Notification and Permits

2.5.1 Relevant environmental licenses, permits and/or notifications on environmental protection for this Project and valid in the reporting month are summarized in **Table 2.3**.

Table 2.3 Status of Environmental Licenses, Notifications and Permits

Permit / License No. /	Valid Period		.			
Notification/ Reference No.	From	То	Status	Remarks		
Further Environmental Permit						
FEP-01/457/2013/C	28 Feb 2018	End of Project	Valid			
Wastewater Discharge Lic	ense					
WT00043692-2023	1 Apr 2023	31 Mar 2028	Valid	Ma Tau Kok		
WT00043881-2023	30 Jun 2023	30 Jun 2028	Valid	Underwater Tunnel Stage 2		
WT00044013-2023	1 May 2023	30 Apr 2028	Valid	Kai Tak and Underwater Tunnel Stage 1		
Construction Noise Permit	t .					
GW-RE1452-23	27 Nov 2023	26 Mar 2024	Valid	General Works at Ma Tau Kok		
GW-RE1465-23	1 Dec 2023	31 Mar 2024	Valid	General Works at Kai Tak		
GW-RE1393-23	19 Nov 2023	18 May 2024	Valid	General Works at Stage 1 Underwater Tunnel		
GW-RE1411-23	27 Nov 2023	26 Apr 2024	Valid	General Works at Stage 2 Underwater Tunnel		
GW-RE1494-23	1 Dec 2023	31 Mar 2024	Valid	Kai Tak Access Road		
Chemical Waste Producer	Registration					
5118-247-G2347-47	30 Jan 2018	End of Project	Valid			
5118-247-G2347-48	30 Jan 2018	End of Project	Valid			
Marine Dumping Permit						
Billing Account for Construction Waste Disposal						
7029909	22 Jan 2018	End of Project	Account Active			
Notification Under Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation						
429442	5 Jan 2018	5 Jul 2025	Notified			

3 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Construction Dust Monitoring

Monitoring Requirements

3.1.1 In accordance with the approved EM&A Manual, measurement of 24-hour and 1-hour Total Suspended Particulates (TSP) level at the designated air quality monitoring station is required. Impact 24-hour TSP monitoring should be carried out for at least once every 6 days, and 1-hour TSP monitoring should be done at least 3 times every 6 days while the highest dust impact is expected. The Action and Limit Levels of the air quality monitoring is provided in **Appendix D**.

Monitoring Equipment

- 3.1.2 24-hour TSP air quality monitoring was performed using High Volume Sampler (HVS) located at the designated monitoring station. The HVS meets all the requirements of the EM&A Manual.
- 3.1.3 A portable direct reading dust meter was used to carry out the 1-hour TSP monitoring.
- 3.1.4 Brand and model of the equipment is given in **Table 3.1.**

Table 3.1 Air Quality Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Brand and Model
High Volume Sampler (24-hour TSP)	Tisch Total Suspended Particulate Mass Flow Controlled High Volume Air Sampler (Model No. TE-5170)
Calibration Kit (24-hour TSP)	TISCH Environmental Orifice (Model TE-5025A)
Portable direct reading dust meter (1-hour TSP)	Sibata Digital Dust Monitor (Model No. LD-3 & LD-3B)

Monitoring Locations

3.1.5 The monitoring station for construction dust monitoring pertinent to the Project has been identified based on the approved EM&A Manual for the Project. The location of the construction dust monitoring station is summarized in **Table 3.2** and shown in **Figure 3.1**.

Table 3.2 Location of Construction Dust Monitoring Station

Location	Monitoring Station	Description
E-A14a ^[1]	Block B of Merit Industrial Centre	Rooftop (13/F)

Note:

Monitoring Methodology

- 3.1.6 24-hour TSP Monitoring
 - (a) The HVS was installed in the vicinity of the air sensitive receivers. The following criteria were considered in the installation of the HVS as far as practicable: -
 - A horizontal platform with appropriate support to secure the sampler against gusty wind was provided.
 - (ii) Two samplers should not be placed less than 2m apart from each other;
 - (iii) The distance between the HVS and any obstacles, such as buildings, was at least twice the height that the obstacle protrudes above the HVS.
 - (iv) A minimum of 2 meters separation from walls, parapets and penthouse for rooftop sampler.

AECOM Asia Co. Ltd. 10 March 2024

^[1] The air monitoring station proposed in the EM&A Manual (i.e. Wyler Gardens with ID: E-A14) was not available for impact dust monitoring, therefore impact monitoring was conducted at E-A14a as an alternative which was agreed by the ER, IEC and EPD.

- (v) A minimum of 2 meters separation from any supporting structure, measured horizontally is required.
- (vi) No furnace or incinerator flues nearby.
- (vii) Airflow around the sampler was unrestricted.
- (viii) The sampler was located more than 20 meters from any dripline.
- (ix) Any wire fence and gate, required to protect the sampler, did not obstruct the monitoring process.
- (x) Permission was obtained to set up the samplers and access to the monitoring station.
- (xi) A secured supply of electricity was obtained to operate the sampler.

(b) Preparation of Filter Papers

- (i) Glass fibre filters, G810 were labelled and sufficient filters that were clean and without pinholes were selected.
- (ii) All filters were equilibrated in the conditioning environment for 24 hours before weighing. The conditioning environment temperature was around 25 °C and not variable by more than ±3 °C; the relative humidity (RH) was < 50% and not variable by more than ±5%. A convenient working RH was 40%.
- (iii) All filter papers were prepared and analysed by ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd., which is a HOKLAS accredited laboratory and has comprehensive quality assurance and quality control programmes.

(c) Field Monitoring

- (i) The power supply was checked to ensure the HVS works properly.
- (ii) The filter holder and the area surrounding the filter were cleaned.
- (iii) The filter holder was removed by loosening the four bolts and a new filter, with stamped number upward, on a supporting screen was aligned carefully.
- (iv) The filter was properly aligned on the screen so that the gasket formed an airtight seal on the outer edges of the filter.
- (v) The swing bolts were fastened to hold the filter holder down to the frame. The pressure applied was sufficient to avoid air leakage at the edges.
- (vi) Then the shelter lid was closed and was secured with the aluminium strip.
- (vii) The HVS was warmed-up for about 5 minutes to establish run-temperature conditions.
- (viii) A new flow rate record sheet was set into the flow recorder.
- On site temperature and atmospheric pressure readings were taken and the flow rate of the HVS was checked and adjusted at around 1.3 m³/min, and complied with the range specified in the EM&A Manual (i.e. 0.6-1.7 m³/min).
- (x) The programmable digital timer was set for a sampling period of 24 hrs, and the starting time, weather condition and the filter number were recorded.
- (xi) The initial elapsed time was recorded.
- (xii) At the end of sampling, on site temperature and atmospheric pressure readings were taken and the final flow rate of the HVS was checked and recorded.
- (xiii) The final elapsed time was recorded.
- (xiv) The sampled filter was removed carefully and folded in half length so that only surfaces with collected particulate matter were in contact.
- (xv) It was then placed in a clean envelope and sealed.
- (xvi) All monitoring information was recorded on a standard data sheet.
- (xvii) Filters were then sent to ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd. for analysis.

(d) Maintenance and Calibration

- (i) The HVS and its accessories were maintained in good working condition, such as replacing motor brushes routinely and checking electrical wiring to ensure a continuous power supply.
- (ii) HVSs were calibrated using TE-5025A Calibration Kit upon installation and thereafter at bi-monthly intervals.
- (iii) Calibration certificate of the TE-5025A Calibration Kit and the HVSs are provided in **Appendix E**.

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3.1.7 1-hour TSP Monitoring

(a) Measuring Procedures

The measuring procedures of the 1-hour dust meter are in accordance with the Manufacturer's Instruction Manual as follows:

- (i) Turn the power on.
- (ii) Close the air collecting opening cover.
- (iii) Push the "TIME SETTING" switch to [BG]
- (iv) Push "START/STOP" switch to perform background measurement for 6 seconds.
- (v) Turn the knob at SENSI ADJ position to insert the light scattering plate.
- (vi) Leave the equipment for 1 minute upon "SPAN CHECK" is indicated in the display.
- (vii) Push "START/STOP" switch to perform automatic sensitivity adjustment. This measurement takes 1 minute.
- (viii) Pull out the knob and return it to MEASURE position.
- (ix) Push the "TIME SETTING" switch the time set in the display to 3 hours.
- (x) Lower down the air collection opening cover.
- (xi) Push "START/STOP" switch to start measurement.

(b) Maintenance and Calibration

(i) The 1-hour TSP meter was calibrated at 1-year intervals against a High Volume Samplers. Calibration certificates of the Laser Dust Monitors are provided in **Appendix E**.

Monitoring Schedule for the Reporting Month

3.1.8 The schedule for environmental monitoring in February 2024 is provided in **Appendix F**.

3.2 Construction Noise Monitoring

Monitoring Requirements

3.2.1 In accordance with the EM&A Manual, impact noise monitoring should be conducted for at least once a week during the construction phase of the Project. **Table 3.3** summarizes the monitoring parameters, frequency and duration of impact noise monitoring. The Action and Limit Levels of the noise monitoring is provided in **Appendix D**.

Table 3.3 Noise Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

Parameter and Duration	Frequency
30-mins measurement at each monitoring station between 0700 and 1900 on normal weekdays. Leq, L10 and L90 would be recorded.	At least once per week

Monitoring Equipment

3.2.2 Noise monitoring was performed using sound level meter at each designated monitoring station. The sound level meters deployed comply with the International Electrotechnical Commission Publications (IEC) 651:1979 (Type 1) and 804:1985 (Type 1) specifications. Acoustic calibrator was deployed to check the sound level meters at a known sound pressure level. Brand and model of the equipment is given in **Table 3.4**.

Table 3.4 Noise Monitoring Equipment for Regular Noise Monitoring

Equipment	Brand and Model
Integrated Sound Level Meter	B&K (Model No. 2250L & 2270)
Acoustic Calibrator	B&K (Model No. 4231)

Monitoring Locations

3.2.3 The monitoring stations for construction noise monitoring pertinent to the Project have been identified based on the approved EM&A Manual for the Project. Locations of the noise monitoring stations are summarized in **Table 3.5** and shown in **Figure 3.2**.

Table 3.5 Noise Monitoring Stations during Construction Phase

Location	Monitoring Station	Description	Measurement
E-N12a [1]	19 Hing Yan Street	Rooftop (9/F)	Façade
E-N21a [1]	Block B of Merit Industrial Centre	Rooftop (13/F)	Free field ^[2]

Notes:

Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

3.2.4 **Table 3.6** summarizes the monitoring parameters, frequency and duration of impact noise monitoring.

^[1] The noise monitoring stations proposed in the EM&A Manual (i.e. Grand Waterfront Tower 3 with ID: E-N12 and Hang Chien Court Block J with ID: E-N21) were not available for impact noise monitoring, therefore impact monitoring was conducted at E-N12a and E-N21a as an alternative which was agreed by the ER, IEC and EPD.

^[2] A correction of +3 dB(A) was made to the free field measurements.

Table 3.6 Noise Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

Location	Parameter and Duration	Frequency
E-N12a and E-N21a	30-mins measurement at each monitoring station between 0700 and 1900 on normal weekdays. Leq, L ₁₀ and L ₉₀ would be recorded.	At least once per week

Monitoring Methodology

3.2.5 Monitoring Procedure

- (a) The sound level meter was set on a tripod at a height of 1.2 m above the ground.
- (b) Façade measurement was made at E-N12a.
- (c) Free field measurements was made at monitoring location E-N21a. A correction of +3 dB(A) shall be made to the free field measurements.
- (d) The battery condition was checked to ensure the correct functioning of the meter.
- (e) Parameters such as frequency weighting, the time weighting and the measurement time were set as follows:
 - (i) frequency weighting
 - (ii) time weighting: Fast
 - (iii) time measurement: L_{eq(30-minutes)} during non-restricted hours i.e. 0700 1900 on normal weekdays.
- (f) Prior to and after each noise measurement, the meter was calibrated using the acoustic calibrator for 94 dB(A) at 1000 Hz. If the difference in the calibration level before and after measurement was more than 1 dB(A), the measurement would be considered invalid and repeat of noise measurement would be required after re-calibration or repair of the equipment.
- (g) During the monitoring period, the L_{eq} , L_{10} and L_{90} were recorded. In addition, site conditions and noise sources were recorded on a standard record sheet.
- (h) Noise measurement was paused during periods of high intrusive noise (e.g. dog barking, helicopter noise) if possible. Observations were recorded when intrusive noise was unavoidable.
- (i) Noise monitoring was cancelled in the presence of fog, rain, wind with a steady speed exceeding 5m/s, or wind with gusts exceeding 10m/s.

3.2.6 Maintenance and Calibration

- (a) The microphone head of the sound level meter was cleaned with soft cloth at regular intervals.
- (b) The meter and calibrator were sent to the supplier or HOKLAS laboratory to check and calibrate at yearly intervals.
- (c) Calibration certificates of the sound level meters and acoustic calibrators are provided in **Appendix E**.

Monitoring Schedule for the Reporting Month

3.2.7 The schedule for environmental monitoring in February 2024 is provided in **Appendix F**.

3.3 Landscape and Visual

3.3.1 As per the EM&A Manuals, the landscape and visual mitigation measures shall be implemented and site inspections should be undertaken once every two weeks during the construction period. A summary of the implementation status is presented in **Section 6.**

AECOM Asia Co. Ltd. 14 March 2024

4 IMPLEMENTATION STATUS OF ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES

4.1.1 The Contractor has implemented environmental mitigation measures and requirements as stated in the EIA Reports, the EP and EM&A Manuals. The implementation status of the environmental mitigation measures during the reporting period is summarized in **Appendix C.** Status of required submissions under the EP during the reporting period is summarised in **Table 4.1**.

Table 4.1 Status of Required Submission under Environmental Permit

EP Condition	Submission	Submission Date
Condition 3.4 of EP-457/2013/D and Condition 3.4 of FEP-01/457/2013/C	Monthly EM&A Report for January 2024	14 February 2024

5 MONITORING RESULTS

5.1 Construction Dust Monitoring

5.1.1 The monitoring results for 24-hour TSP and 1-hour TSP are summarized in **Table 5.1** and **Table 5.2** respectively. Detailed air quality monitoring results and daily extract of meteorological observations are presented in **Appendix G**.

Table 5.1 Summary of 24-hour TSP Monitoring Result in the Reporting Period

ID	Average (μg/m³)	Range (μg/m³)	Action Level (μg/m³)	Limit Level (µg/m³)
E-A14a	31.9	15.0 – 50.3	197.3	260

Table 5.2 Summary of 1-hour TSP Monitoring Result in the Reporting Period

ID	Average (μg/m³)	Range (μg/m³)	Action Level (μg/m³)	Limit Level (µg/m³)
E-A14a	60.0	56.4 – 63.1	302.4	500

- 5.1.2 No Action and Limit Level exceedance was recorded for 24-hour TSP monitoring at the monitoring location in the reporting month.
- 5.1.3 No Action and Limit Level exceedance was recorded for 1-hour TSP monitoring at the monitoring location in the reporting month.
- 5.1.4 The event and action plan are annexed in **Appendix I**.
- 5.1.5 Major dust sources during the monitoring included construction dust and nearby traffic emission.

5.2 Regular Construction Noise Monitoring

5.2.1 The monitoring results for noise are summarized in **Table 5.3** and the monitoring data is provided in **Appendix H**.

Table 5.3 Summary of Construction Noise Monitoring Results in the Reporting Period

ID	Range, dB(A), L _{eq (30 mins)}	Limit Level, dB(A), L _{eq (30 mins)}
E-N12a	63.3 – 65.0	75
E-N21a	58.6 – 59.0	75

- 5.2.2 No exceedance of Action and Limit level of noise was recorded in the reporting month.
- 5.2.3 The event and action plan are annexed in **Appendix I**.
- 5.2.4 Major noise sources during the monitoring included construction noise from the Project site and nearby traffic noise.

5.3 Waste Management

- 5.3.1 C&D materials and wastes sorting were carried out on site. Receptacles were available for C&D wastes and general refuse collection.
- 5.3.2 As advised by the Contractor, 774 m³ of C&D material were generated and no C&D material was disposed to public fill. 774 m³ of inert C&D was reused in the Contract and no other projects respectively in the reporting month. 120,660 kg of general refuse was generated and sent to NENT Landfill in the reporting month. No metal, no plastics and no paper/cardboard packaging were collected by recycle contractor in the reporting month. No chemical waste was collected by licensed contractor in the reporting month. No Type 1, Type 2 and Type 3 Marine sediment were disposed at Confined Marine Disposal Facility to the East of Sha Chau. The waste flow table is annexed in **Appendix K**.
- 5.3.3 The Contractor is advised to properly maintain on site C&D materials and wastes collection, sorting and recording system and maximize reuse / recycle of C&D materials and wastes. The Contractor is reminded to properly maintain the site tidiness and dispose of the wastes accumulated on site regularly and properly.
- 5.3.4 The Contractor is reminded that chemical waste containers should be properly treated and stored temporarily in designated chemical waste storage area on site in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.

5.4 Landscape and Visual

5.4.1 Bi-weekly inspection of the implementation of landscape and visual mitigation measures was conducted on 7 and 21 February 2024. A summary of the site inspection is provided in **Appendix C**. The observations and recommendations made during the site inspections are presented in **Table 6.1**.

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6 ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INSPECTION AND AUDIT

- 6.1.1 Site inspections were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the implementation of proper environmental pollution control and mitigation measures for the Project. A summary of the mitigation measures implementation schedule is provided in **Appendix C**.
- 6.1.2 In the reporting month, 4 site inspections were carried out on 7, 14, 21 and 28 February 2024. Joint inspections with the IEC, ER, the Contractor and ET were conducted on 28 February 2024. No non-compliance was recorded during the site inspection. Details of observations recorded during the site inspections are presented in **Table 6.1**.

Table 6.1 Observations and Recommendations of Site Audit

Parameters	Date	Observations and Recommendations	Follow-up
Air Quality	28 February 2024	Reminder: The contractor was reminded to provide the regular watering on haul road at stage 1 UWT.	The item was rectified by the Contractor on 5 March 2024.
Noise	Nil	Nil	Nil
Water Quality	14 February 2024	Observation: The muddy water leakage was observed from the sheet pile inside the silt curtain at stage 2 marine platform nearby the ferry pier. Observation: The silt curtain was observed not fully enclosed at south and north of stage 2 marine platform respectively.	The item was rectified by the Contractor on 26 February 2024. The item was rectified by the Contractor on 22 February 2024.
Waste/ Chemical Management	14 February 2024	Reminder: The contractor was reminded to remove the general refuse at Stage 2 UWT.	The item was rectified by the Contractor on 20 February 2024.
	21 February 2024	Reminder: The general refuse was found mixing with the construction waste at MTK Site. The contractor was reminded to provide the containers for waste sorting performance.	The item was rectified by the Contractor on 26 February 2024.
Landscape & Visual	Nil	Nil	Nil
Permits/ Licenses	Nil	Nil	Nil

6.1.3 All follow-up actions requested by Contractor's ET during the site inspection were undertaken as reported by the Contractor and confirmed in the following weekly site inspection conducted during the reporting period.

7 ENVIRONMENTAL NON-CONFORMANCE

7.1 Summary of Monitoring Exceedances

- 7.1.1 All 24-hour TSP result was below the Action and Limit Levels at all monitoring locations in the reporting month.
- 7.1.2 All 1-hour TSP result was below the Action and Limit Levels at all monitoring locations in the reporting month
- 7.1.3 No exceedance of Action and Limit level of noise was recorded in the reporting month.

7.2 Summary of Environmental Non-Compliance

7.2.1 No environmental non-compliance was recorded in the reporting month.

7.3 Summary of Environmental Complaints

7.3.1 No environmental related complaints, notification of summons and successful prosecution were received in the reporting month. Cumulative statistics on environmental complaint is provided in **Appendix J.**

7.4 Summary of Environmental Summon and Successful Prosecutions

7.4.1 No environmental related prosecution or notification of summons was received in the reporting month. Cumulative statistics on notification of summons and successful prosecutions is provided in **Appendix J**.

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8 FUTURE KEY ISSUES

8.1 Construction Programme for the Next Three Months

8.1.1 The major construction works between March 2024 to May 2024 are provided in **Table 8.1**.

Table 8.1 Construction Activities in the coming three months

Locations	Site Activities	
Kai Tak	- Defect rectification works at underpass, depressed road and C&C	
Ma Tau Kok	 TTM implementation; Removal of Excavation and Lateral Support (ELS) at MTK C&C Tunnel; Tunnel structure construction at MTK C&C Tunnel; Waterproofing works and backfilling at MTK 	
Kowloon Bay	- Removal of Excavation and Lateral Support (ELS) at Stage 2 UWT; - Tunnel structure construction at Stage 2 UWT; - Waterproofing works and backfilling at Stage 2 UWT.	

8.2 Key Issues for the Coming Month

8.2.1 Potential environmental impacts arising from the above construction activities are mainly associated with construction dust, construction noise, and waste management.

8.3 Monitoring Schedule for the Coming Month

8.3.1 The tentative schedule for environmental monitoring in March 2024 is provided in **Appendix F**.

9 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

9.1 Conclusions

- 9.1.1 1-hour TSP, 24-hour TSP and noise monitoring were carried out in the reporting month.
- 9.1.2 All 24-hour TSP monitoring results complied with the Action / Limit Level at in the reporting month.
- 9.1.3 All 1-hour TSP result was below the Action and Limit Levels at all monitoring locations in the reporting month.
- 9.1.4 No exceedance of Action and Limit level of noise was recorded in the reporting month.
- 9.1.5 4 nos. of environmental site inspections were carried out in February 2024. Recommendations on remedial actions were given by ET and IEC to the Contractor for the deficiencies identified during the site audit.
- 9.1.6 No environmental related complaints, notification of summons and successful prosecution were received in the reporting month.
- 9.1.7 No environmental related notification of summons and successful prosecution were received in the reporting month.

9.2 Recommendations

9.2.1 According to the environmental site inspections performed in the reporting month, the following recommendations were provided:

Air Quality Impact

The contractor was reminded to provide the regular watering on haul road at stage 1 UWT.

Construction Noise Impact

• No specific observation was identified in the reporting month.

Water Quality Impact

- The contractor was advised to ensure resolving the leakage to prevent marine pollution.
- The contractor was advised to repair the gap of the silt curtain to prevent marine pollution.

Chemical and Waste Management

- The contractor was reminded to remove the general refuse at Stage 2 UWT.
- The general refuse was found mixing with the construction waste at MTK Site. The contractor
 was reminded to provide the containers for waste sorting performance.

Landscape & Visual Impact

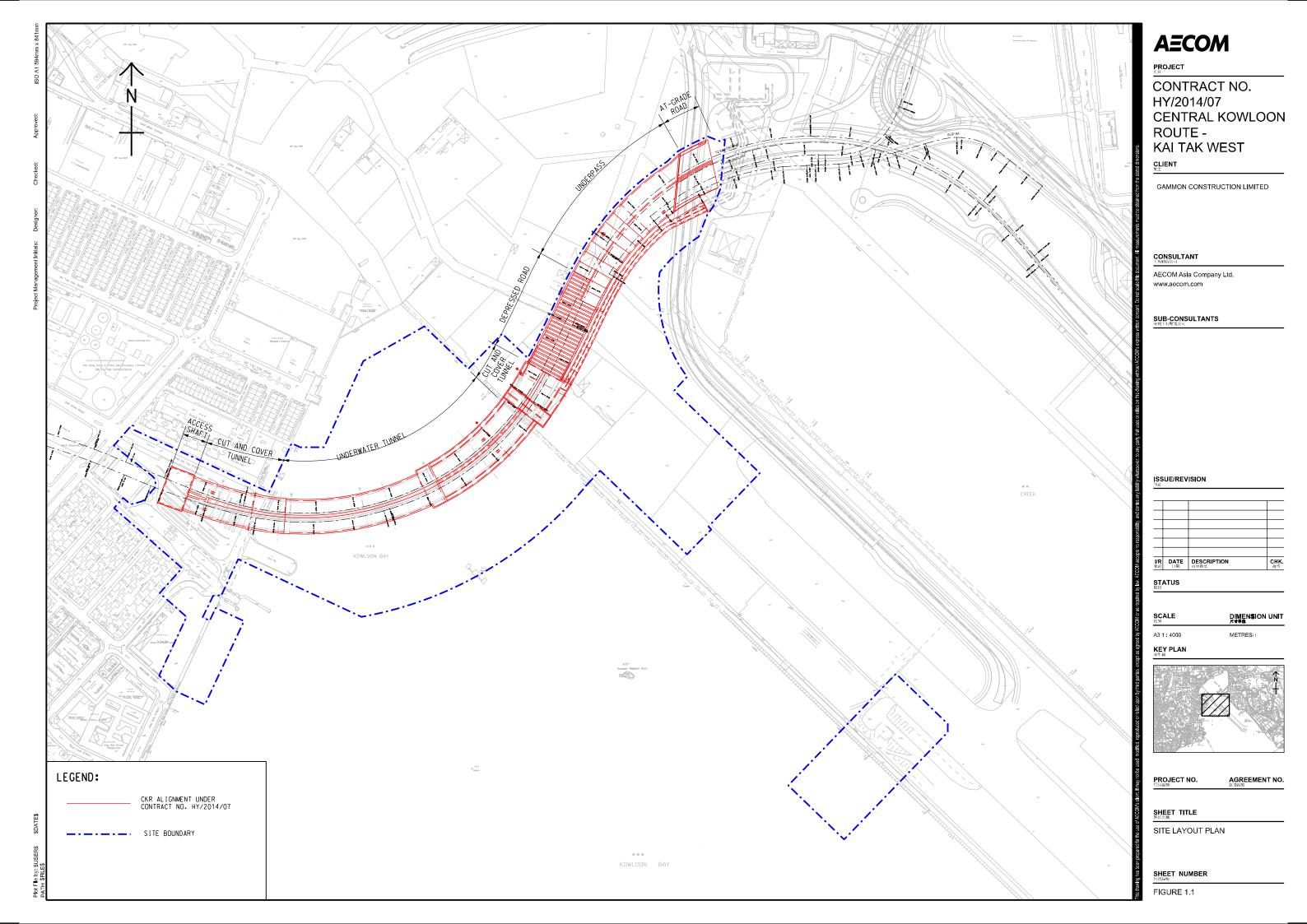
• No specific observation was identified in the reporting month.

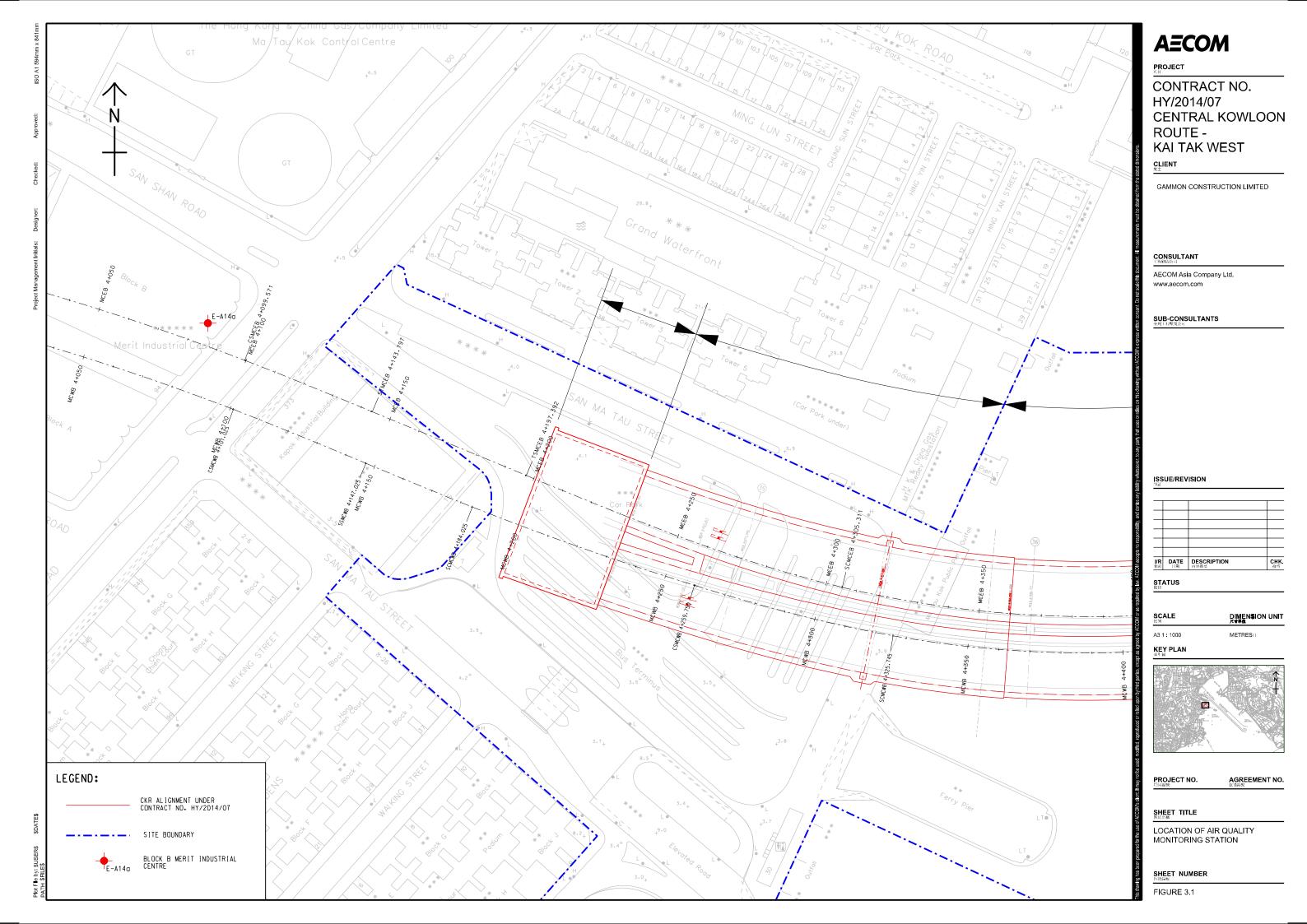
Permits/licenses

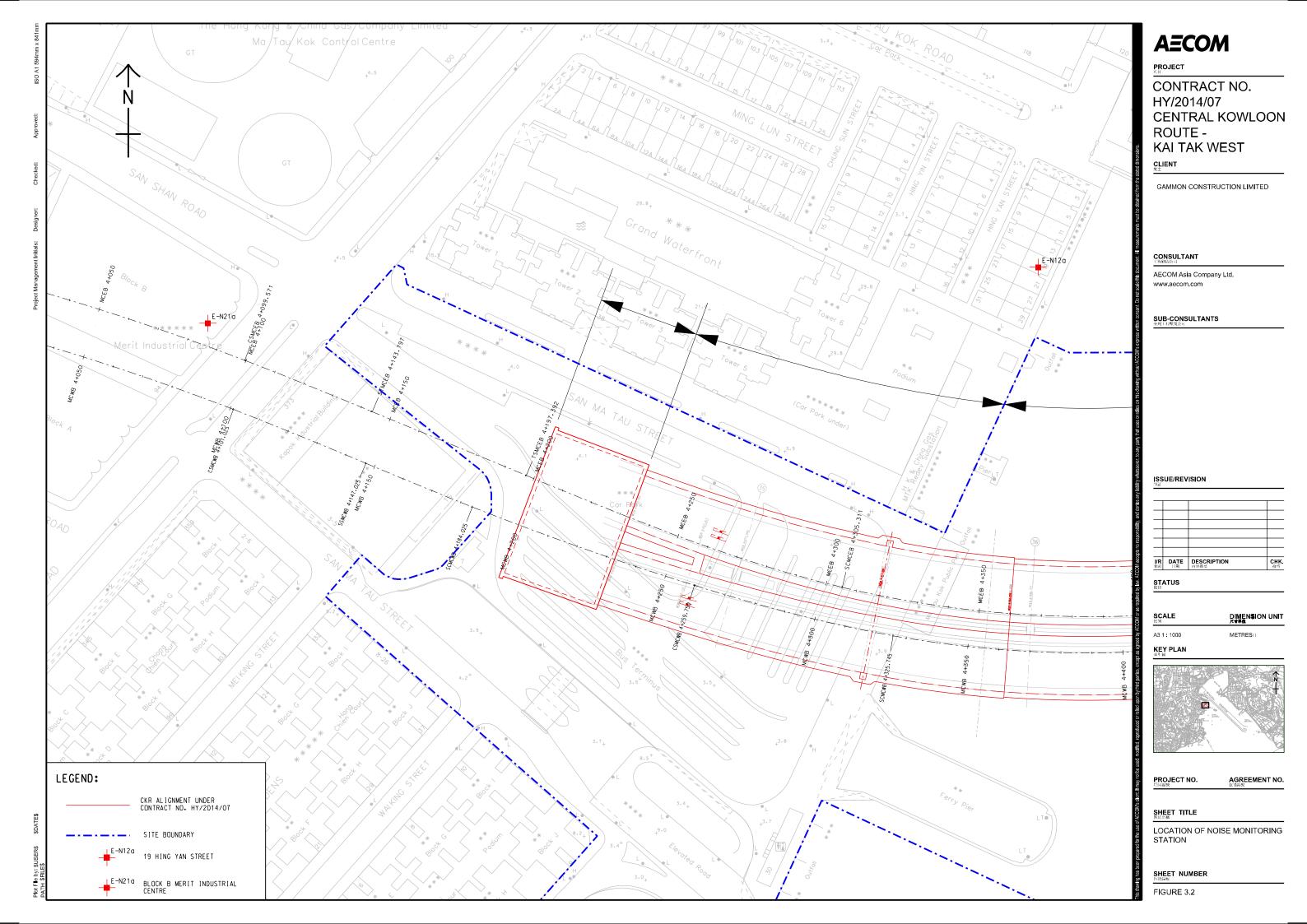
• No specific observation was identified in the reporting month.

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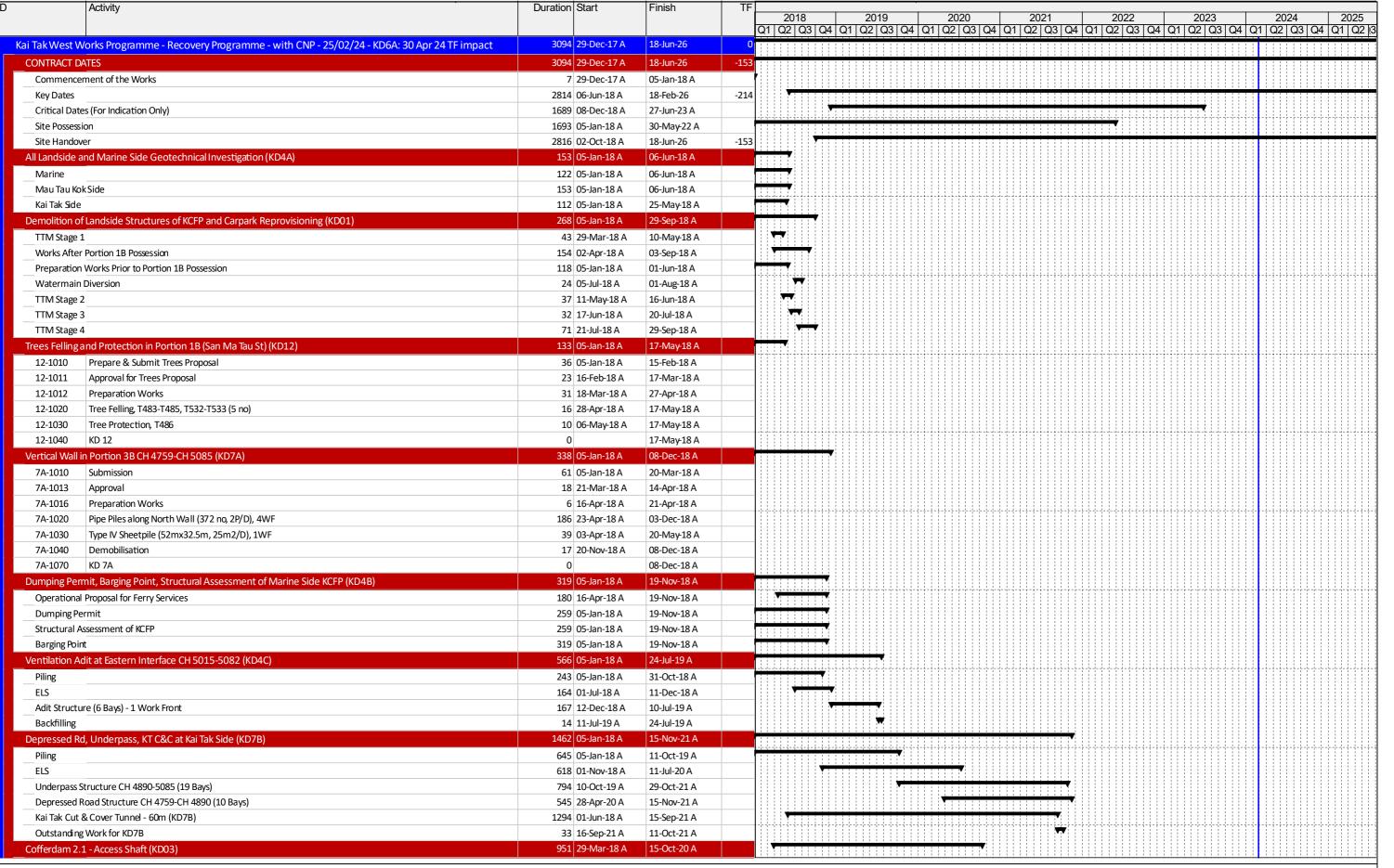






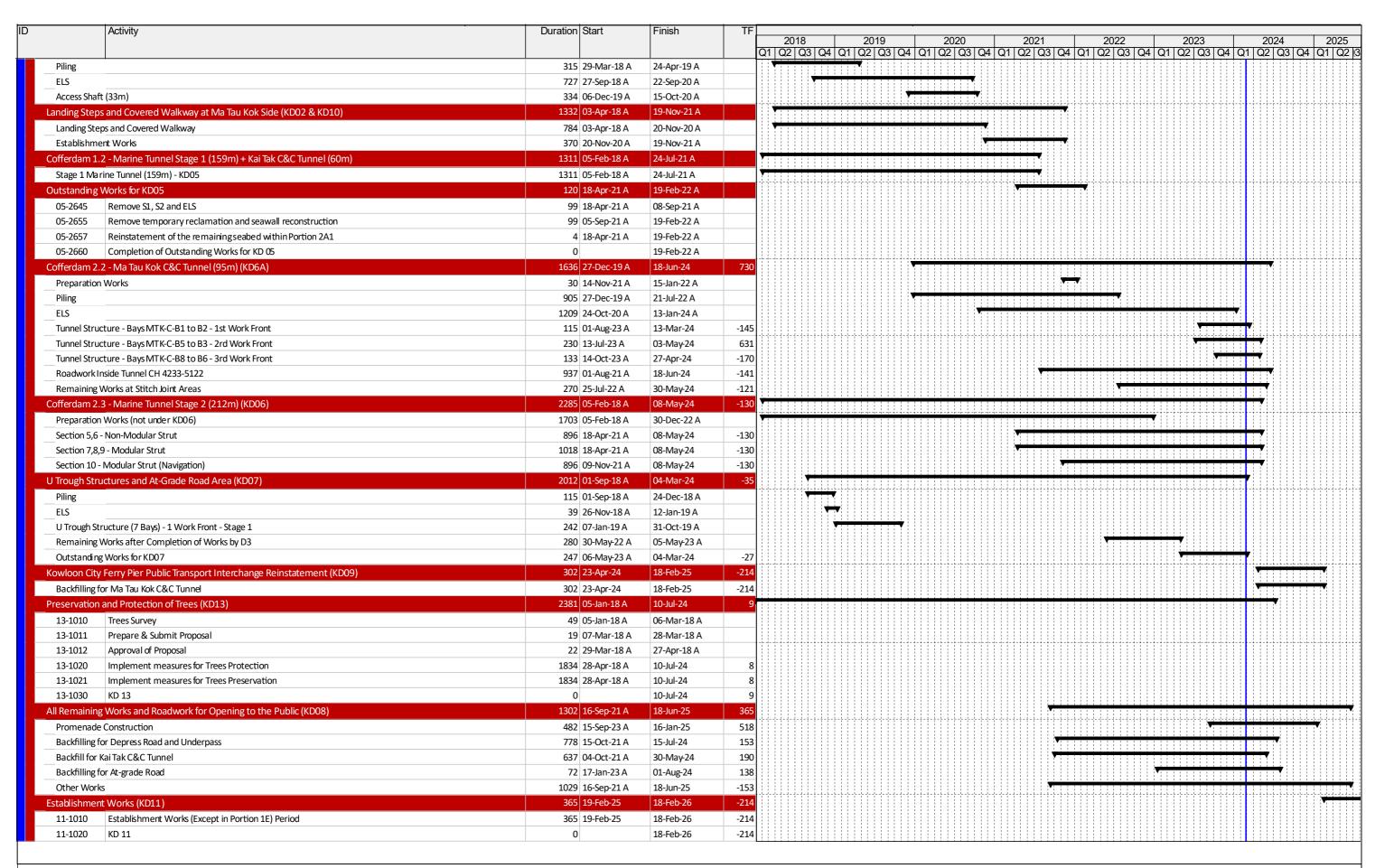
APPENDIX A

Construction Programme



Summary

CONTRACT NO. HY2014/07 CENTRAL KOWLOON ROUTE - KAI TAK WEST EXECUTIVE SUMMARY PROGRAMME - FEB 2024 P 1



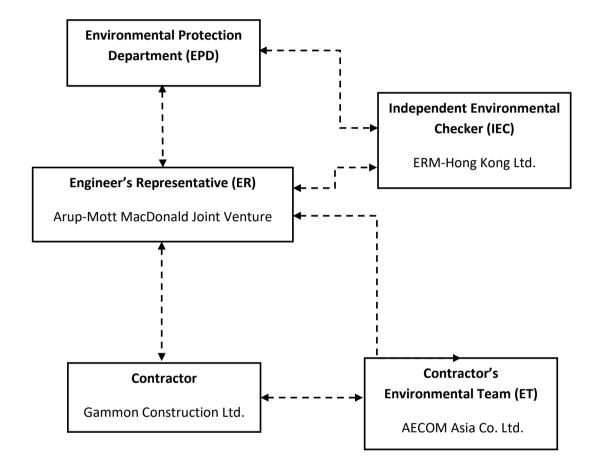
Summary

CONTRACT NO. HY2014/07 CENTRAL KOWLOON ROUTE - KAI TAK WEST EXECUTIVE SUMMARY PROGRAMME - FEB 2024

APPENDIX B

Project Organization Structure

Appendix B Project Organization Structure



Appendix B AECOM

APPENDIX C

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

Appendix C – Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
Air Quality	(Construction	on Phase)					
S4.3.10	D1	The contractor shall follow the procedures and requirements given in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	V
S4.3.10	D2	• Mitigation measures in form of regular watering under a good site practice should be adopted. Watering once per hour on exposed worksites and haul road should be conducted to achieve dust removal efficiencies of 91.7%. While the above watering frequencies are to be followed, the extent of watering may vary depending on actual site conditions but should be sufficient to maintain an equivalent intensity of no less than 1.3 L/m² to achieve the dust removal efficiency.	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	@
S4.3.10	D3	 Proper watering of exposed spoil should be undertaken throughout the construction phase: Any excavated or stockpile of dusty material should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or sprayed with water to maintain the entire surface wet and then removed or backfilled or reinstated where practicable within 24 hours of the excavation or unloading; Any dusty materials remaining after a stockpile is removed should be wetted with water and cleared from the surface of roads; A stockpile of dusty material should not be extend beyond the pedestrian barriers, fencing or traffic cones. The load of dusty materials on a vehicle leaving a construction site should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the vehicle; Where practicable, vehicle washing facilities with high pressure water jet should be provided at every discernible or designated vehicle exit point. The area where vehicle washing takes place and the road section between the washing facilities and the exit point should be paved with concrete, bituminous materials or hardcores; When there are open excavation and reinstatement works, hoarding of not less than 2.4m high should be provided and properly maintained as far as practicable along the site boundary with provision for public crossing; Good site practice shall also be adopted by the Contractor to ensure the conditions of the hoardings are properly 	Minimize dust impact at the nearby sensitive receivers	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	V V V V V

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EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
		 The portion of any road leading only to construction site that is within 30m of a vehicle entrance or exit should be kept clear of dusty materials; 					V
		 Surfaces where any pneumatic or power-driven drilling, cutting, polishing or other mechanical breaking operation takes place should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical continuously; 					V
		 Any area that involves demolition activities should be sprayed with water or a dust suppression chemical immediately prior to, during and immediately after the activities so as to maintain the entire surface wet: 					V
		 Where a scaffolding is erected around the perimeter of a building under construction, effective dust screens, sheeting or netting should be provided to enclose the scaffolding from the ground floor level of the building, or a canopy should be provided 					V
		 from the first floor level up to the highest level of the scaffolding; Any skip hoist for material transport should be totally enclosed by impervious sheeting; Every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry pulverised fuel ash (PFA) should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides; 					V V
		 Cement or dry PFA delivered in bulk should be stored in a closed silo fitted with an audible high level alarm which is interlocked with the material filling line and no overfilling is allowed; 					V
		 Loading, unloading, transfer, handling or storage of bulk cement or dry PFA should be carried out in a totally enclosed system or facility, and any vent or exhaust should be fitted with an effective fabric filter or equivalent air pollution control system; and 					V
		 Exposed earth should be properly treated by compaction, turfing, hydroseeding, vegetation planting or sealing with latex, vinyl, bitumen, shotcrete or other suitable surface stabiliser within six months after the last construction activity on the construction site or part of the construction site where the exposed earth lies. 					V
S4.3.10	D5	Implement regular dust monitoring under EM&A programme during the construction stage.	Monitoring of dust impact	Contractor	Selected representative dust monitoring station	Construction stage	V
Constructio	n Noise (Airb	orne)					•
S5.4.1	N1	Implement the following good site practices: only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced	Control construction airborne noise	Contractor	All construction	Construction stage	V

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
		regularly during the construction programme; machines and plant (such as trucks, cranes) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum;			sites		V
		 plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction, where possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from nearby NSRs; 					V
		 silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be properly fitted and maintained during the construction works; 					V
		 mobile plant should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible and practicable; material stockpiles, mobile container site office and other structures should be effectively utilised, where practicable, to screen noise from on-site construction activities. 					V
S5.4.1	N2	Install temporary hoarding located on the site boundaries between noisy construction activities and NSRs. The conditions of the hoardings shall be properly maintained throughout the construction period.	Reduce the construction noise levels at low-level zone of NSRs through partial screening.	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	V
S5.4.1	N3	Install movable noise barriers (typical design is wooden framed barrier with a small-cantilevered on a skid footing with 25mm thick internal sound absorptive lining), acoustic mat or full enclosure, screen the noisy plants including air compressors, generators and handheld breakers etc	Screen the noisy plant items to be used at all construction sites	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	V
S5.4.1	N4	Use "Quiet plants"	Reduce the noise levels of plant items	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	V
S5.4.1	N5	Loading/unloading activities should be carried out inside the full enclosure of mucking out points	Reduce the noise levels of loading/unloading activities	Contractor	Mucking out locations	Construction stage	V
S5.4.1	N6	Sequencing operation of construction plants where practicable.	Operate sequentially within the same work site to reduce the	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	V

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended	Who to implement the	Location of the measure	When to implement the	Implementation Status
			Measures & Main	measures?		measures?	
			Concern to Address				
			construction				
			airborne noise				
S5.4.1	N7	Implement a noise monitoring under EM&A programme.	Monitor the	Contractor	Selected	Construction	V
			construction		representative	stage	
			noise levels at the		noise		
			selected		monitoring		
			representative		station		
			locations				
S5.5.2	N8	Install temporary noise barriers along the works area at temporary Kowloon City Ferry Pier	Reduce temporary	Contractor	Kowloon City	Different	V
		Public Transport Interchange	PTI noise		Ferry Pier	construction	
						stages	

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
Water Quali	tv (Constru	tion Phase)	Address			ı	
S6.9.1.1	W1	In accordance with the Practice Note for Professional Persons on Construction Site Drainage, Environmental Protection Department, 1994 (ProPECC PN1/94), construction phase mitigation measures shall include the following: Construction Runoff At the start of site establishment (including the barging facilities), perimeter cut-off drains to direct off-site water around the site should be constructed with internal drainage works and erosion and sedimentation control facilities implemented. Channels (both temporary and permanent drainage pipes and culverts), earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be provided on site to direct stormwater to silt removal facilities. The design of the temporary on-site drainage system will be undertaken by the contractor prior to the commencement of construction. The dikes or embankments for flood protection should be implemented around the boundaries of earthwork areas. Temporary ditches should be provided to facilitate the runoff discharge into an appropriate watercourse, through a site/sediment trap. The sediment/silt traps should be incorporated in the permanent drainage channels to enhance deposition rates. The design of efficient silt removal facilities should be based on the guidelines in Appendix A1 of ProPECC PN 1/94, which states that the retention time for silt/sand traps should be 5 minutes under maximum flow conditions. Sizes may vary depending upon the flow rate, but for a flow rate of 0.1 m³/s a sedimentation basin of 30m³ would be required and for a flow rate of 0.5 m³/s the basin would be 150 m³. The detailed design of the sand/silt traps shall be undertaken by the contractor prior to the commencement of construction. All exposed earth areas should be completed and vegetated as soon as possible after earthworks have been completed, or alternatively, within 14 days of the cessation of earthworks where practicable. Exposed slope surfaces should be covered by tarpaulin or other means. The overall slope of the site should be kept to a minimum to reduce the erosive p	quality impact from construction site runoff and general construction activities	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	V V V

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
		 and the reduction of surface sheet flows. All drainage facilities and erosion and sediment control structures should be regularly inspected and maintained to ensure proper and efficient operation at all times and particularly following rainstorms. Deposited silt and grit should be removed regularly and disposed of by spreading evenly over stable, vegetated areas. Measures should be taken to minimize the ingress of site drainage into excavations. If the excavation of trenches in wet periods is necessary, they should be dug and backfilled in short sections wherever practicable. Water pumped out from trenches or foundation excavations should be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities. Open stockpiles of construction materials (for example, aggregates, sand and fill material) of more than 50m³ should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms. Measures should be taken to prevent the washing away of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system. Manholes (including newly constructed ones) should always be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris being washed into the drainage system and storm runoff being directed into foul sewers. Precautions be taken at any time of year when rainstorms are likely, actions to be taken when a rainstorm is imminent or forecasted, and actions to be taken during or after rainstorms are funneling in Appendix A2 of ProPECC PN 1/94. Particular attention should be paid to the control of silty surface runoff during storm events, especially for areas located near steep slopes. All vehicles and plant should be cleaned before leaving a construction site to ensure no earth, mud, debris and the like is deposited by them on roads. An adequately designed and sited wheel washing facilities should be provided at every construction 	Concern to Address				v v v v v
		site exit where practicable. Wash-water should have sand and silt settled out and removed at least on a weekly basis to ensure the continued efficiency of the process. The section of access road leading to, and exiting from, the wheel-wash bay to the public road should be paved with sufficient backfall toward the wheel-wash bay to prevent vehicle tracking of soil and silty water to public roads and drains.					
		Oil interceptors should be provided in the drainage system downstream of any					V

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
			Concern to	measures.		incusures:	
			Address				
		 oil/fuel pollution sources. The oil interceptors should be emptied and cleaned regularly to prevent the release of oil and grease into the storm water drainage system after accidental spillage. A bypass should be provided for the oil interceptors to prevent flushing during heavy rain. Construction solid waste, debris and rubbish on site should be collected, handled and disposed of properly to avoid water quality impacts. All fuel tanks and storage areas should be provided with locks and sited on sealed areas, within bunds of a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank to prevent spilled fuel oils from reaching water sensitive receivers nearby. Adopt best management practices All the earth works involving should be conducted sequentially to limit the amount of construction runoff generated from exposed areas during the wet season (April to 					V V V
		September) as far as practicable.					
S6.9.1.2	W2	 Tunnelling Works and Underground Works Cut-&-cover tunneling work should be conducted sequentially to limit the amount of construction runoff generated from exposed areas during the wet season (April to September) as far as practicable. Uncontaminated discharge should pass through sedimentation tanks prior to off-site discharge The wastewater with a high concentration of SS should be treated (e.g. by sedimentation tanks with sufficient retention time) before discharge. Oil interceptors would also be required to remove the oil, lubricants and grease from the wastewater. 	water quality impact from	Contractor	All tunneling portion	Construction stage	v v
		Direct discharge of the bentonite slurry (as a result of D-wall and bored tunneling construction) is not allowed. It should be reconditioned and reused wherever practicable. Temporary storage locations (typically a properly closed warehouse) should be provided on site for any unused bentonite that needs to be transported away after all the related construction activities are completed. The requirements in ProPECC PN 1/94 should be adhered to in the handling and disposal of bentonite slurries.					V
S6.9.1.3	W3	Sewage Effluent ● Portable chemical toilets and sewage holding tanks are recommended for handling the construction sewage generated by the workforce. A licensed contractor should		Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	V

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
			effluent				
S6.9.1.5	W4	and be responsible for appropriate disposal and maintenance.	To minimize	Combination	Everyotics and	Canadaniatian	
30.9.1.5	VV4	Groundwater from Potential Contaminated Area: ■ No direct discharge of groundwater from contaminated areas should be adopted.		Contractor	Excavation areas	Construction	@
		 A discharge license under the WPCO through the Regional Office of EPD for 	groundwater quality impact		where contamination is	stage	V
		groundwater results indicated that the groundwater to be generated from the			found.		V
		excavation discharge should be applied. Prior to the excavation works within these			iodila.		
		potentially contaminated areas, the groundwater quality should be reviewed during					
		the process of discharge license application. The compliance to the Technical					
		Memorandum on Standards for Effluents Discharged into Drainage on Sewerage					
		Systems, Inland and Coastal Waters (TM-DSS) and the existence of prohibited					
		substance should be confirmed. If the review works would be contaminated, the					
		contaminated groundwater should be either properly treated in compliance with the					
		requirements of the TM-DSS or properly recharged into the ground.					
		If wastewater treatment is deployed, the wastewater treatment unit shall deploy					V
		suitable treatment process (e.g. oil interceptor / activated carbon) to reduce the					
		pollution level to an acceptable standard and remove any prohibited substances					
		(e.g. TPH) to undetectable range. All treated effluent from wastewater treatment					
		plant shall meet the requirements as stated in TM-DSS and should be discharged					
		into the foul sewers.					
		 If groundwater recharging wells are deployed, recharging wells should be installed 					V
		as appropriate for recharging the contaminated groundwater back into the ground.					
		The recharging wells should be selected at places where the groundwater quality					
		will not be affected by the recharge operation as indicated in the Section 2.3 of TM-					
		DSS. The baseline groundwater quality shall be determined prior to the selection of					
		the recharge wells, and submit a working plan (including the laboratory analytical					
		results showing the quality of groundwater at the proposed recharge location(s) as					
		well as the pollutant levels of groundwater to be recharged) to EPD for agreement.					
		Pollution levels of groundwater to be recharged shall not be higher than pollutant					
		levels of ambient groundwater at the recharge well. Prior to recharge, any prohibited					
1		substances such as TPH products should be removed as necessary by installing					
		the petrol interceptor.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
			Address				
S6.7.2.1	W5	 Temporary Reclamation During temporary reclamation, regular litter / rubbish clearance and avoidance of illegal discharges within the embayed marine water should be undertaken. During temporary reclamation, the perimeter silt curtain should be deployed. 	To minimize water quality impact from temporary reclamation	Contractor	Temporary Reclamation	Construction stage	V @
\$6.9.1.6	W6	 Accidental spillage In order to prevent accidental spillage of chemicals, the following is recommended: All the tanks, containers, storage area should be bunded and the locations should be locked as far as possible from the sensitive watercourse and stormwater drains. The Contractor should register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be generated. Storage of chemical waste arising from the construction activities should be stored with suitable labels and warnings. Disposal of chemical wastes should be conducted in compliance with the requirements as stated in the Waste disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. 	To minimize water quality impact from accidental spillage	Contractor	All construction sites where practicable	Construction stage	V V
S6.9.2.2	W7	 Dredging Works The following good practice shall apply for the dredging works: Install efficient silt curtains, i.e. at least 75% SS reduction, at the point of seawall dredging to control the dispersion of SS; Implement water quality monitoring to ensure effective control of water pollution and recommend additional mitigation measures required; The decent speed of grabs should be controlled to minimize the seabed impact and to reduce the volume of over-dredging; All vessels should be sized so that adequate clearance is maintained between vessels and the seabed in all tide conditions, to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash; The dredging rates by closed grab dredgers for temporary marine channel outside pipepile wall shall be less than 1,500 m³/day and 125 m³/hour (without concurrent dredging with T2 in dry season only) or 750 m³/day and 62.5 m³/hour for other 		Contractor	Kai Tak Barging Point during dredging works	Dredging period	N/A N/A N/A N/A

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
		 conditions respectively. Dredging works shall be only for the provision marine channel. No dredging work is required for temporary reclamation; and The workfront of temporary reclamation shall be surrounded by cofferdams and the associated excavation and backfilling works for temporary reclamation shall have no contact with seawater. 					N/A N/A
S6.9.2.2	W8	 In dry season, the dredging rate shall be less than 1500m³/day if no concurrent projects. 	sediment suspension during dredging if the District Cooling System for Kai Tak Development would be operated in the same period	Contractor	Kai Tak Barging Point during dredging works	Dredging period	N/A V V V N/A
\$6.9.2	W9	Barges or hoppers should not be filled to a level that will cause overflow of materials	disturbance during dredged sediment handling/barging operation	Contractor	All land- based site and proposed Kwai Chung barging point	Construction stage	N/A V V

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the	When to	Implementation
	Log Ref		Recommended	implement the	measure	implement the	Status
			Measures & Main	measures?		measures?	
			Concern to				
			Address				
		Mitigation measures for land-based activities as outlined above should be applied					N/A
		to minimise water quality impacts from site runoff and open stockpile spoils at the					
		proposed barging facilities where appropriate.					
S6.9	W10	Implement a marine water quality monitoring programme	Monitor marine	Contractor	At identified	Prior to and	N/A
			water quality prior		monitoring	during dredging	
			to and during		location	period	
			dredging period				

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
Waste Man	agement (C	onstruction Waste)					
S7.4.1	WM1	 On-site sorting of C&D material ■ Geological assessment should be carried out by competent persons on site during excavation to identify materials which are not suitable to use as aggregate in structural concrete (e.g. volcanic rock, Aplite dyke rock, etc). Volcanic rock and Aplite dyke rock should be separated at the source sites as far as practicable and stored at designated stockpile areas preventing them from delivering to crushing facilities. The crushing plant operator should also be reminded to set up measures to prevent unsuitable rock from ended up at concrete batching plants and be turned into concrete for structural use. Details regarding control measures at source site and crushing facilities should be submitted by the Contractors for the Engineer to review and agree. In addition, site records should also be kept for the types of rock materials excavated and the traceability of delivery will be ensured with the implementation of Trip Ticket System and enforced by site supervisory staff as stipulated under DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010 for tracking of the correct delivery to the 	concrete batching plants and be turned into concrete for structural use	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	V
S7.5.1	WM2	rock crushing facilities for processing into aggregates. Alternative disposal option for the reuse of volcanic rock and Aplite Dyke rock, etc should also be explored. Construction and Demolition Material		Contractor	All	Construction	
	. -	 Maintain temporary stockpiles and reuse excavated fill material for backfilling and reinstatement; Carry out on-site sorting; 			construction sites	stage	V @
		 Make provisions in the Contract documents to allow and promote the use of recycled aggregates where appropriate; 					V
		 Adopt 'Selective Demolition' technique to demolish the existing structures and facilities with a view to recovering broken concrete effectively for recycling purpose, where possible; 					V
		Implement a trip-ticket system for each works contract to ensure that the disposal of C&D materials are properly documented and verified; and					V
		 Implement an enhanced Waste Management Plan similar to ETWBTC (Works) No. 19/2005 – "Environmental Management on Construction Sites" to encourage on-site sorting of C&D materials and to minimize their generation during the course of construction. 					V
S7.5.1		C&D Waste ■ Standard formwork or pre-fabrication should be used as far as practicable in order to	Good site practice to minimize the waste	Contractor	All construction	Construction stage	V

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementation
	Log Ref		Recommended	implement	the measure	implement the	Status
			Measures & Main	the		measures?	
			Concern to Address	measures?			
		minimise the arising of C&D materials. The use of more durable formwork or plastic facing	generation and recycle		sites		
		for the construction works should be considered. Use of wooden hoardings should not be	the C&D materials as far				
		used, as in other projects. Metal hoarding should be used to enhance the possibility of	as practicable so as to				
		recycling. The purchasing of construction materials will be carefully planned in order to	reduce the amount for				
		avoid over ordering and wastage.	final disposal				
		The Contractor should recycle as much of the C&D materials as possible on-site. Public					V
		fill and C&D waste should be segregated and stored in different containers or skips to					
		enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal. Where practicable,					
		concrete and masonry can be crushed and used as fill. Steel reinforcement bar can be					
		used by scrap steel mills. Different areas of the sites should be considered for such					
		segregation and storage.					
S7.5.1	WM5	<u>Land-based and Marine-based Sediment</u>	To control pollution due	Contractor	Along CKR	Construction	N/A
		All construction plant and equipment shall be designed and maintained to minimize the	to marine sediment		alignment	Stage	
		risk of silt, sediments, contaminants or other pollutants being released into the water					
		column or deposited in the locations other than designated location;					
		All vessels shall be sized such that adequate draft is maintained between vessels and the					
		sea bed at all states of the tide to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by					
		turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash;					
		Before moving the vessels which are used for transporting dredged material, excess					
		material shall be cleaned from the decks and exposed fittings of vessels and the excess					
		materials shall never be dumped into the sea except at the approved locations;					
		Adequate freeboard shall be maintained on barges to ensure that decks are not washed					
		by wave action.					
		The Contractors shall monitor all vessels transporting material to ensure that no dumping					
		outside the approved location takes place. The Contractor shall keep and produce logs					
		and other records to demonstrate compliance and that journeys are consistent with					
		designated locations and copies of such records shall be submitted to the engineers;					
		The Contractors shall comply with the conditions in the dumping licence.					
		All bottom dumping vessels (Hopper barges) shall be fitted with tight fittings seals to their					
		bottom openings to prevent leakage of material;					
		The material shall be placed into the disposal pit by bottom dumping;					
		• Contaminated marine mud shall be transported by spit barge of not less than 750m ³					
		capacity and capable of rapid opening and discharge at the disposal site;					

EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
	 hopper shall remain closed until the barge returns to the disposal site. For Type 3 special disposal treatment, sealing of contaminant with geosynthetic containment before dropping into designated mud pit would be a possible arrangement. A geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containers and, the containers would be dropped into the designated contaminated mud pit where they would be covered by further mud disposal and later by the mud pit capping at the disposal site, thereby fulfilling the requirements for fully confined 					
WM6	 Chemical Waste Chemical Waste that is produced, as defined by Schedule 1 of the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, should be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Containers used for the storage of chemical wastes should be suitable for the substance they are holding, resistant to corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely closed; have a capacity of less than 450 liters unless the specification has been approved by the EPD; and display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions 	proper storage, handling and disposal.	Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	V
	 The storage area for chemical wastes should be clearly labelled and used solely for the storage of chemical waste; enclosed on at least 3 sides; have an impermeable floor and bunding of sufficient capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20 % of the total volume of waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest; have adequate ventilation; covered to prevent rainfall entering; and arranged so that incompatible materials are adequately separated. Disposal of chemical waste should be via a licensed waste collector; be to a facility licensed to receive chemical waste, such as the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre which 					V
	Log Ref	Discharge shall be undertaken rapidly and the hoppers shall be closed immediately. Material adhering to the sides of the hopper shall not be washed out of the hopper and the hopper shall remain closed until the barge returns to the disposal site. For Type 3 special disposal treatment, sealing of contaminant with geosynthetic containment before dropping into designated mud pit would be a possible arrangement. A geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containers and, the containers would be dropped into the designated contaminated mud pit where they would be covered by further mud disposal and later by the mud pit capping at the disposal site, thereby fulfilling the requirements for fully confined mud disposal. WM6 Chemical Waste Chemical Waste (General) Regulation, should be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Containers used for the storage of chemical wastes should be suitable for the substance they are holding, resistant to corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely closed; have a capacity of less than 450 liters unless the specification has been approved by the EPD; and display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the regulation. The storage area for chemical wastes should be clearly labelled and used solely for the storage of chemical waste; enclosed on at least 3 sides; have an impermeable floor and bunding of sufficient capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20 % of the total volume of waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest; have adequate ventilation; covered to prevent rainfall entering; and arranged so that incompatible materials are adequately separated. Disposal of chemical waste should be via a licensed waste collector; be to a facility licensed to receive chemical waste, such as the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre which	Pischarge shall be undertaken rapidly and the hoppers shall be closed immediately. Material adhering to the sides of the hopper shall not be washed out of the hopper and the hopper shall remain closed until the barge returns to the disposal site. For Type 3 special disposal treatment, sealing of contaminant with geosynthetic containment before dropping into designated mud pit would be a possible arrangement. A geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containers and, the containers would be dropped into the designated contaminated mud pit where they would be covered by further mud disposal and later by the mud pit capping at the disposal site, thereby fulfilling the requirements for fully confined mud disposal. WM66 Chemical Waste Chemical Waste (General) Regulation, should be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Containers used for the storage of chemical wastes should be suitable for the substance they are holding, resistant to corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely closed; have a capacity of less than 450 liters unless the specification has been approved by the EPD; and display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the regulation. The storage area for chemical wastes should be clearly labelled and used solely for the storage of chemical waste; enclosed on at least 3 sides; have an impermeable floor and bunding of sufficient capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20 % of the total volume of waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest; have adequate ventilation; covered to prevent rainfall entering; and arranged so that incompatible materials are adequately separated. Disposal of chemical waste should be via a licensed waste collector; be to a facility licensed to receive chemical waste, such as the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre which also offers a chemical waste sollectio	Discharge shall be undertaken rapidly and the hoppers shall be closed immediately. Material adhering to the sides of the hopper shall not be washed out of the hopper and the hopper shall remain closed until the barge returns to the disposal site. For Type 3 special disposal treatment, sealing of contaminant with geosynthetic containment before dropping into designated mud pit would be a possible arrangement. A geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment and, the containers would be dropped into the designated contaminated mud pit where they would be covered by further mud disposal and later by the mud pit capping at the disposal site, thereby fulfilling the requirements for fully confined mud disposal. WM66 Chemical Waste Control the chemical waste and ensure (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation, should be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Containers used for the storage of chemical wastes should be suitable for the substance they are holding, resistant to corrosion, maintained in a good condition, and securely closed; have a capacity of less than 450 liters unless the specification has been approved by the EPD; and display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the regulation.	Discharge shall be undertaken rapidly and the hoppers shall be closed immediately. Material adhering to the sides of the hopper shall not be washed out of the hopper and the hopper shall renain closed until the barge returns to the disposal site. For Type 3 special disposal treatment, sealing of contaminant with geosynthetic containment before dropping into designated mud pit would be a possible arrangement. A geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containments method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containments and, the containers would be dropped into the designated contaminated mud pit capping at the disposal site, thereby fulfilling the requirements for fully confined mud disposal. WM6 Chemical Waste Chemical Waste (General) Regulation, should be handled in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Control the chemical waste and ensure proper storage, handling and disposal. Contractor All construction of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes in a good condition, and securely closed, have a capacity of less than 450 liters unless the specification has been approved by the EPD; and display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the regulation. The storage of chemical waste; enclosed on at least 3 sides; have an impermeable floor and bunding of sufficient capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20 % of the total volume of waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest; have adequate venitation; covered to prevent rainfall entering; and	Discharge shall be undertaken rapidly and the hoppers shall be closed immediately. Material adhering to the sides of the hopper shall not be washed out of the hopper and the hopper shall make in the barge returns to the disposal site. For Type 3 special disposal treatment, sealing of contaminant with geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method by the method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containment method by the method with the mud pit would be covered by further mud disposal and later by the mud pit capping at the disposal site, thereby fulfilling the requirements for fully confined mud disposal. WM6 Chemical Waste General Regulation, should be handled in accordance with the Code proper storage, handling and disposal.

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementation
	Log Ref		Recommended	implement	the measure	implement the	Status
			Measures & Main	the		measures?	
			Concern to Address	measures?			
S7.5.1	WM7	General Refuse	Minimize production of the	Contractor	All	Construction	
		General refuse generated on-site should be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units	general refuse and avoid		construction	stage	@
		separately from construction and chemical wastes.	odour, pest and litter		sites		
		A reputable waste collector should be employed by the Contractor to remove general	impacts				V
		refuse from the site, separately from construction and chemical wastes, on a daily basis					
		to minimize odour, pest and litter impacts. Burning of refuse on construction sites is					
		prohibited by law.					
		Aluminium cans are often recovered from the waste stream by individual collectors if they					V
		are segregated and made easily accessible. Separate labelled bins for their deposit should					
		be provided if feasible.					
		Office wastes can be reduced through the recycling of paper if volumes are large enough					V
		to warrant collection. Participation in a local collection scheme should be considered by					
		the Contractor.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of the		Implementation
	Log Ref		Recommended	implement the	measure	implement the	Status
			Measures & Main	measures?		measures?	
			Concern to Address				
Land Conta	mination						
S8.10,	LC1	Land contamination investigation works (including field works and laboratory testing at the	Minimize the	Contractor	EBH1, EBH2	Commencement	
S8.12 &		Kowloon City Ferry Pier Public Transport Interchange (KCFP-PTI) and the To Kwa Wan	potentially adverse		and EBH3	of construction	
Appendi		Vehicle Examination Centre (TKW-VEC) were carried out from 14 April 2018 to 2 January	environmental			works at the	
x 8.4		2019. In order to minimise the potentially adverse environmental impacts arising from the	impacts arising from			Kowloon City	
		handling of potentially contaminated materials, the following environmental mitigation	the handling			Ferry Pier Public	
		measures are proposed during the course of soil excavation, stockpiling and backfilling works:	of potentially			Transport	
		Excavation profiles must be properly designed and executed.	contaminated			Interchange (PTI)	V
		Stockpiling site(s) shall be lined with impermeable sheeting and bunded. Stockpiles shall	materials			(for EBH1 &	V
		be fully covered by impermeable sheeting to reduce dust emission.				EBH2) and the	
		• Excavation and stockpiling should be carried out during dry season as far as possible to				works area	V
		minimise potentially contaminated runoffs from the Concerned Soil.				adjacent to the	
		The truck transferring Concerned Soil shall be covered entirely by impervious sheeting to				To Kwa Wan	V
		ensure that the dusty materials do not leak from the truck.				Vehicle	
		• Temporary fencing or warning ribbons will be provided to the boundary of excavation,				Examination	V
		slope crest and temporarily stockpiled areas. Where necessary, the exposed areas should				Centre (for	
		be temporarily covered with impermeable sheeting during heavy rainstorm.				EBH3)	

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref		Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
Landscape S10.10.1	& Visuai LV3	•	Cood Site Management	Minimize visual impact	Contractor	Within	Construction	V
Table	LV3		Good Site Management Large temporary stockpiles of excavated material shall be covered with unobtrusive	•	Contractor	Project Site	Phase	V
10.11			sheeting to prevent dust and dirt spreading to adjacent landscape areas and vegetation,			i rojost ono	1 11400	
			and to create a neat and tidy visual appearance.					
			Construction plant and building material shall be orderly and carefully stored in order to					
			create a neat and tidy visual appearance.					
S10.10.1	LV4	•	Screen Hoarding	Minimize visual impact	Contractor	Within	Construction	V
Table			Decorative screen hoarding should be erected to screen the public from the construction			Project Site	Phase	
10.11			area. It should be designed to be compatible with the existing urban context.					
S10.10.1	LV5	•	<u>Lighting Control during Construction</u>	Minimize visual impact	Contractor	Within	Construction	V
Table			All lighting in the construction site shall be carefully controlled to minimize light pollution			Project Site	Phase	
10.11			and night-time glare to nearby residencies and GIC. The contractor shall consider other					
			security measures, which shall minimize the visual impacts.					
S10.10.1	LV6	•	Erosion Control	Minimize landscape	Contractor	Within	Construction	V
Table			The potential for soil erosion shall be reduced by minimizing the extent of vegetation	impact		Project Site	Phase	
10.11			disturbance on site and by providing a protective cover over newly exposed soil.		_			
S10.10.1	LV7	•	Tree Protection & Preservation	Minimize landscape	Contractor	Within	Design and	V
Table			Carefully protected during construction. Tree protection measures will be detailed at the	· ·		Project Site	Construction	
10.11			Tree Removal Application stage and plans submitted to the relevant Government				Phase	
C10 10 1	LV9	•	Department for approval in due course in accordance with ETWB TC no. 3/2006.	Minimiza landagana	Contractor	Within	Construction	N/A
S10.10.1 Table	LV9	•	Compensatory Planting For trees unavoidably affected by the Project that have to be removed, where practical	Minimize landscape	Contractor	Project Site	Phase	IN/A
10.11			transplantation will be chosen as the top priority method of removal but if this is not	-		and	Filase	
10.11			possible or practical compensatory planting will be provided for trees unavoidably felled.			designated		
			All felled trees shall be compensated for by planting trees to the satisfaction of relevant			off-site		
			Government departments. Required numbers and locations of compensatory trees shall			locations		
			be determined and agreed separately with Government during the Tree Felling Application					
			process under ETWBTC 3/2006.					
			Compensatory tree planting may be incorporated into public open spaces and along					
			roadside amenity areas affected by the construction works and therefore be part of the					
			bigger wider planting plans. Onsite compensation planting is preferred but if necessary,					

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EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
		additional receptor sites outside the Works Area shall be agreed separately with Government during the Tree Felling Application process.					
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV10	 Screen Planting Tall screen/buffer trees, shrubs and climbers should be planted, in so far as is possible, to soften and screen proposed structures such as roads and central strip, vertical edges and buildings and to enhance streetscape greening effect where appropriate. Indiscriminate use of trees for screening must be avoided and the principle of 'right tree for the right place' must be followed. This detail will be provided at the Detailed Design stage. This measure may additionally form part of the compensatory planting and will improve and create a pleasant pedestrian environment. 	landscape.	Contractor	Within Project Site	Construction Phase	N/A
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV11	 Green Roof Roof greening will be established on ventilation and administration buildings to reduce exposure to untreated concrete surfaces and particularly mitigate visual impact to VSRs at high levels. 	· ·	Contractor	Within Project Site	Construction Phase	N/A
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV12	Reinstatement All works areas, excavated areas and disturbed areas for tunnel construction and temporary road diversion or any other proposed works shall be reinstated to former conditions or better, with reasonable landscape treatment and to the satisfaction of the relevant Government departments. (Specific mitigation for disturbance to public open space is detailed separately under LV14)	·	Contractor	Within Project Site	Construction Phase	N/A
S10.10.1 Table 10.11	LV14	 Landscape enhancement Implement a comprehensive landscape plan to maximize the greening opportunity and create a unique landscape for the project to blend in with the surrounding, including in reprovisioned areas. In particular: landscape enhancement of re-provisioned Public Transport Interchange; landscape deck on tunnel portals; viaduct planters for trailer planting; vertical greening of piers and walls with climbers or trailer planting; roadside planting i.e. planting along central dividers and on road islands e.g. in the middle of roundabouts. (Roadside planting i.e. at the road edge and not in the central divider or road island, and vertical greening may be considered part of Screen Planting). Purpose-built maintenance access without temporary traffic arrangement must be 		Contractor	Along tunnel alignment	Construction phase	N/A

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EIA Ref.	EM&A	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the	Who to	Location of	When to	Implementation
	Log Ref		Recommended	implement the	the measure	implement the	Status
			Measures & Main	measures?		measures?	
			Concern to Address				
		provided and detailed design of landscape decks and planting, including details of					
		maintenance access locations, will be sent to maintenance and management parties for					
		endorsement and ensures these mitigation measures are feasible.					

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
S11.4.4	ritage Impac CH1	The contractor should be alerted during the construction on the possibility of locating archaeological remains and as a precautionary measure, AMO shall be informed immediately in case of discovery of antiquities or supposed antiquities in the subject sites.	heritage items which may	Contractor	During construction works for cut and cover tunnels	During the construction phase	N/A
S11.6 para 3	CH2	 The dredging contractor should be alerted during the construction on the possibility of locating archaeological remains, such as cannon and AMO shall be informed immediately in case of discovery of antiquities or supposed antiquities in the subject areas. 	heritage items which may	Contractor	During construction of underwater tunnel (north of To Kwa Wan Typhoon Shelter)	During the construction phase	N/A
S12.6.1, Table 12.2	CH8	 A monitoring system for settlement, vibration and tilting will be determined and implemented pending determination of the future grading. A monitoring proposal will be submitted to AMO before commencement of work if a historic building grade is accorded. 	from damage from	Contractor	Kowloon City Ferry Pier (CKR-13)	During the construction phase	N/A
S12.6.1, Table 12.2	CH9	 No mitigation is required at present. If the public pier is granted Grade 1, Grade 2 or Grade 3 status, the mitigation will be revised to adhere to the requirements for protective measures for Graded Historic Buildings 		Contractor	Ma Tau Kok Public Pier (CKR-16)	During the construction phase	N/A
S12.6.1, Table 12.2	CH10	 A monitoring system for settlement, vibration and tilting will be determined and implemented pending determination of the future grading. A monitoring proposal will be submitted to AMO before commencement of work if a historic building grade is accorded. 	from damage from	Contractor	The Kowloon City Vehicular Ferry Pier (CKR-17)	During the construction phase	N/A

EIA Ref.	EM&A Log Ref	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
EM&A Pro	l ject		Concern to Address	measures?			
S13.2	EM1	An Independent Environmental Checker needs to be employed as per the EM&A Manual.	Control EM&A Performance	Highways Department	All construction sites	Construction stage	V
S13.2 -13.4	EM2	An Environmental Team needs to be employed as per the EM&A Manual. Prepare a systematic Environmental Management Plan to ensure effective implementation of the mitigation measures.	Perform environmental monitoring & auditing	Highways Department / Contractor	All construction sites	Construction stage	V
		3) An environmental impact monitoring needs to be implementing by the Environmental Team to ensure all the requirements given in the EM&A Manual are fully complied with.					V

Legends:

V = implemented;

X = not implemented;

@ = partially implemented;

N/A = not applicable

APPENDIX D

Summary of Action and Limit Levels

Appendix D - Summary of Action and Limit Levels

Table 1 Action and Limit Levels for 24-hour TSP

ID	Location	Action Level	Limit Level
E-A14a	Block B of Merit Industrial Centre	197.3 μg/m³	260 μg/m³

Table 2 Action and Limit Levels for 1-hour TSP

ID	Location	Action Level	Limit Level
E-A14a	Block B of Merit Industrial Centre	302.4 μg/m³	500 μg/m³

Table 3 Action and Limit Levels for Construction Noise (0700 – 1900 hrs of normal weekdays)

ID	Location	Action Level	Limit Level
E-N12a	19 Hing Yan Street	When one documented complaint is received	75 dB(A)
E-N21a	Block B of Merit Industrial Centre	When one documented complaint is received	75 dB(A)

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Table 4 Derived Action and Limit Levels for Water Quality

Parameters	Action Level	Limit Level
Dissolved Oxygen (DO) in mg/L ⁽¹⁾	Surface & Middle: 4.03 (5th percentile of baseline data for surface and middle layer) Bottom: 3.94 (5th percentile of baseline data for bottom layer)	Surface & Middle: 3.88 (1st percentile of baseline data for surface and middle layer) Bottom: 2.00
Suspended Solids (SS) in mg/L ⁽²⁾	13.80 (95th percentile of baseline data) or 120% of upstream control station's SS at the same tide of the same day	18.70 (99th percentile of baseline data) or 130% of upstream control station's SS at the same tide of the same day
Turbidity in NTU ⁽²⁾	7.00 (95th percentile of baseline data) or 120% of upstream control station's Turbidity at the same tide of the same day	8.40 (99th percentile of baseline data or 130% of upstream control station's Turbidity at the same tide of the same day
Copper in μg/L ⁽²⁾	2.00 (95th percentile of baseline data) or 120% of upstream control station's nutrient level at the same tide of the same day	3.00 (99th percentile of baseline data) or 130% of upstream control station's nutrient level at the same tide of the same day or whichever is the less
Total PAH in μg/L ⁽²⁾	1.60 (95th percentile of baseline data) or 120% of upstream control station's nutrient level at the same tide of the same day	1.60 (99th percentile of baseline data) or 130% of upstream control station's nutrient level at the same tide of the same day or whichever is the less

Note: 1. For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limits.

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^{2.} For turbidity, SS, Copper and Total PAH, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is higher than the limits.

APPENDIX E

Calibration Certificates of Equipments





RECALIBRATION **DUE DATE:**

January 16, 2024

ertificate d

Calibration Certification Information

Cal. Date: January 16, 2023 Rootsmeter S/N: 438320

Ta: 293 Pa: 748.8 °K

Operator: Jim Tisch

Calibration Model #:

TE-5025A

Calibrator S/N: 0843

mm Hg

Run	Vol. Init (m3)	Vol. Final (m3)	ΔVol. (m3)	ΔTime (min)	ΔP (mm Hg)	ΔH (in H2O)
1	1	2	1	1.3860	3.2	2.00
2	3	4	1	0.9840	6.4	4.00
3	5	6	1	0.8780	8.0	5.00
4	7	8	1	0.8430	8.8	5.50
5	9	10	1	0.6950	12.7	8.00

Data Tabulation						
Vstd	Qstd	$\sqrt{\Delta H \left(\frac{Pa}{Pstd}\right) \left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta}\right)}$		Qa	√∆H(Ta/Pa)	
(m3)	(x-axis)	(y-axis)	Va	(x-axis)	(y-axis)	
0.9978	0.7199	1.4157	0.9957	0.7184	0.8846	
0.9935	1.0097	2.0021	0.9915	1.0076	1.2511	
0.9914	1.1291	2.2384	0.9893	1.1268	1.3987	
0.9903	1.1747	2.3476	0.9882	1.1723	1.4670	
0.9851	1.4174	2.8313	0.9830	1.4144	1.7693	
	m=	m= 2.03196		m=	1.27238	
QSTD[b= -0.04813		QA	b=	-0.03007	
	r=	0.99993		r=	0.99993	

	Calculation	IS		
Vstd=	ΔVol((Pa-ΔP)/Pstd)(Tstd/Ta)	Va=	ΔVol((Pa-ΔP)/Pa)	
Qstd=	Vstd/∆Time	Qa= Va/ΔTime		
	For subsequent flow rat	e calculation	s:	
Qstd=	$1/m\left(\left(\sqrt{\Delta H\left(\frac{Pa}{Pstd}\right)\left(\frac{Tstd}{Ta}\right)}\right)-b\right)$	Qa=	$1/m\left(\left(\sqrt{\Delta H\left(Ta/Pa\right)}\right)-b\right)$	

	Standard Conditions
Tstd:	298.15 °K
Pstd:	760 mm Hg
	Key
ΔH: calibrator	manometer reading (in H2O)
ΔP: rootsmete	er manometer reading (mm Hg)
Ta: actual abs	olute temperature (°K)
Pa: actual bar	ometric pressure (mm Hg)
b: intercept	
m: slope	

RECALIBRATION

US EPA recommends annual recalibration per 1998 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 50 to 51, Appendix B to Part 50, Reference Method for the Determination of Suspended Particulate Matter in the Atmosphere, 9.2.17, page 30

Tisch Environmental, Inc. 145 South Miami Avenue Village of Cleves, OH 45002

www.tisch-env.com

TOLL FREE: (877)263-7610

FAX: (513)467-9009

AECOM Asia Company Limited Tisch TSP Mass Flow Controlled High Volume Air Sampler Field Calibration Report

Operator:

Choi Wing Ho

Block B, Merit Industrial Centre (E-A14a)

Station

Cal. Date:	3/1/2024	Next Due D			3/3/2024		
Model No.:	TE-5170	Serial No. 10380					
Equipment No.:	A-001-15T			•			-
			Ambient	Condition			
Temperatur	e, Ta (K)	294.0	Pressure,	Pa (mmHg)		775.2	
				andard Information			
Serial		843	Slope, mc	2.03	3196	Intercept, bc	-0.04813
Last Calibra		16-Jan-23		mc x Qstd + bc	: = [H x (Pa/760) x ([298/Ta)] ^{1/2}	
Next Calibra	tion Date:	16-Jan-24					
			Onlib wati awara	TOD Committee			
	<u> </u>		Orfice	TSP Sampler	LIV	S Flow Recorder	
		 	Jilice	1	П	5 Flow Recorder	
Resistance Plate No.	DH (orifice), in. of water	[DH x (Pa/760) x (298/Ta)] ^{1/2}		Qstd (m³/min) X - axis	Flow Recorder Reading (CFM)	Continuous Flow Reading IC (CF	
18	6.9	2.67		1.34	45.0	45.76	 }
13	5.9	2.47		1.24	40.0	40.67	
10	5.0		2.27		36.0	36.60)
7	4.0		2.03		30.0	30.50)
5	2.9		1.73	0.88	25.0	25.42	
By Linear Regress	sion of V on Y						
Slope , mw =	44.3755			Intercept, bw =	-14.0	1800	
Siope , iliw – Correlation Coeffi				intercept, bw -	-14.0	0090	-
*If Correlation Coef	_			_			
ii Correlation Coel	11016111 × 0.330, G1	ieck and recailbr	ate.				
			Set Point (Calculation			
From the TSP Field	I Calibration Curve	e, take Qstd = 1.					
From the Regression							
3	4,		3				
		mw :	x Qstd + bw = IC x	[(Pa/760) x (298/Ta	a)] ^{1/2}		
				410			
Therefore, Set Poir	nt; IC = (mw x Qst	td + bw) x [(760	/ Pa) x (Ta / 298)]¹/2=		42.88	-
Remarks:							
rveillains.							
00 Davis	MO OLIANI		Ciamat	2	5.1	2/4/0004	
QC Reviewer:	WS CHAN		Signature:		Date:	3/1/2024	

Station	Plack P. Marit Industrial Contro	\ E A14a\
Station	Block B, Merit Industrial Centre) (E-A 14a)

Cal. Date: <u>3-Jan-24</u>

Next Due Date: 3-Mar-24

Set Point (IC) <u>42.88</u>

IC (CFM)	Qstd (m³/min)
24	0.858
25	0.881
26	0.903
27	0.926
28	0.948
29	0.971
30	0.994
31	1.016
32	1.039
33	1.061
34	1.084
35	1.106
36	1.129
37	1.151
38	1.174
39	1.196
40	1.219
41	1.241
40	1 064
42	1.264
43	1.286
44	1.309
45	1.332
46	1.354
47	1.377
48	1.399
49	1.422
50	1.444
51	1.467
52	1.489
53	1.512
54	1.534
55	1.557
56	1.579
57	1.602
58	1.625
59	1.647
60	1.670
61	1.692
62	1.715
63	1.737
64	1.760
65	1.782

Type:			Laser Dus					
	urer/Brand:		SIBATA		•			
Model No.	.:		LD-3B		•			
Equipmen	t No.:		A.005.16a					
Sensitivity	Adjustment Scal	le Setting:	521 CPM	521 CPM				
Operator:			WS CHAN	-				
Standard E	quimment							
	•							
Equipmen	t:		High Volu				_	
Venue:			Ma Wan (Chung Vill	age		_	
Model No.			TE-5170				_	
Serial No.:			3383				-	
Last Calibr	ation Date:		4-Aug-23					
Calibration	n Result							
Sensitivity	Adjustment Scal	le Setting (Befor	re Calibrati	on):		521	СРМ	
Sensitivity	Adjustment Scal	le Setting (After	Calibration	n):		521	CPM	
	Date:	There	A h : t	C	Concentration (1)	Total Count 2	Count/	
Hour	Date	Time	Ambient (_	Total Count(2)	Count/ Minute③	
	(dd/mm/yy)		Temp (°C)	R.H.(%)	(mg/m3) Y-axis		X-axis	
1	15/08/23	9:00-10:00	32.0	80	0.038	1569	26.15	
2	15/08/23	11:30-12:30	32.0	80	0.035	1335	22.25	
3	15/08/23	13:50-14:50	32.0	80	0.041	1744	29.07	
Note:	1 Monitoring	data was measu	red by Hig	h Volume	Sampler	-		
	2 Total Count	was logged by L	aser Dust I	Monitor				
	③ Count/minu	te was calculate	ed by (Total	Count/60	0)			
By Linear I	Regression of Y o		0.0015					
	Slope (K-factor): Correlation coef		0.0015		•			
	Correlation coel	incient.	0.9981					
Validity of	Calibration Reco	ord:	15-Au					
Remarks:								
1								
					0/			
QC	Reviewer:	Y.W. Fung	_ s	ignature:		Date:	15-Aug-23	

Laser Dust Monitor Calibration

Type: Laser Dust Monitor

Manufacturer/Brand: SIBATA

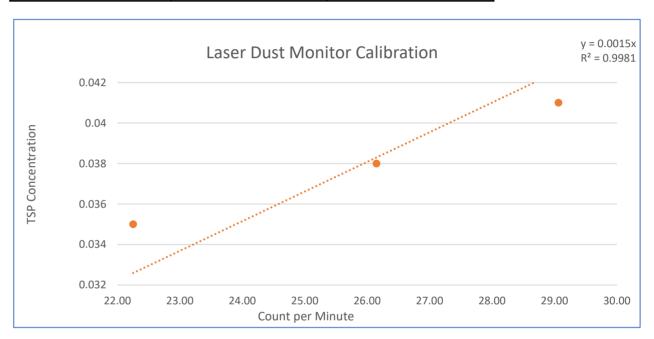
Model No.: LD-3B

Equipment No.: A.005.16a

Sensitivity Adjustment

Scale Setting: 521 CPM

Hour	Count/Minute	Concentration (mg/m3)
	X-axis	Y-axis
1	26.15	0.038
2	22.25	0.035
3	29.07	0.041



Type: Laser Dust Monitor				_				
Manufactu	ırer/Brand:		SIBATA					
Model No.	:		LD-3				•	
Equipment	t No.:		A.005.07a	3			_	
	Adjustment Sca	le Setting:	557CPM				•	
,	•	J					•	
Operator:			WS CHAN				-	
Standard E	Equimment							
Fauinmon	. .		High Valu	ma Camal	lor			
Equipment	Li.			me Sampl			-	
Venue:			-	Chung Villa	age		-	
Model No.			TE-5170				-	
Serial No.:			3383				-	
Last Calibr	ation Date:		4-Aug-23				-	
Calibration	n Result							
Sensitivity	Adjustment Sca	le Setting (Befor	e Calibrati	on):		557	CPM	
Sensitivity	Adjustment Sca	le Setting (After	Calibratio	n):		557CPM		
Hour	Date	Time	Ambient	Condition	Concentration ①	Total Count 2	Count/	
	(dd/mm/yy)		Temp (°C)	R.H.(%)	(mg/m3)		Minute ③	
					Y-axis		X-axis	
1	15/08/23	9:00-10:00	32.0	80	0.038	1542	25.70	
2	15/08/23	11:30-12:30	32.0	80	0.035	1355	22.58	
3	15/08/23	13:50-14:50	32.0	80	0.041	1792	29.87	
Note:	_ · ·	data was measu						
	~	was logged by L			ошр.с.			
	Ξ	te was calculate			1)			
	3) County Illino	ite was calculate	tu by (Tota	i Count/oc))			
By Linear F	Regression of Y o	on X						
-,	Slope (K-factor)		0.0015					
	Correlation coef		0.9975		•			
	Correlation coe	illicient.	0.5575		•			
Validity of	Calibration Boso	ord:	15-Aug-24					
validity of	Calibration Reco	nu.		ug-24	•			
Domorka								
Remarks:								
					IA			
					0//			
QC I	Reviewer:	Y.W. Fung	_	Signature:	/	Date:	15-Aug-23	

Laser Dust Monitor Calibration

Type: Laser Dust Monitor

Manufacturer/Brand: SIBATA

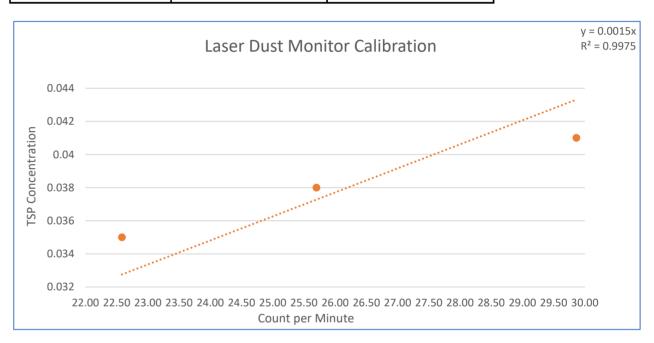
Model No.: LD-3

Equipment No.: A.005.07a

Sensitivity Adjustment

Scale Setting: 557 CPM

Hour	Count/Minute	Concentration (mg/m3)
	X-axis	Y-axis
1	25.70	0.0380
2	22.58	0.0350
3	29.87	0.0410



Type:	Type:			Laser Dust Monitor					
	urer/Brand:		SIBATA		•				
Model No.	.:		LD-3						
Equipmen	t No.:		A.005.09a		·				
Sensitivity	Adjustment Sca	le Setting:	797 CPM				ı		
Operator:			WS CHAN		-				
Ctandard F	Guimmont								
Standard	Equimment								
Equipmen	+•		High Volu	me Samn	ler				
Venue:	. .		Ma Wan (•		
Model No.	:		TE-5170	onang viii	<u> </u>		•		
Serial No.:			3383				•		
	ation Date:		4-Aug-23						
							,		
Calibration	n Result								
Sensitivity	Adjustment Scal	le Setting (Befor	re Calibrati	on):		797	СРМ		
Sensitivity	Adjustment Scal	le Setting (After	Calibratio	n):		797	СРМ		
Hour	Date	Time	Ambient	Condition	Concentration ①	Total Count 2	Count/		
	(dd/mm/yy)		Temp (°C)	R.H.(%)	(mg/m3)		Minute(3)		
					Y-axis		X-axis		
1	15/08/23	9:00-10:00	32.0	80	0.038	1580	26.33		
2	15/08/23	11:30-12:30	32.0	80	0.035	1360	22.67		
3	15/08/23	13:50-14:50	32.0	80	0.041	1752	29.20		
Note:	(1) Monitoring				Sampler				
	2 Total Count								
	③ Count/minu	te was calculate	ed by (Total	Count/60))				
Dulingari	Regression of Y o	un V							
Бу Шеаг г	Slope (K-factor)		0.0015						
	Correlation coef		0.9985		•				
	Correlation coel	incient.	0.3363		•				
Validity of	Calibration Reco	ord:	15-Au	ug-24					
Remarks:									
iterriarks.									
,									
,									
					9/				
QC I	Reviewer:	Y.W. Fung	_	ignature:		Date:	15-Aug-23		

Laser Dust Monitor Calibration

Type: Laser Dust Monitor

Manufacturer/Brand: SIBATA

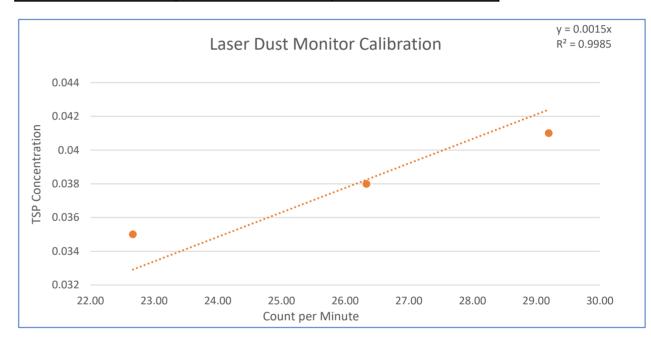
Model No.: LD-3

Equipment No.: A.005.09a

Sensitivity Adjustment

Scale Setting: 797 CPM

Hour	Count/Minute	Concentration (mg/m3)
	X-axis	Y-axis
1	26.33	0.0380
2	22.67	0.0350
3	29.20	0.0410



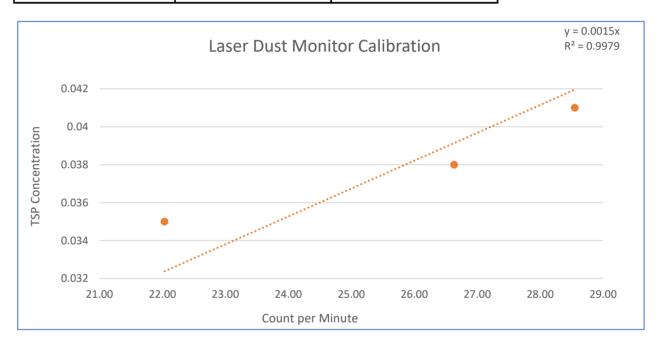
Type:			Laser Dust Monitor				_
Manufactu	urer/Brand:		SIBATA		_		
Model No.	.:		LD-3				-
Equipmen	t No.:		A.005.10a	3			-
Sensitivity	Adjustment Sca	le Setting:	753 CPM				-
Operator:		WS CHAN					-
operator. ws chair						-	
Standard E	quimment						
Equipmen	t:		High Volu	me Sampl	ler		_
Venue:			Ma Wan		_		
Model No.	.:		TE-5170				_
Serial No.:			3383				_
Last Calibr	ation Date:		4-Aug-23				_
							_
Calibration	n Result						
•	Adjustment Sca			-		753	_CPM
Sensitivity	Adjustment Sca	le Setting (After	Calibratio	n):		753	_CPM
							1
Hour	Date	Time	Ambient	Condition	Concentration 1	Total Count 2	Count/
	(dd/mm/yy)		Temp (°C)	R.H.(%)	(mg/m3)		Minute(3)
					Y-axis		X-axis
1	15/08/23	9:00-10:00	32.0	80	0.0380	1598	26.63
2	15/08/23	11:30-12:30	32.0	80	0.0350	1322	22.03
3	15/08/23	13:50-14:50	32.0	80	0.0410	1713	28.55
Note:	1 Monitoring	data was measu	ired by Hig	h Volume	Sampler		
	2 Total Count	was logged by L	aser Dust I	Monitor			
	③ Count/minu	te was calculate	ed by (Tota	Count/60	0)		
By Linear F	Regression of Y c	n X					
	Slope (K-factor)	:	0.0015				
	Correlation coef	fficient:	0.9979				
Validity of	alidity of Calibration Record: 15-Aug-24						
Remarks:							
					10		
					0/		
QC I	Reviewer:	Y.W. Fung	_	Signature:	/	Date:	15-Aug-23

Laser Dust Monitor Calibration

Type: Laser Dust Monitor Manufacturer/Brand: SIBATA LD-3 Model No.: A.005.10a Equipment No.: Sensitivity Adjustment

753 CPM Scale Setting:

Hour	Count/Minute	Concentration (mg/m3)
	X-axis	Y-axis
1	26.63	0.0380
2	22.03	0.0350
3	28.55	0.0410



Prepare by: WS CHAN 15-Aug-23 Date

Type:	Laser Dust Monitor						
	urer/Brand:		SIBATA				-
Model No.	.:		LD-3				-
Equipmen	t No.:		A.005.11a	ì			-
Sensitivity	Adjustment Sca	le Setting:	Setting: 799 CPM				
Operator:	Operator: WS CHAN					-	
Standard E	Equimment						
	•						
Equipmen	t:		High Volu				-
Venue:			Ma Wan (Chung Vill	age		-
Model No.			TE-5170				-
Serial No.:			3383				-
Last Calibr	ation Date:		4-Aug-23				-
Calibration	n Result						
-	Adjustment Sca					799	CPM
Sensitivity	Adjustment Sca	le Setting (After	Calibration	ո)։		799	CPM
Hour	Date	Time	Ambient (Condition	Concentration 1	Total Count 2	Count/
lioui	(dd/mm/yy)	Time	Temp (°C)	R.H.(%)	(mg/m3)	Total count	Minute 3
	(uu/11111/yy)		Temp (c)	11.11.(70)	Y-axis		X-axis
1	15/08/23	9:00-10:00	32.0	80	0.038	1536	25.60
2	15/08/23	11:30-12:30	32.0	80	0.035	1321	22.02
3	15/08/23	13:50-14:50	32.0	80	0.041	1721	28.68
Note:	1 Monitoring	data was measu	red by Hig	h Volume	Sampler	-	-
	2 Total Count	was logged by L	aser Dust I	Monitor			
	③ Count/minu	te was calculate	ed by (Total	Count/60	0)		
Dulinon		V					
Бу Шеаг і	Regression of Y o Slope (K-factor)		0.0015				
	Correlation coef		0.9982				
			0.3302				
Validity of	Validity of Calibration Record: 15-Aug-24						
Remarks:							
·							
					14		
					1/		
QC	Reviewer:	Y.W. Fung	_ S	ignature:	//	Date:	15-Aug-23

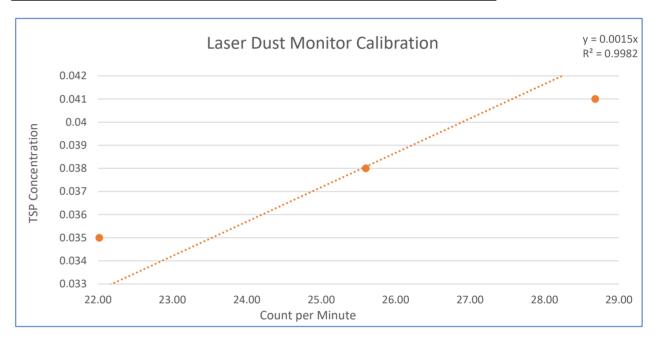
Laser Dust Monitor Calibration

Type: Laser Dust Monitor Manufacturer/Brand: SIBATA LD-3 Model No.: A.005.11a Equipment No.:

Sensitivity Adjustment

Scale Setting: 799 CPM

Hour	Count/Minute	Concentration (mg/m3)
	X-axis	Y-axis
1	25.60	0.0380
2	22.02	0.0350
3	28.68	0.0410



Prepare by: WS CHAN 15-Aug-23 Date

Type:			Laser Dust Monitor				
Manufactu	ırer/Brand:		SIBATA				
Model No.	:		LD-3B				
Equipmen	t No.:		A.005.13a	3			
Sensitivity	Adjustment Sca	le Setting:	643 CPM				
Operator: WS CHAN							
Standard E	quimment						
Equipmen	t:		High Volu	me Sampl	er		
Venue:		Ma Wan Chung Village					
Model No.	:		TE-5170				
Serial No.:			3383				
Last Calibr	ation Date:		4-Aug-23				
Calibration	n Result						
Sensitivity	Adjustment Sca	le Setting (Befor	e Calibratio	on):		643	CPM
Sensitivity	Adjustment Sca	le Setting (After	Calibration	n):		643	CPM
Hour	Date	Time	Ambient	Condition	Concentration 1	Total Count 2	Count/
	(dd/mm/yy)		Temp (°C)	R.H.(%)	(mg/m3)		Minute ③
					Y-axis		X-axis
1	15/08/23	9:00-10:00	32.0	80	0.038	1512	25.20
2	15/08/23	11:30-12:30	32.0	80	0.035	1338	22.30
3	15/08/23	13:50-14:50	32.0	80	0.041	1703	28.38
Note:	1 Monitoring	data was measu	red by High	h Volume	Sampler		
	2 Total Count	was logged by La	aser Dust N	Monitor			
	③ Count/minu	ite was calculate	d by (Total	Count/60)		
By Linear I	Regression of Y o						
	Slope (K-factor)		0.0015		-		
	Correlation coef	fficient:	0.9989				
Validity of	Calibration Reco	ard:	15 1	ug-24			
validity of	Calibration Reco	лu.	13-A	ug-24	-		
Remarks:							
remarks.							
					M		
00	D i	V.M. F.:	_			5 .	4F A 22
QC	Reviewer:	Y.W. Fung	-	Signature:	-	Date:	15-Aug-23

Laser Dust Monitor Calibration

Type: Laser Dust Monitor

Manufacturer/Brand: SIBATA

Model No.: LD-3B

Equipment No.: A.005.13a

Sensitivity Adjustment

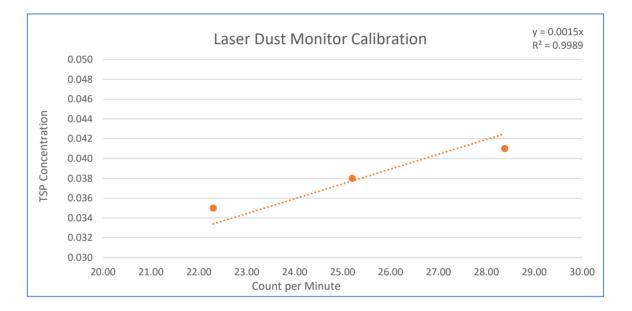
Scale Setting: 643 CPM

2

Hour	Count/Minute	Concentration (mg/m3)
	X-axis	Y-axis
	0.00	0.0000
1	25.20	0.0380

22.30

28.38



0.0350

0.0410



合試驗有限公司 SOILS & MATERIALS ENGINEERING CO., LTD.

香港新界葵涌永基路22-24號好爸爸創科大廈 Good Ba Ba Hitech Building, Nos. 22-24 Wing Kei Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2873 6860 Fax: (852) 2555 7533 E-mail: smec@cigismec.com Website: www.cigismec.com



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.:

23CA0427 01-03

Page:

of 2

Item tested

Description:

Acoustical Calibrator (Class 1)

Manufacturer: Type/Model No.: 4231

Serial/Equipment No.: 3006428 Adaptors used:

Item submitted by

Curstomer

AECOM

Address of Customer: Request No :

Date of receipt:

27-Apr-2023

Date of test:

29-Apr-2023

Reference equipment used in the calibration

Description: Lab standard microphone Preamplifier Measuring amplifier	Model:	Serial No.	Expiry Date:	Traceable to:
	B&K 4180	2412857	23-May-2023	SCL
	B&K 2673	2743150	28-Jun-2023	CEPREI
	B&K 2610	2346941	30-Jun-2023	CEPREI
Signal generator	DS 360	61227	08-Jun-2023	CEPREI
Digital multi-meter	34401A	US36087050	30-May-2023	CEPREI
Audio analyzer	8903B	GB41300350	06-Jul-2023	CEPREI
Universal counter	53132A	MY40003662	13-Jun-2023	CEPREI

Ambient conditions

Temperature:

22 ± 1 °C 55 ± 10 %

Relative humidity: Air pressure:

1005 ± 5 hPa

Test specifications

- The Sound Calibrator has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in IEC 60942 1997 Annex B and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-156.
- The calibrator was tested with its axis vertical facing downwards at the specific frequency using insert voltage technique.
- 3 The results are rounded to the nearest 0.01 dB and 0.1 Hz and have not been corrected for variations from a reference pressure of 1013.25 hectoPascals as the maker's information indicates that the instrument is insensitive to pressure changes

Test results

This is to certify that the sound calibrator conforms to the requirements of annex B of IEC 60942: 1997 for the conditions under which the test was performed. This does not imply that the sound calibrator meets IEC 60942 under any other conditions.

Details of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate.

Approved Signatory:

Date: 02-May-2023

Company Chop:

Comments: The results reported in this certificate refer to the condition of the instrument on the date of calibration and carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument.

© Soils & Materials Engineering Co., Ltd

Form No CARP156-1/Issue 1/Rev D/01/03/2007

HKAS has accredited this laboratory (Reg. No. HOKLAS 028) under HOKLAS for specific calibration activities as listed in the HOKLAS directory of accredited laboratories. The results shown in this certificate are traceable to the International System of Units (SI) or recognised measurement standards. The results relate only to the item(s) calibrated. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without approval of the laboratory.



合試驗有限公司 SOILS & MATERIALS ENGINEERING CO., LTD.

香港新界葵涌永基路22-24號好爸爸創科大廈 Good Ba Ba Hitech Building, Nos. 22-24 Wing Kei Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2873 6860 Fax: (852) 2555 7533 E-mail: smec@cigismec.com Website: www.cigismec.com



CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

(Continuation Page)

Certificate No.:

23CA0427 01-03

Page:

of

Measured Sound Pressure Level

The output Sound Pressure Level in the calibrator head was measured at the setting and frequency shown using a calibrated laboratory standard microphone and insert voltage technique. The results are given in below with the estimated uncertainties.

(Output level in dB re 20 uPa) Frequency Output Sound Pressure Measured Output Estimated Expanded Shown Level Setting Sound Pressure Level Uncertainty Hz dB 1000 94.00 94.22 0.10

Sound Pressure Level Stability - Short Term Fluctuations

The Short Term Fluctuations was determined by measuring the maximum and minimum of the fast weighted DC output of the B&K 2610 measuring amplifier over a 20 second time interval as required in the standard. The Short Term Fluctuation was found to be:

At 1000 Hz

STF = 0.016 dB

Estimated expanded uncertainty

0.005 dB

Actual Output Frequency

The determination of actual output frequency was made using a B&K 4180 microphone together with a B&K 2673 preamplifier connected to a B&K 2610 measuring amplifier. The AC output of the B&K 2610 was taken to an universal counter which was used to determine the frequency averaged over 20 second of operation as required by the standard. The actual output frequency at 1 KHz was:

At 1000 Hz

Actual Frequency = 1000.0 Hz

Estimated expanded uncertainty

0.1 Hz

Coverage factor k = 2.2

Total Noise and Distortion

For the Total Noise and Distortion measurement, the unfiltered AC output of the B&K 2610 measuring amplifier was connected to an Agilent Type 8903 B distortion analyser. The TND result at 1 KHz was:

At 1000 Hz

TND = 0.7 %

Estimated expanded uncertainty

0.7 %

The expanded uncertainties have been calculated in accordance with the ISO Publication "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement", and gives an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of 95%. A coverage factor of 2 is assumed unless explicitly stated.

Calibrated by:

Date:

Checked by

29-Apr-2023

Date:

02-May-2023

The standard(s) and equipment used in the calibration are traceable to national or international recognised standards and are carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument. The results apply to the item as received.

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Form No.CARP156-2/Issue 1/Rev.C/01/05/2005

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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.:

23CA0307 02

Page

Microphone

B & K

4950

2665582

of

Preamp

ZC0032

B & K

17190

Item tested

Description: Manufacturer: Type/Model No.: Sound Level Meter (Class 1)

AECOM ASIA CO LTD

B & K 2250-L 2681366

Serial/Equipment No.: Adaptors used:

Item submitted by

Customer Name: Address of Customer:

Request No.: Date of receipt:

07-Mar-2023

Date of test:

08-Mar-2023

Reference equipment used in the calibration

Description: Multi function sound calibrator Signal generator

DS 360

Model: B&K 4226 Serial No. 2288444 61227

Expiry Date: 23-Aug-2023 08-Jun-2023

Traceable to: CIGISMEC CEPREI

Ambient conditions

Temperature: Relative humidity: 22 ± 1 °C 55 ± 10 % 1010 ± 5 hPa

Air pressure:

Test specifications

The Sound Level Meter has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-152.

The electrical tests were performed using an electrical signal substituted for the microphone which was removed and replaced by an equivalent capacitance within a tolerance of +20%.

The acoustic calibration was performed using an B&K 4226 sound calibrator and corrections was applied for the difference between the free-field and pressure responsess of the Sound Level Meter.

Test results

This is to certify that the Sound Level Meter conforms to BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 for the conditions under which the test was performed.

Details of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate

Actual Measurement data are documented on worksheets

Approved Signatory:

13-Mar-2023

Company Chop:

Comments: The results reported in this certificate refer to the condition of the instrument on the date of calibration and carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument. The results apply to the item as received.

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Form No.CARP152-1/Issue 1/Rev.C/01/02/2007

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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

(Continuation Page)

Certificate No.: 23CA0307 02 Page

of

Electrical Tests

The electrical tests were performed using an equivalent capacitance substituted for the microphone. The results are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties. The "Pass" means the result of the test is inside the tolerances stated in the test specifications. The "-" means the result of test is outside these tolerances,

Test:	Subtest:	Status:	Expanded Uncertanity (dB)	Coverage Factor
0.15		_		
Self-generated noise	A	Pass	0.3	
	C	Pass	0.8	
	Lin	Pass	1.6	
Linearity range for Leq	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3	
	Reference SPL on all other ranges	Pass	0.3	
	2 dB below upper limit of each range	Pass	0.3	
	2 dB above lower limit of each range	Pass	0.3	
Linearity range for SPL	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3	
Frequency weightings	A	Pass	0.3	
	С	Pass	0.3	
	Lin	Pass	0.3	
Time weightings	Single Burst Fast	Pass	0.3	
	Single Burst Slow	Pass	0.3	
Peak response	Single 100µs rectangular pulse	Pass	0.3	
R.M.S. accuracy	Crest factor of 3	Pass	0.3	
Time weighting I	Single burst 5 ms at 2000 Hz	Pass	0.3	
	Repeated at frequency of 100 Hz	Pass	0.3	
Time averaging	1 ms burst duty factor 1/10 ³ at 4kHz	Pass	0.3	
	1 ms burst duty factor 1/10 ⁴ at 4kHz	Pass	0.3	
Pulse range	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4	
Sound exposure level	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4	
Overload indication	SPL	Pass	0.3	
	Leq	Pass	0.4	

Acoustic tests

The complete sound level meter was calibrated on the reference range using a B&K 4226 acoustic calibrator with 1000Hz and SPL 94 dB. The sensitivity of the sound level meter was adjusted. The test result at 125 Hz and 8000 Hz are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties.

Test:	Subtest	Status	Expanded Uncertanity (dB)	Coverage Factor
Acoustic response	Weighting A at 125 Hz	Pass	0.3	
	Weighting A at 8000 Hz	Pass	0.5	

Response to associated sound calibrator

N/A

The expanded uncertainties have been calculated in accordance with the ISO Publication "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement", and gives an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of 95%. A coverage factor of 2 is assumed unless explicitly stated.

Calibrated by:

Fung Chi Yip Date: 08-Mar-2023

Checked by

Chan Yuk Yiu 13-Mar-2023

The standard(s) and equipment used in the calibration are traceable to national or international recognised standards and are calibrated on a schedule to maintain the required accuracy level.

End

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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.: 23CA1030 01-02 of Item tested Description: Sound Level Meter (Type 1) Microphone Pream Manufacturer: B&K B & K B & K Type/Model No.: 2270 4189 ZC0032 Serial/Equipment No.: 3007965 2846461 17965 Adaptors used: Item submitted by Customer Name: AECOM ASIA CO. LTD. Address of Customer: Request No.: Date of receipt: 30-Oct-2023 Date of test: 31-Oct-2023 Reference equipment used in the calibration

Serial No.

2288444

33873

Ambient conditions

Multi function sound calibrator

Description:

Signal generator

Temperature: Relative humidity: Air pressure:

21 ± 1 °C 60 ± 10 % 1005 ± 5 hPa

Model:

DS 360

B&K 4226

Test specifications

- The Sound Level Meter has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-152.
- 2, The electrical tests were performed using an electrical signal substituted for the microphone which was removed and replaced by an equivalent capacitance within a tolerance of +20%.
- The acoustic calibration was performed using an B&K 4226 sound calibrator and corrections was applied for the difference between the free-field and pressure responsess of the Sound Level Meter.

Test results

This is to certify that the Sound Level Meter conforms to BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 for the conditions under which the test

Details of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate.

Actual Measurement data are documented on worksheets

Approved Signatory:

01-Nov-2023

Company Chop:

Expiry Date:

28-Aug-2024

31-Jan-2024

Traceable to:

CIGISMEC

CEPREI

Comments: The results reported in his certificate refer to the condition of the instrument on the date of calibration and carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument. The results apply to the item as received.

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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

(Continuation Page)

Certificate No.: 23CA1030 01-02

Electrical Tests

The electrical tests were performed using an equivalent capacitance substituted for the microphone. The results are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties. The "Pass" means the result of the test is inside the tolerances stated in the test specifications. The "-" means the result of test is outside these tolerances,

Test:	Subtest:	Status:	Uncertanity (dB) / Coverage Factor
Self-generated noise	Α	Pass	0.3
-	С	Pass	1.0 2.1
	Lin	Pass	2.0 2.2
Linearity range for Leq	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3
	Reference SPL on all other ranges	Pass	0.3
	2 dB below upper limit of each range	Pass	0.3
	2 dB above lower limit of each range	Pass	0.3
Linearity range for SPL	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3
Frequency weightings	Α	Pass	0.3
. , , ,	С	Pass	0.3
	Lin	Pass	0.3
Time weightings	Single Burst Fast	Pass	0.3
	Single Burst Slow	Pass	0.3
Peak response	Single 100µs rectangular pulse	Pass	0.3
R.M.S. accuracy	Crest factor of 3	Pass	0.3
Time weighting I	Single burst 5 ms at 2000 Hz	Pass	0.3
	Repeated at frequency of 100 Hz	Pass	0.3
Time averaging	1 ms burst duty factor 1/10 ³ at 4kHz	Pass	0.3
	1 ms burst duty factor 1/104 at 4kHz	Pass	0.3
Pulse range	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4
Sound exposure level	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4
Overload indication	SPL	Pass	0.3
	Leg	Pass	0.4

Acoustic tests

The complete sound level meter was calibrated on the reference range using a B&K 4226 acoustic calibrator with 1000Hz and SPL 94 dB. The sensitivity of the sound level meter was adjusted. The test result at 125 Hz and 8000 Hz are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties.

Test:	Subtest	Status	Uncertanity (dB) / Coverage Factor
Acoustic response	Weighting A at 125 Hz	Pass	0.3
	Weighting A at 8000 Hz	Pass	0.5

Response to associated sound calibrator

N/A

The uncertainties have been calculated in accordance with the ISO Publication "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement", and gives an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of 95 %. A coverage factor of 2 is assumed unless explicitly stated.

End Calibrated by: Funa Chi Yin Date: 31-Oct-2023 Date: 01-Nov-2023

The standard(s) and equipment used in the calibration are traceable to national or international recognised standards and are calibrated on a schedule to maintain the required accuracy level.

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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate No.: 23CA1030 01-01 Page of 2 Item tested Description: Sound Level Meter (Type 1) Microphone Pream Manufacturer: B&K B&K B&K Type/Model No.: 2270 4950 ZC0032 Serial/Equipment No.: 2644597 2879980 29398 Adaptors used: Item submitted by Customer Name: AECOM ASIA CO. LTD. Address of Customer Request No.:

Date of test: 31-Oct-2023

Reference equipment used in the calibration

30-Oct-2023

Description: Model: Serial No. **Expiry Date:** Traceable to: Multi function sound calibrator B&K 4226 2288444 28-Aug-2024 CIGISMEC Signal generator DS 360 33873 31-Jan-2024 CEPREL

Ambient conditions

Date of receipt:

21 ± 1 °C Temperature: Relative humidity: 60 ± 10 % 1005 ± 5 hPa Air pressure:

Test specifications

- The Sound Level Meter has been calibrated in accordance with the requirements as specified in BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 and the lab calibration procedure SMTP004-CA-152
- The electrical tests were performed using an electrical signal substituted for the microphone which was removed and replaced by an equivalent capacitance within a tolerance of +20%.
- The acoustic calibration was performed using an B&K 4226 sound calibrator and corrections was applied for the difference 3. between the free-field and pressure responsess of the Sound Level Meter.

Test results

This is to certify that the Sound Level Meter conforms to BS 7580: Part 1: 1997 for the conditions under which the test

Details of the performed measurements are presented on page 2 of this certificate.

Actual Measurement data are documented on worksheets.

Approved Signatory: Fena Juna

01-Nov-2023

Company Chop:

Comments: The results reported in this certificate refer to the condition of the instrument on the date of calibration and carry no implication regarding the long-term stability of the instrument. The results apply to the item as received

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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

(Continuation Page)

Certificate No : 23CA1030 01-01

Electrical Tests

The electrical tests were performed using an equivalent capacitance substituted for the microphone. The results are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties. The "Pass" means the result of the test is inside the tolerances stated in the test specifications. The "-" means the result of test is outside these tolerances.

Test:	Subtest:	Status:	Uncertanity (dB) / Coverage Factor
Self-generated noise	A	Pass	0.3
	С	Pass	1.0 2.1
	Lin	Pass	2.0 2.2
Linearity range for Leq	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3
	Reference SPL on all other ranges	Pass	0.3
	2 dB below upper limit of each range	Pass	0.3
	2 dB above lower limit of each range	Pass	0.3
Linearity range for SPL	At reference range, Step 5 dB at 4 kHz	Pass	0.3
Frequency weightings	Α	Pass	0.3
	С	Pass	0.3
	Lin	Pass	0.3
Time weightings	Single Burst Fast	Pass	0.3
	Single Burst Slow	Pass	0.3
Peak response	Single 100µs rectangular pulse	Pass	0.3
R.M.S. accuracy	Crest factor of 3	Pass	0.3
Time weighting I	Single burst 5 ms at 2000 Hz	Pass	0.3
	Repeated at frequency of 100 Hz	Pass	0.3
Time averaging	1 ms burst duty factor 1/103 at 4kHz	Pass	0.3
	1 ms burst duty factor 1/104 at 4kHz	Pass	0.3
Pulse range	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4
Sound exposure level	Single burst 10 ms at 4 kHz	Pass	0.4
Overload indication	SPL	Pass	0.3
	Leg	Pass	0.4

Acoustic tests

The complete sound level meter was calibrated on the reference range using a B&K 4226 acoustic calibrator with 1000Hz and SPL 94 dB. The sensitivity of the sound level meter was adjusted. The test result at 125 Hz and 8000 Hz are given in below with test status and the estimated uncertainties.

Test:	Subtest	Status	Uncertanity (dB) / Coverage Factor
Acoustic response	Weighting A at 125 Hz	Pass	0.3
	Weighting A at 8000 Hz	Pass	0.5

Response to associated sound calibrator

N/A

The uncertainties have been calculated in accordance with the ISO Publication "Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement", and gives an interval estimated to have a level of confidence of 95 %. A coverage factor of 2 is assumed unless explicitly stated.

Calibrated by: ung Chi Yip Chan Yuk Yiu Date: 31-Oct-2023 01-Nov-2023

The standard(s) and equipment used in the calibration are traceable to national or international recognised standards and are calibrated on a schedule to maintain the required accuracy level.

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Form No.CARP152-2/Issue 1/Rev.C/01/02/2007

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APPENDIX F

EM&A Monitoring Schedules

Central Kowloon Route – Kai Tak West Impact Environmental Monitoring Schedule for February 2024

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
				1-Feb	2-Feb	3-Feb
						24-hour TSP
						1-hour TSP
4.5.1	5.5.1	0.5.1	7.5.1	0.5.1	0.5.1	40.5.1
4-Feb	5-Feb	6-Feb	7-Feb	8-Feb	9-Feb	10-Feb
					24-hour TSP	
					1-hour TSP Noise	
					Noise	
11-Feb	12-Feb	13-Feb	14-Feb	15-Feb	16-Feb	17-Feb
11-165	12-1 65	13-1 65	14-1 65	24-hour TSP	10-1 65	17-1 65
				1-hour TSP		
				Noise		
				110.00		
18-Feb	19-Feb	20-Feb	21-Feb	22-Feb	23-Feb	24-Feb
	24-hour TSP					24-hour TSP
	1-hour TSP					1-hour TSP
	Noise					
25-Feb	26-Feb	27-Feb	28-Feb	29-Feb		

Air Quality Monitoring Station

E-A14a: Block B of Merit Industrial Centre

Noise Monitoring Stations

E-N12a: 19 Hing Yan Street

E-N21a: Block B of Merit Industrial Centre

Monitoring Frequency

24-hour TSP: Once every 6 days

1-hour TSP: 3 times every 6 days (as required in case of complaints)

Monitoring Frequency

Once per week

Central Kowloon Route – Kai Tak West Tentative Impact Environmental Monitoring Schedule for March 2024

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
		•	-	-	1-Mar	2-Mar
					24-hour TSP	
					1-hour TSP	
					Noise	
3-Mar	4-Mar	5-Mar	6-Mar	7-Mar	8-Mar	9-Mar
				24-hour TSP		
				1-hour TSP		
				Noise		
10-Mar	11-Mar	12-Mar	13-Mar	14-Mar	15-Mar	16-Mar
			24-hour TSP			
			1-hour TSP			
			Noise			
17-Mar	18-Mar	19-Mar	20-Mar	21-Mar	22-Mar	23-Mar
		24-hour TSP				24-hour TSP
		1-hour TSP				1-hour TSP
		Noise				
24-Mar	25-Mar	26-Mar	27-Mar	28-Mar	29-Mar	30-Mar
				24-hour TSP		
				1-hour TSP		
				Noise		
31-Mar						

Air Quality Monitoring Station

E-A14a: Block B of Merit Industrial Centre

Noise Monitoring Stations

E-N12a: 19 Hing Yan Street

E-N21a: Block B of Merit Industrial Centre

Monitoring Frequency

24-hour TSP: Once every 6 days

1-hour TSP: 3 times every 6 days (as required in case of complaints)

Monitoring Frequency

Once per week

APPENDIX G

Air Quality Monitoring Results and their Graphical Presentations

Appendix G Air Quality Monitoring Results

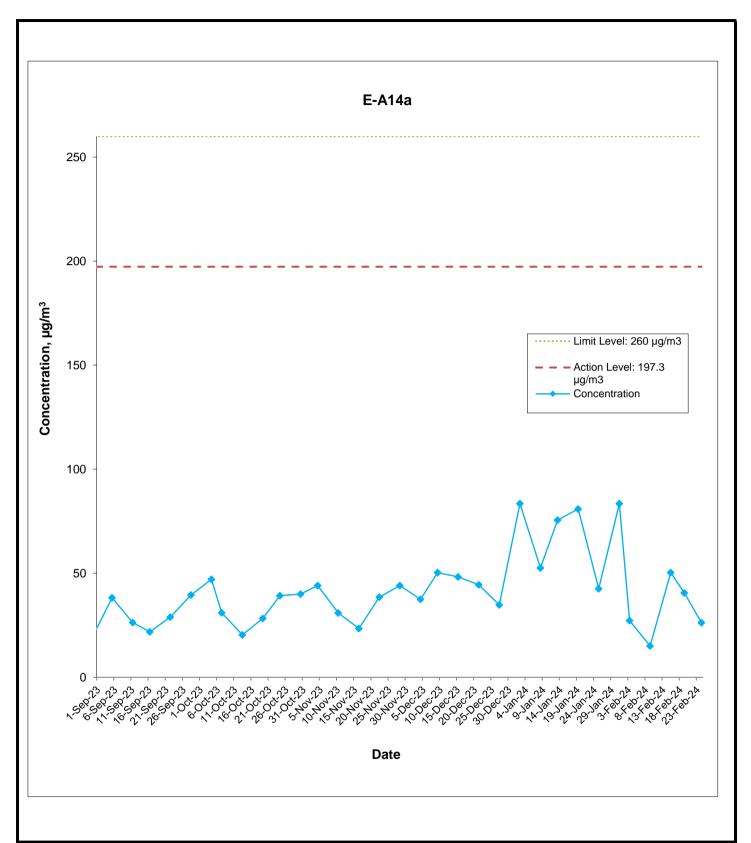
24-hour TSP Monitoring Results at Station E-A14a (Block B, Merit Industrial Centre)

	Weather	Air	Atmospheric	Flow Rate	(m³/min.)	Av. flow	Total vol.	Filter Weight (g)		Particulate	Elaps	se Time	Sampling	Conc.
Date	Condition	Temp. (°C)	Pressure (hPa)	Initial	Final	(m³/min)	(m ³)	Initial Final		weight(g)	Initial	Final	Time(hrs.)	(µg/m³)
3-Feb-24	Fine	19.6	1018.8	1.33	1.33	1.33	1921.0	2.7534	2.8057	0.0523	15378.06	15402.06	24.00	27.2
9-Feb-24	Cloudy	12.7	1023.5	1.33	1.33	1.33	1921.0	2.7568	2.7857	0.0289	15402.06	15426.06	24.00	15.0
15-Feb-24	Sunny	22.3	1019.0	1.33	1.33	1.33	1921.0	2.7333	2.8299	0.0966	15426.06	15450.06	24.00	50.3
19-Feb-24	Sunny	22.7	1015.1	1.33	1.33	1.33	1921.0	2.7419	2.8197	0.0778	15450.06	15474.06	24.00	40.5
24-Feb-24	Fine	18.8	1021.1	1.33	1.33	1.33	1921.0	2.7449	2.7953	0.0504	15474.06	15498.06	24.00	26.2
													Average	31.9
													Minimum	15.0
													Maximum	50.3

Appendix G Air Quality Monitoring Results

1-hour TSP Monitoring Results at Station E-A14a (Block B, Merit Industrial Centre)

	Start		1st Hour	2nd Hour	3rd Hour
	Time	Weather	Conc.	Conc.	Conc.
Date			(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)	(µg/m³)
3-Feb-24	14:10	Fine	61.7	62.8	62.2
9-Feb-24	13:00	Cloudy	56.4	57.0	57.9
15-Feb-24	13:00	Sunny	59.5	60.6	60.1
19-Feb-24	13:05	Sunny	57.7	56.8	59.1
24-Feb-24	11:15	Fine	63.1	62.3	62.2
				Average	60.0
				Min	56.4
				Max	63.1



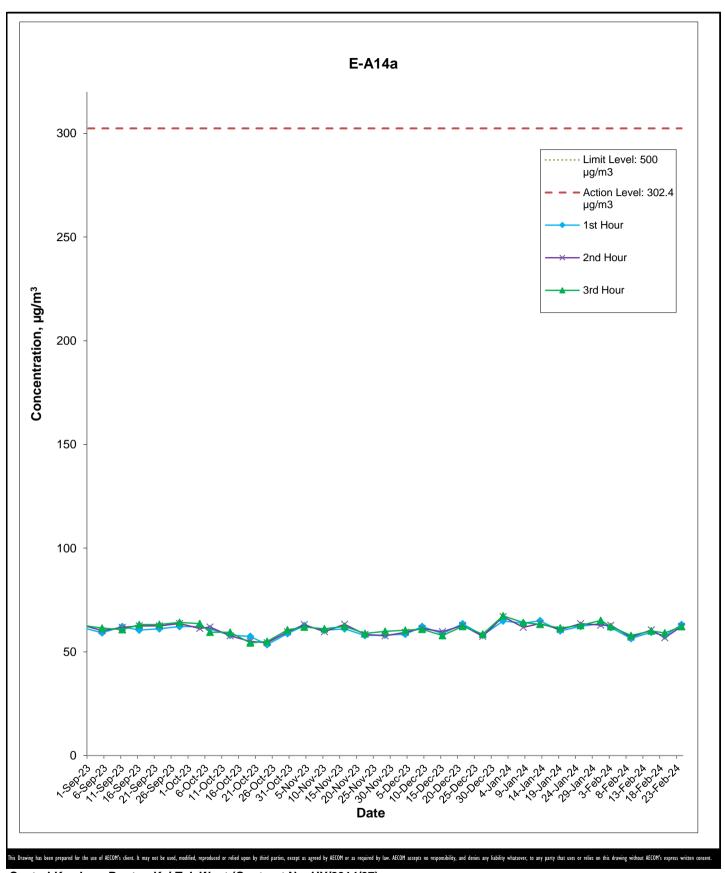
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Central Kowloon Route - Kai Tak West (Contract No. HY/2014/07)

AECOM

Graphical Presentation of Impact 24-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Date: March 2024 Appendix G



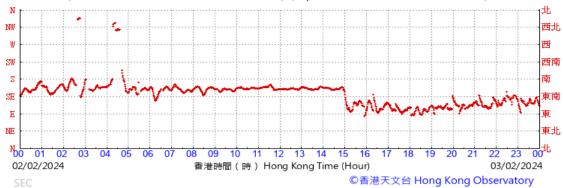
Central Kowloon Route - Kai Tak West (Contract No. HY/2014/07)



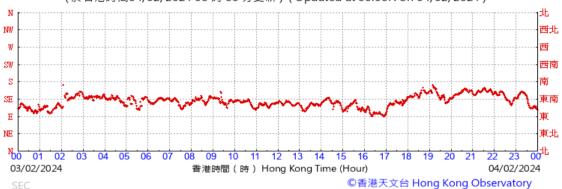
Graphical Presentation of Impact 1-hour TSP
Monitoring Results

Data of Wind Direction Extracted from Kai Tak Wind Station of the Hong Kong Observatory February 2024

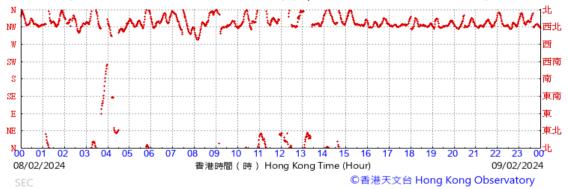
(於香港時間03/02/2024 00 時 00 分更新) (Updated at 00:00H on 03/02/2024)



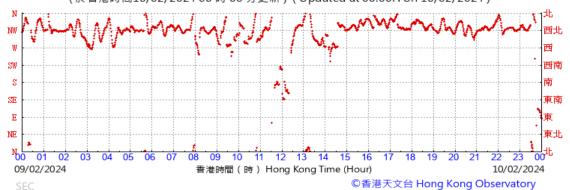
(於香港時間04/02/2024 00 時 00 分更新) (Updated at 00:00H on 04/02/2024)



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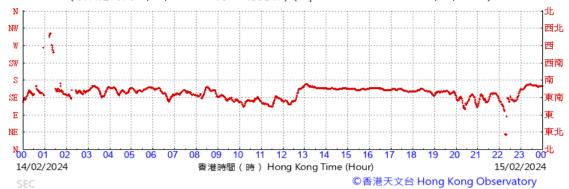


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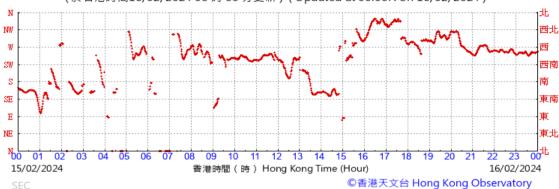


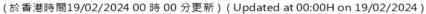
Data of Wind Direction Extracted from Kai Tak Wind Station of the Hong Kong Observatory February 2024

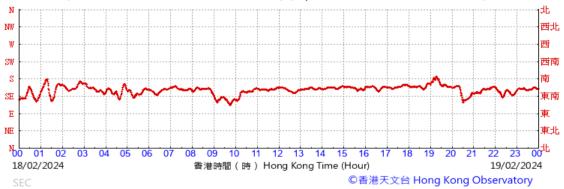
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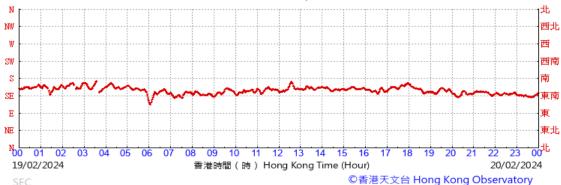
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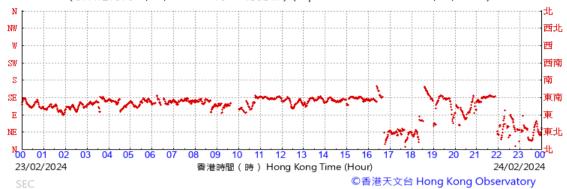




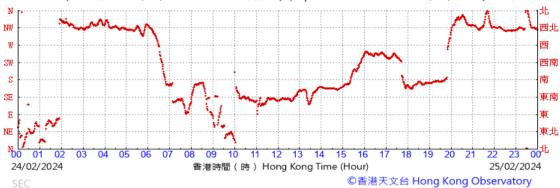


Data of Wind Direction Extracted from Kai Tak Wind Station of the Hong Kong Observatory February 2024

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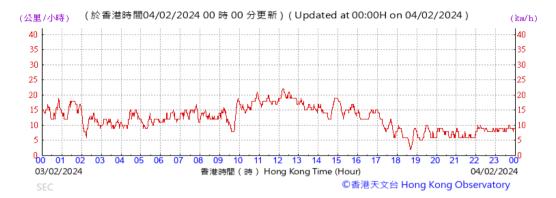


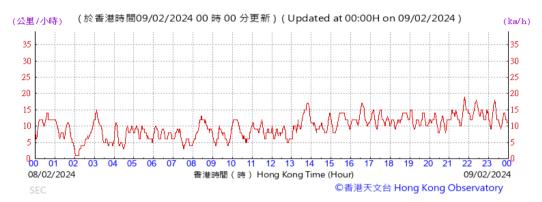
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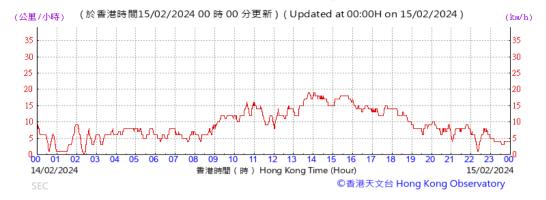




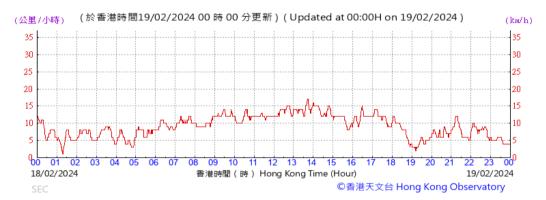




Data of Wind Speed Extracted from Kai Tak Wind Station of the Hong Kong Observatory February 2024

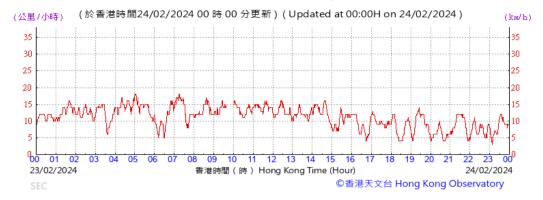


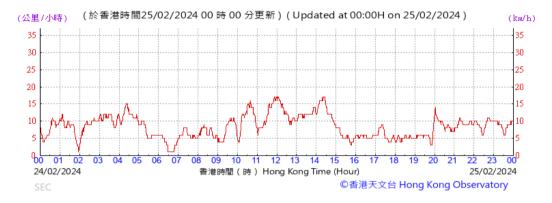






Data of Wind Speed Extracted from Kai Tak Wind Station of the Hong Kong Observatory February 2024





APPENDIX H

Noise Monitoring Results and their Graphical Presentations

Appendix H Regular Construction Noise Monitoring Results

Daytime Noise Monitoring Results at Station E-N12a (19 Hing Yan Street)

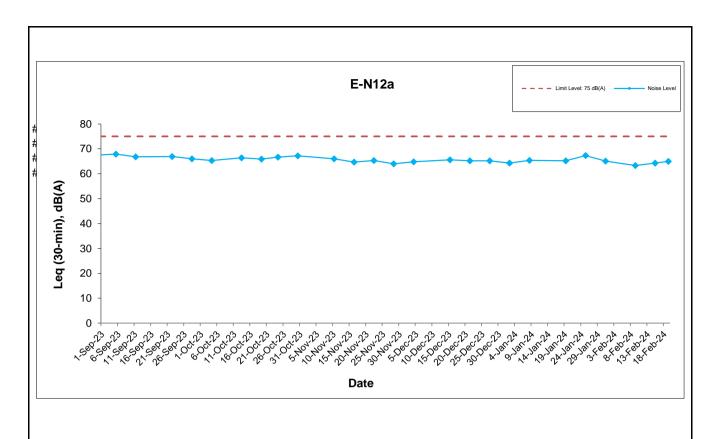
Date	Weather	Nois	e Level for	30-min, d	B(A) +	Limit Level,	Exceedance
Date	Condition	Time	L90	L10	Leq	dB(A)	(Y/N)
9-Feb-24	Cloudy	13:40	62.0	64.6	63.3	75	N
15-Feb-24	Sunny	13:50 61.9 65.5 64.3		75	N		
19-Feb-24	Sunny	14:00	62.6	66.1	65.0	75	N

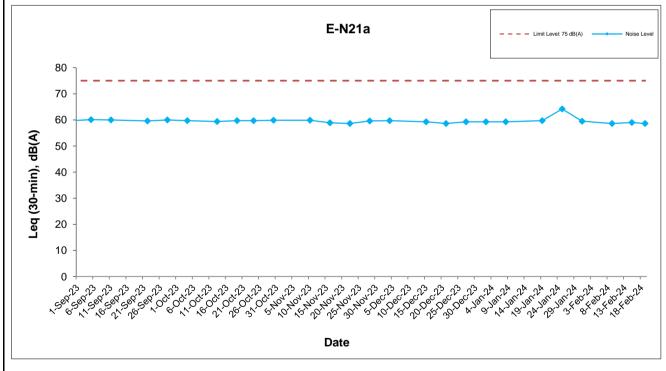
Daytime Noise Monitoring Results at Station E-N21a (Block B of Merit Industrial Centre)

_	Weather	Nois	e Level for	[.] 30-min, d	Limit Level,	Exceedance	
Date	Condition	Time	L90	L10	Leq	dB(A)	(Y/N)
9-Feb-24	Cloudy	13:00	55.0	59.1	58.6	75	N
15-Feb-24	Sunny	13:00 53.5		60.3	59.0	75	N
19-Feb-24	Sunny	13:05	54.7	59.2	58.6	75	N

⁺ - Façade measurement.

^{# -} A correction of +3dB(A) was made to the free field measurement.





Central Kowloon Route - Kai Tak West (Contract No. HY/2014/07)

AECOM

Graphical Presentation of Impact Noise Monitoring Results

Date: March 2024 Appendix H

APPENDIX I

Event and Action Plan

Appendix I Event Action Plan

Event / Action Plan for Construction Dust Monitoring

EVENT		AC	TION	
EVENT	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor
ACTION LEVEL	·			
Exceedance for one sample	 Inform the Contractor, IEC and ER; Discuss with the Contractor and IEC on the remedial measures required; Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency 	Check monitoring data submitted by the ET; Check Contractor's working method; Review and advise the ET and ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing.	Identify source(s), investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Implement remedial measures; Amend working methods agreed with the ER as appropriate.
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	1. Inform the Contractor, IEC and ER; 2. Discuss with the ER, IEC and Contractor on the remedial measures required; 3. Repeat measurements to confirm findings; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 5. If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with the IEC, ER and Contractor; 6. If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring.	 Check monitoring data submitted by the ET; Check Contractor's working method; Review and advise the ET and ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures. 	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Review and agree on the remedial measures proposed by the Contractor; Supervise Implementation of remedial measures.	 Identify source and investigate the causes of exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial measures to the ER with a copy to ET and IEC within three working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal as appropriate.

Gammon Construction Limited Central Kowloon Route – Kai Tak West

Appendix I Event Action Plan

Appendix I	Event Action Plan			
EVENT		ACT	TION	
EVENT	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor
LIMIT LEVEL Exceedance for one sample	Inform the Contractor, IEC, EPD and ER; Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Discuss with the ER, IEC and contractor on the remedial measures and assess the effectiveness.	Check monitoring data submitted by the ET; Check the Contractor's working method; Discuss with the ET, ER and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Review and advise the ER and ET on the effectiveness of Contractor's remedial measures.	Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Review and agree on the remedial measures proposed by the Contractor; Supervise implementation of remedial measures.	Identify source(s) and investigate the causes of exceedance; Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial measures to ER with a copy to ET and IEC within three working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Amend proposal if appropriate.
Exceedance for two or more consecutive samples	 Notify Contractor, IEC, EPD and ER; Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Carry out analysis of the Contractor's working procedures with the ER to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; Arrange meeting with the IEC and ER to discuss the remedial measures to be taken; Review the effectiveness of the Contractor's remedial measures and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Check monitoring data submitted by the ET; Check the Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET, ER, and Contractor on the potential remedial measures; Review and advise the ER and ET on the effectiveness of Contractor's remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; In consultation with the ET and IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures; If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. 	 Identify source(s) and investigate the causes of exceedance; Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial measures to the ER with a copy to the IEC and ET within three working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Revise and resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.

Appendix I Event Action Plan

Event and Action Plan for Construction Noise Monitoring

FMENT		ACT	ΓΙΟΝ	
EVENT	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor
Exceedance of Action Level	 Notify the Contractor, IEC and ER; Discuss with the ER, IEC and Contractor on the remedial measures required; and Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness. 	 Review the investigation results submitted by the contractor; and Review and advise the ET and ER on the effectiveness of the remedial measures proposed by the Contractor. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of complaint in writing; Review and agree on the remedial measures proposed by the Contractor; and Supervise implementation of remedial measures. 	 Investigate the complaint and propose remedial measures; Report the results of investigation to the IEC, ET and ER; Submit noise mitigation proposals to the ER with copy to the IEC and ET within 3 working days of notification; and Implement noise mitigation proposals.
Exceedance of Limit Level	 Notify the Contractor, IEC, EPD and ER; Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency; Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; Arrange meeting with the IEC and ER to discuss the remedial measures to be taken; Inform IEC, ER and EPD the causes and actions taken for the exceedances; Review the effectiveness of Contractor's remedial measures and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results; and If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Check monitoring data submitted by the ET; Check the Contractor's working method; Discuss with the ER, ET and Contractor on the potential remedial measures; and Review and advise the ET and ER on the effectiveness of the remedial measures proposed by the Contractor. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; In consultation with the ET and IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures; and If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated. 	 Identify source and investigate the causes of exceedance; Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial measures to the ER with copy to the IEC and ET within 3 working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Revise and resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; and Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.

Appendix I Event Action Plan

Event and Action Plan for Continuous Noise Monitoring

EVENT		ACTI	ON	
EVENT Action/Limit Level	ET	IEC	ER	CONTRACTOR
Action/Limit Level	1. Identify source; 2. Repeat measurement. If two consecutive measurements exceed Action/Limit Level, the exceedance is then confirmed; 3. If exceedance is confirmed, notify IEC, ER and Contractor; 4. Investigate the cause of exceedance and ckeck Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 5. Discuss jointly with the IEC, ER and Contractor and formulate remedial measures; and 6. Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC and ER informed of the results.	 Check monitoring data submitted by the Works Contract 1123 ET; Check the Contractor's working method; Discuss with the ER, Works Contract 1123 ET and Contractor on the potential remedial measures; and Review and advise the Works Contract 1123 ET and ER on the effectiveness of the remedial measures proposed by the Contractor. 	1. Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; 2. In consultation with the Works Contract 1123 ET and IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; 3. Ensure the proper implementation of remedial measures; and 4. If exceedance continues, consider what portion of the work is responsible and instruct the Contractor to stop that portion of work until the exceedance is abated.	 Identify source with the Works Contract 1123 ET; If exceedance is confirmed, investigation the cause of exceedance and take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial measures to the ER with copy to the IEC and ET of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Liaise with ER to optimize the effectiveness of the agreed mitigation; Revise and resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; and Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.

APPENDIX J

Cumulative Statistics on Complaints, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

Appendix J

Cumulative Statistics on Complaints, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

	Date	Subject	Status	Total no.	Total no. received
	received			received in	since project
				this month	commencement
Environmental					
complaints					
		-		0	70
Notification of		-		0	0
summons					
Successful				0	0
prosecutions					

Appendix J AECOM

APPENDIX K

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table

Contract No. : HY/2014/07 Central Kowloon Route - Kai Tak West Gammon Construction Litmited

Gammon

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2024 (Year)

				Actu	al Quantities	of Inert C&D N	Materials Gen	erated Monthl	y (Note 1)				Actual Quantities of Non-inert C&D Materials (i.e. C&D Wastes) Generated Monthly					Actual Quantities of Contaminated Soil Monthly		Actual Quantities of Land- based Sediment Monthly		Actual Quantities of Marine-based sediment Monthly		
Marrit			Generated				Disp	osed			Reused			Recycled		Disp	osed	Reused	Reused	Disp	osed		Disposed	
Month	Fill Material	Art	ificial Mater	ial		Disposed	Disposed	Disposed	-			-		Paper/					Reused in the Contract		t Designated ite	Dispos	ed at Designat	ed Site
	Soil and Rock	Broken Concrete	Asphalt	Building Derbis	Total Quantity Generated	as Public Fills at TKO137	as Public Fills at TM38	as Capping at East Sha Chau (Alluvium)	Total Quantity Disposal	Reused in the Contract	Reused in Other Projects	Total Quantity Reused	Metals	cardboard packaging (Note 3)	Plastics	Chemical Waste	General Refuse (Note 2)	Reused in the Contract	Type 1 (Cat. L)	Type 1 (Cat. M _p)	Type 2 (Cat. M _f , Cat. H)	Type 1 (Cat. L, Cat. M _p)	Type 2 (Cat. M _f , Cat. H, Cat. H _p)	Type 3 (Cat. H _f)
Unit	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000Kg)	('000Kg)	('000Kg)	('000kg)	('000Kg)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)				
Jan	0.173	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.173	0.173	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	284.770	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Feb	0.774	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.774	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.774	0.774	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	120.660	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Mar	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Apr	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
May	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Jun	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
SUB-	0.947	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.947	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.947	0.947	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	405.430	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Jul	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Aug	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Sep	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Oct	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Nov	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Dec	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
TOTAL	0.947	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.947	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.947	0.947	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	405.430	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Note: 1. Assume the density of fill is 2 ton/m3.

2. Refuse disposed to NENT landfill.

APPENDIX L

Shatin to Central Link (Hung Hom – Admiralty Section) Kai Tak Barging Facility under FEP-01/436/2012/F Monthly EM&A Report



Gammon Construction Limited

Shatin to Central Link (Hung Hom – Admiralty Section) Kai Tak Barging Facility under FEP-01/436/2012/F Monthly EM&A Report for February 2024

[March 2024]

	Name	Signature
Prepared & Checked:	Ho Pui Yin Kevin	Kn
Reviewed, Approved & Certified:	Y. W. Fung	7

Version: 0	Date:	06 March 2024

Disclaimer

This Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report is prepared for Gammon Construction Limited and is given for its sole benefit in relation to and pursuant to Kai Tak Barging Facility under FEP-01/436/2012/F and may not be disclosed to, quoted to or relied upon by any person other than Gammon Construction Limited without our prior written consent. No person (other than Gammon Construction Limited into whose possession a copy of this report comes may rely on this plan without our express written consent and Gammon Construction Limited may not rely on it for any purpose other than as described above.

AECOM Asia Co. Ltd.

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Environmental Permit No. FEP-01/436/2012/F

Central Kowloon Route

Independent Environmental Checker Verification

Reference Document/Plan	
Document/ Plan to be Certified / Verified:	Monthly EM&A Report No.38 (February 2024)
Date of Report:	6 March 2024
Date received by IEC:	6 March 2024

Kai Tak West (HY/2014/07)

Reference EP Condition

Works Contract:

Environmental Permit Condition: 3.2

Environmental Monitoring and Audit Requirements

3.2 Four hard copies and one electronic copy of the monthly EM&A Reports shall be submitted to the Director within two weeks after the end of the reporting month. Four hard copies and one electronic copy of the monthly EM&A Reports shall be submitted to the Director within two weeks after the end of the reporting month. The monthly EM&A Reports shall include a summary of all non-compliance with the recommendations in the EIA Report or this Permit. The submissions shall be certified by the ET Leader and verified by the IEC as complying with the requirements as set out in the EM&A Manual. Additional copies of the submission shall be provided upon request by the Director The monthly EM&A Reports shall include a summary of all non-compliance with the recommendations in the EIA Report or this Permit. The submissions shall be certified by the ET Leader and verified by the IEC as complying with the requirements as set out in the EM&A Manual. Additional copies of the submission shall be provided upon request by the Director.

IEC Verification

I hereby verify that the above referenced document/plan complies with the above referenced condition of FEP-01/436/2012/F.

Ms Mandy To

Alandy 20.

Date: 11 March 2024

Independent Environmental Checker

Our ref: 0436942_IEC Verification Cert_KTW (SCL Barging Point)_Monthly EM&A Rpt No 38.docx

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AECOM Asia Co. Ltd. 2 March 2024

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Shatin to Central Link (Hung Hom – Admiralty Section) – Kai Tak Barging Facility (hereafter called "the Project") covers part of the usage of the Kai Tak Barging Facility.

The Project comprises the follow works:

· Barging Facility usage.

The EM&A programme commenced on 1 January 2021.

This is the 38th monthly EM&A Report presenting the EM&A works carried out during the period between 1 and 29 February 2024. As informed by the Contractor, major activities in the reporting period were:

Locations	Site Activities	
Barging Facility of Kai Tak West	Material Storage.	
Barging Facility of Central Tunnel	Material Storage.	
Barging Facility of Sports Park	• Nil	
Barging Facility of Yau Mai Tei East	• Nil	

Complaint, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecution

No complaint, notification of summons and successful prosecution were received in the reporting month.

Reporting Changes

No report changes in the reporting period.

Future Key Issues

Key issues to be considered in the next three months included:

Locations	Sit	Site Activities	
Barging Facility of Kai Tak West	•	Material Storage.	
Barging Facility of Central Tunnel	•	Material Storage.	
Barging Facility of Sports Park	•	Nil	
Barging Facility of Yau Mai Tei East	•	Nil	

Potential environmental impacts arising from the above construction activities are mainly associated with construction dust, construction noise, water pollution control, and waste management.

The barging activity was substantial completed at the end December 2023, and the termination proposal of the Kai Tak Barging Facility under FEP-01/436/2012/F was submitted to EPD in January 2024. The EM&A works will continue until the application is approved.

1 INTRODUCTION

Purpose of the Kai Tak Barging Facility under EP-436/2012/F was handed over to Highway Department from MTR on 22 December 2020. Gammon Construction Limited was commissioned by the Highway Department as the Civil Contractor to operate the Shatin to Central Link (Hung Hom – Admiralty Section) – Kai Tak Barging Facility and coordinate with the other Contractors, Bouygues Travaux Publics and Hip Hing Construction Limited. A new contractor Build King – SK Ecoplant JV was joined in July 2023. AECOM Asia Company Limited (AECOM) was appointed by Gammon Construction Limited as the Environmental Team (ET) to undertake the Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) programme during construction phase of the Project.

1.1 Purpose of the Report

1.1.1 This is the 38th monthly EM&A Report which summaries audit findings for the Project during the reporting period between 1 and 29 February 2024.

1.2 Report Structure

- 1.2.1 This monthly EM&A Report is organized as follows:
 - Section 1: Introduction
 - Section 2: Project Information
 - Section 3: Environmental Monitoring Requirement
 - Section 4: Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures
 - Section 5: Monitoring Results
 - Section 6: Environmental Site Inspection and Audit
 - Section 7: Environmental Non-conformance
 - Section 8: Future Key Issues
 - Section 9: Conclusions and Recommendations

2 PROJECT INFORMATION

2.1 Background

- 2.1.1 The Shatin to Central Link (SCL) is a 17km extension of the existing Ma On Shan Line (MOL) and East Rail Line (EAL) comprising (i) The East-West Corridor which extends the MOL from Tai Wai via East Kowloon to connect with the West Rail Line (WRL) at Hung Hom Station (HUH); and (ii) The North-South Corridor which is an extension of the East Rail Line (EAL) at Hung Hom across the harbour to Admiralty Station (ADM).
- 2.1.2 The Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Reports for SCL Hung Hom to Admiralty Section [SCL (HUH-ADM)] (Register No.: AEIAR-166/2012) was approved on 17 February 2012 under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (EIAO). Following the approval of the EIA Report, an Environmental Permit (EP) was granted on 22 March 2012, which covers SCL (HUH-ADM) EP No.: EP-436/2012), for the construction and operation. Variation of EP (VEP) was subsequently applied and the latest EP (EP No. EP-436/2012/F) was issued by the Director of Environmental Protection (DEP) on 23 January 2019. Further Environmental Permit (FEP-01/436/2012/F) was issued by the Director of Environmental Protection (DEP) on 6 April 2020 to cover the usage of the Kai Tak Barging Facility.
- 2.1.3 The usage of the Kai Tak Barging Facility had been divided into four different sectors and managed by different contractors, which are Gammon Construction Limited, Bouygues Travaux Publics, Hip Hing Construction Limited and Build King SK Ecoplant JV.
- 2.1.4 The site layout plan of the Project is shown in **Figure 1.1**.

2.2 Site Description

- 2.2.1 The major construction activities under this Project include:
 - (a) Barging Facility operation for Soil Disposal.

2.3 Construction Programme and Activities

2.3.1 The major construction activities undertaken in the reporting month are summarized in **Table 2.1**.

Table 2.1 Construction Activities in the reporting month

Locations	Site Activities		
Barging Facility of Kai Tak West	Material Storage.		
Barging Facility of Central Tunnel	Material Storage.		
Barging Facility of Sports Park	• Nil		
Barging Facility of Yau Mai Tei East	• Nil		

The construction programme is presented in other EM&A monthly report under related Environmental Permits.

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2.4 Project Organization

2.4.1 The project organization structure is shown in **Appendix A**. The key personnel contact names and numbers for the Project are summarized in **Table 2.2.**

Table 2.2 Contact Information of Key Personnel

Party	Role	Position	Name	Telephone	Fax
Arup-Mott MacDonald Joint Venture	Residential Engineer (ER)	Engineer's Representative	Mr. Patrick Lo	3619 5901	2268 3954
ERM	Independent Environmental Checker (IEC)	Independent Environmental Checker	Ms. Mandy To	2271 3113	3015 8052
Common	Gammon Contractor	Contracts Manager	Mr. Kin Fai Tam	2516 8823	2516 6260
Gammon		Environmental Manager	Ms. Michelle Tang	9267 8866	2516 6260
AECOM	AECOM Contractor's Environmental Team (ET)		Mr. Y. W. Fung	3856 5681	2317 7609

2.5 Status of Environmental Licences, Notification and Permits

2.5.1 Relevant environmental licenses, permits and/or notifications on environmental protection for this Project and valid in the reporting month are summarized in **Table 2.3**.

Table 2.3 Status of Environmental Licenses, Notifications and Permits

Permit / License No. /	Valid	Period	21.1	Remarks			
Notification/ Reference No.	From	То	Status				
Further Environmental Permit							
FEP-01/436/2012/F	6 Apr 2020	End of Project	Valid	FEP for Shatin to Central Link (Hung Hom – Admiralty Section) - Kai Tak Barging Facility			
Wastewater Discharge	License						
WT00041154-2022	12 Jul 2022	31 Jul 2027	Valid	Discharge of effluent at Kai Tak Barging Facility – Central Tunnel (Contract No. HY/2018/08)			
WT00038552-2021	9 Sep 2021	30 Sep 2026	Valid	Wastewater Discharge Licence - Barging Facility under KTW			
Construction Noise Per	mit	•	•				
GW-RE0814-23	3 Aug 2023	2 Feb 2024	No further renewal*	Barging Point Operation at Kai Tak Barging Facility – Kai Tak West (Contract No. HY/2014/07)			
GW-RE1526-23	1 Dec 2023	29 Apr 2024	Valid	Barging Point Operation at Kai Tak Barging Facility – Central Tunnel (Contract No. HY/2018/08)			
Chemical Waste Produc	er Registration						
5213-286-G2347-58	1 Feb 2021	End of Project	Valid	Chemical Waste Producer – Kai Tak Barging Facility (Kai Tak West)			
5111-236-B2557-02	25 Sep 2019	End of Project	Valid	Chemical Waste Producer – Central Kowloon Route – Central Tunnel			
Marine Dumping Permit	<u> </u>	T	T				
-	-	-	-	-			
Billing Account for Con	struction Waste	Disposal	T				
7034790	6 Aug 2019	End of Project	Account Active	Construction Waste Disposal Account (Main) for Central Kowloon Route – Central Tunnel			
7029909	22 Jan 2018	End of Project	Account Active	Construction Waste Disposal Account (Main) for Central Kowloon Route – Kai Tak West			
Notification Under Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation							
- Pomork:	-	-	-	-			

Remark:

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^{*} The barging activity was substantial completed at the end December 2023. The related license is not further renewal.

3 ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Landscape and Visual

3.1.1 As per the EM&A Manuals, no impact for landscape and visual mitigation measures at Kai Tak Barging Facility. Therefore, no bi-weekly site inspection should be undertaken once every two weeks during the construction period.

4 IMPLEMENTATION STATUS OF ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES

4.1.1 The Contractor has implemented environmental mitigation measures and requirements as stated in the EIA Reports, the EP and EM&A Manuals. The implementation status of the environmental mitigation measures during the reporting period is summarized in **Appendix C.**Status of required submissions under the EP during the reporting period is summarised in **Table 4.1**.

Table 4.1 Status of Required Submission under Environmental Permit

EP Condition	Submission	Submission Date
Condition 3.2 of FEP-01/436/2012/F	Monthly EM&A Report for January 2024	14 February 2024

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5 MONITORING RESULTS

5.1 Waste Management

5.1.1 C&D materials and wastes sorting were carried out on site. Receptacles were available for C&D wastes and general refuse collection.

For Central Kowloon Route - Kai Tak West (Contract: HY/2014/07)

5.1.2 No inert C&D material, general refuse was generated in the reporting month. No plastics, metals and paper/cardboard packaging were collected by recycle contractor in the reporting month. No chemical waste was collected by licensed contractor in the reporting period. No Type 1, Type 2 and Type 3 Marine sediment were disposed at Confined Marine Disposal Facility to the East of Sha Chau. The waste flow table under FEP-01/436/2012/F is annexed in **Annex D1**.

For Kai Tak Sports Park (Agreement No. CE 30/2018 (EP))

5.1.3 No inert C&D material, general refuse was generated in the reporting month. No plastics, metals and paper/cardboard packaging were collected by recycle contractor in the reporting month. No chemical waste was collected by licensed contractor in the reporting period. No Type 1, Type 2 and Type 3 Marine sediment were disposed at Confined Marine Disposal Facility to the East of Sha Chau. The waste flow table under FEP-01/436/2012/F is annexed in **Annex D2**.

For Central Kowloon Route - Central Tunnel (Contract: HY/2018/08)

5.1.4 No inert C&D material, general refuse was generated in the reporting month. No plastics, metals and paper/cardboard packaging were collected by recycle contractor in the reporting month. No chemical waste was collected by licensed contractor in the reporting period. No Type 1, no Type 2 and Type 3 Marine sediment were disposed at Confined Marine Disposal Facility to the East of Sha Chau. The waste flow table under FEP-01/436/2012/F is annexed in **Annex D3**.

For Central Kowloon Route - Yau Ma Tei East (Contract: HY/2014/08)

- 5.1.5 No inert C&D material, general refuse was generated in the reporting month. No plastics, metals and paper/cardboard packaging were collected by recycle contractor in the reporting month. No chemical waste was collected by licensed contractor in the reporting period. No Type 1, no Type 2 and Type 3 Marine sediment were disposed at Confined Marine Disposal Facility to the East of Sha Chau. The waste flow table under FEP-01/436/2012/F is annexed in **Annex D4**.
- 5.1.6 The Contractor is advised to properly maintain on site C&D materials and wastes collection, sorting and recording system and maximize reuse / recycle of C&D materials and wastes. The Contractor is reminded to properly maintain the site tidiness and dispose of the wastes accumulated on site regularly and properly.
- 5.1.7 The Contractor is reminded that chemical waste containers should be properly treated and stored temporarily in designated chemical waste storage area on site in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes.

6 ENVIRONMENTAL SITE INSPECTION AND AUDIT

- 6.1.1 Site inspections were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the implementation of proper environmental pollution control and mitigation measures for the Project. A summary of the mitigation measures implementation schedule is provided in **Appendix B**.
- 6.1.2 In the reporting month, 4 site inspections were carried out on 7, 14, 21 and 28 February 2024. Joint inspections with the IEC, ER, the Contractor and ET were conducted on 28 February 2024. No non-compliance was recorded during the site inspection. Details of observations recorded during the site inspections are presented in **Table 6.1** respectively.

Table 6.1 Observations and Recommendations of Site Audit

Parameters	Date	Observations and Recommendations	Follow-up
Air Quality	Nil	Nil	Nil
Noise	Nil	Nil	Nil
Water Quality	Nil	Nil	Nil
Waste/ Chemical Management	Nil	Nil	Nil
Permits/ Licenses	Nil	Nil	Nil

^{*}The item was under rectification on last reporting month.

6.1.3 All follow-up actions requested by Contractor's ET during the site inspection were undertaken as reported by the Contractor and confirmed in the following weekly site inspection conducted during the reporting period.

7 ENVIRONMENTAL NON-CONFORMANCE

7.1 Summary of Environmental Non-Compliance

7.1.1 No environmental non-compliance was recorded in the reporting month.

7.2 Summary of Environmental Complaints

7.2.1 No environmental related complaint was received in the reporting month. Cumulative statistics on complaint is provided in **Appendix C**.

7.3 Summary of Environmental Summon and Successful Prosecutions

7.3.1 No environmental related prosecution or notification of summons was received in the reporting month. Cumulative statistics on notification of summons and successful prosecutions is provided in **Appendix C**.

8 FUTURE KEY ISSUES

8.1 Construction Programme for the Next Three Months

8.1.1 The major construction works between March 2024 to May 2024 are provided in **Table 8.1**.

Table 8.1 Construction Activities in the coming three months

Locations	Site Activities
Barging Facility of Kai Tak West	Material Storage.
Barging Facility of Central Tunnel	Material Storage.
Barging Facility of Sports Park	• Nil
Barging Facility of Yau Mai Tei East	• Nil

8.2 Key Issues for the Coming Month

- 8.2.1 Potential environmental impacts arising from the above construction activities are mainly associated with construction dust, construction noise, and waste management.
- 8.2.2 The barging activity was substantial completed at the end December 2023, and the termination proposal of the Kai Tak Barging Facility under FEP-01/436/2012/F was submitted to EPD in January 2024. The EM&A works will continue until the application is approved.

9 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

9.1 Conclusions

- 9.1.1 4 nos. of environmental site inspections were carried out in February 2024. Recommendations on remedial actions were given by ET and IEC to the Contractor for the deficiencies identified during the site audit.
- 9.1.2 Referring to the Contractor's information, no environmental complaint, notification of summons and successful prosecution was received in the reporting month.

9.2 Recommendations

9.2.1 According to the environmental site inspections performed in the reporting month, the following recommendations were provided:

Air Quality Impact

• No specific observation was identified in the reporting month.

Construction Noise

No specific observation was identified in the reporting month.

Water Quality Impact

No specific observation was identified in the reporting month.

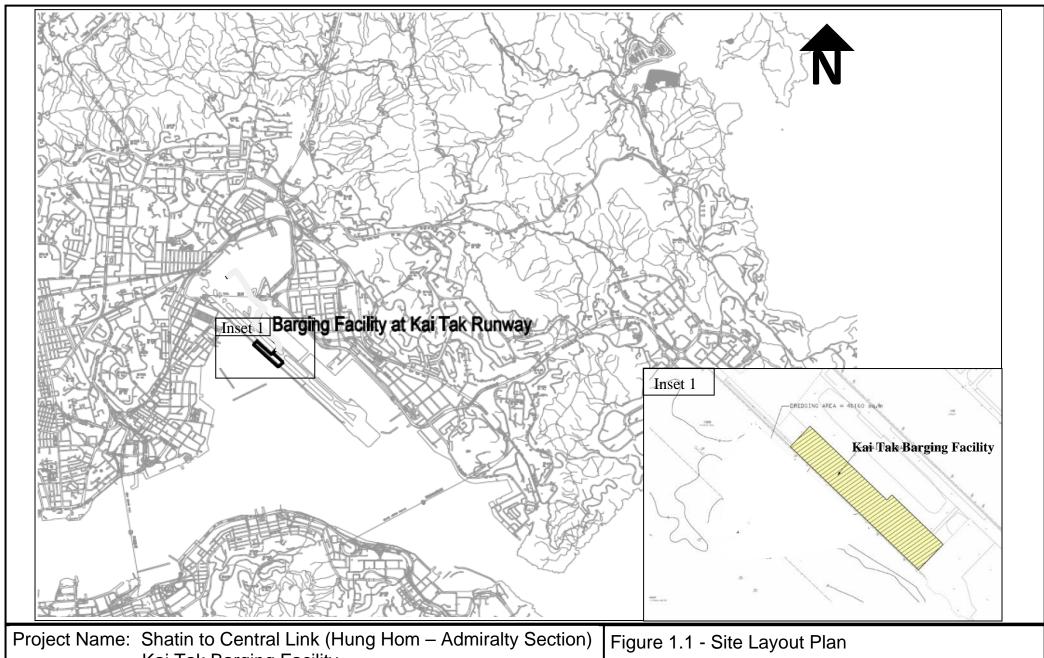
Chemical and Waste Management

• No specific observation was identified in the reporting month.

Permits/licenses

No specific observation was identified in the reporting month.





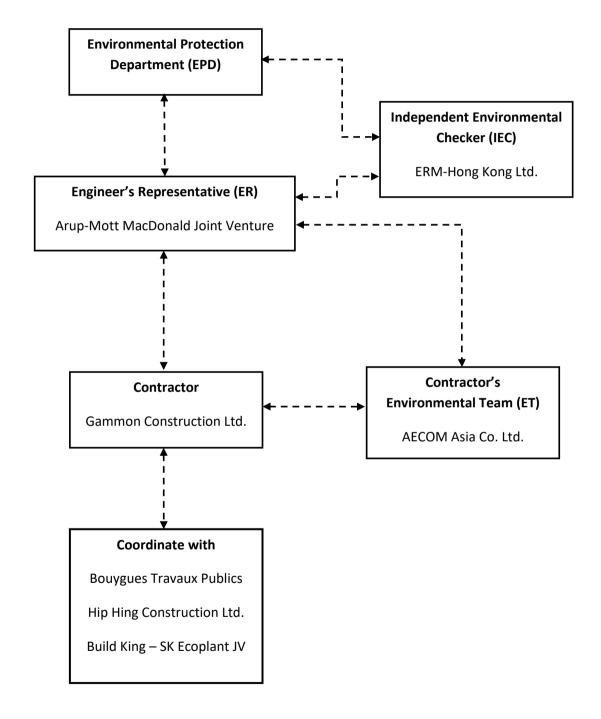
Kai Tak Barging Facility



Annex A

Project Organization Structure

Annex A Project Organization Structure



Annex A AECOM

Annex B

Implementation Schedule of Environmental Mitigation Measures

EIA Ref. / EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
Ecological	Impact					
S5.134	Accidental chemical spillage and construction site run-off to the receiving water bodies, mitigation measures such as removing the pollutants before discharge into storm drain and paving the section of construction road between the wheel washing bay and the public road as suggested in Sections 11.216 and 11.219 to 11.256 of the EIA Report shall be adopted.	To minimize the contamination of wastewater discharge	Contractor	All land based works areas	Construction Phase	N/A
Landscape	and Visual Impact					
Construction	on Phase					
Table 7.9	CM1 - Trees unavoidably affected by the works shall be transplanted as far as possible in accordance with ETWB TC(W) 3/2006 – Tree Preservation.	Transplanting and reuse of affected trees.	MTR	Works Sites	Construction Phase	N/A
Table 7.9	CM2a - Compensatory tree planting shall be provided in accordance with ETWB TC(W) 3/2006 – Tree Preservation to compensate for felled trees and maintained until end of the establishment period.	Compensation for the removal of existing trees due to the Project.	MTR	Works Sites	Construction Phase	N/A
Table 7.9	CM2b - Compensatory shrub planting shall be provided to compensate for the loss of shrub planting in amenity areas.	Compensation for the removal of existing shrub planting due to the Project.	MTR	Works Sites	Construction Phase	N/A
Table 7.9	CM3 - Control of night-time lighting glare	Minimize the night time glare due to the Project during construction phase	MTR	Works Sites	Construction Phase	N/A
Table 7.9	CM4 - Erection of decorative screen hoarding compatible with the surrounding setting.	Minimize the visual impact of the Project during construction phase	MTR	Works Sites	Construction Phase	N/A
Table 7.9	CM5 - Management of facilities on work sites which give control on the height and disposition/arrangement of all facilities on the works site to minimize visual impact to adjacent VSRs	Control of height and deposition/ arrangement of temporary facilities in works areas	MTR	Works Sites	Construction Phase	N/A
Table 7.9	CM6 - All hard and soft landscape areas disturbed temporarily during construction shall be reinstated on like-to-like basis to the satisfaction of the relevant Government Departments.	Reinstatement of temporary works areas.	MTR	Works Sites	Construction Phase	N/A
Construction	on Dust Impact					
Table 8.5	 Barging facilities: Transportation of spoils to the barging point – Pave all road surfaces within the barging facilities and provide watering once along with the haul road for every working hours to reduce dust emission by 91.7%. This dust suppression efficiency is derived based on the average haul road traffic, average evaporation rate and an assumed application intensity of 1.0 L/m² once every working hour. Any potential dust impact and watering mitigation would be subject to the actual site condition. For example, a construction activity that produces inherently wet conditions or in cases under rainy weather, the above water application intensity may not be unreservedly applied. While the above watering frequency is to be followed, the extent of watering may vary depending on actual site conditions but should be sufficient to maintain an equivalent intensity of no less than 1.0 L/m² to achieve the removal efficiency. The dust levels would be monitored and managed under an EM&A programme as specified in the EM&A Manual. Unloading of spoil materials – Undertake the unloading process within a 3-sided screen with top tipping hall. Provide water spraying and flexible dust curtains at the discharge point for dust suppression. Vehicles leaving the barging facilities – Pass vehicles through the wheel washing facilities 	To minimize dust impacts	Contractor	All barging points	Construction phase	V
S8.89	provided at site exits. Enclosing the unloading process at barging point by a 3-sided screen with top tipping hall, provision	To minimize dust impact	Contractor	All barging points	Construction	V
50.03	of water spraying and flexible dust curtains to reduce dust emission	10 minimize dust impact	Johnacion	7 iii bargirig politis	phase	V

EIA Ref. / EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
S8.90	 Dust suppression measures stipulated in the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation and good site practices: Use of regular watering to reduce dust emissions from exposed site surfaces and unpaved roads, particularly during dry weather. Use of frequent watering for particularly dusty construction areas and areas close to ASRs. Side enclosure and covering of any aggregate or dusty material storage piles to reduce emissions. Where this is not practicable owing to frequent usage, watering shall be applied to aggregate fines. Open stockpiles shall be avoided or covered. Where possible, prevent placing dusty material storage piles near ASRs. Tarpaulin covering of all dusty vehicle loads transported to, from and between site locations. Establishment and use of vehicle wheel and body washing facilities at the exit points of the site. Provision of wind shield and dust extraction units or similar dust mitigation measures at the loading area of barging point, and use of water sprinklers at the loading area where dust generation is likely during the loading process of loose material, particularly in dry seasons/periods. Provision of not less than 2.4m high hoarding from ground level along site boundary where adjoins a road, streets or other accessible to the public except for a site entrance or exit. 	To minimize dust impacts	Contractor	Works areas	Construction phase	V V V V V V
	 Imposition of speed controls for vehicles on site haul roads. Where possible, routing of vehicles and positioning of construction plant shall be at the maximum possible distance from ASRs. Every stock of more than 20 bags of cement or dry pulverised fuel ash (PFA) shall be covered entirely by impervious sheeting or placed in an area sheltered on the top and the 3 sides. Instigation of an environmental monitoring and auditing program to monitor the construction process in order to enforce controls and modify method of work if dusty conditions arise 					V N/A N/A
/	 Dust suppression measures (con't) De-bagging, batching and mixing processes carried out in sheltered areas during the use of bagged cement The portion of any road where along the site boundary should be kept clear of dusty materials. Use of frequent watering for any dusty construction process (e.g. breaking works) to reduce dust emissions. 	To minimize dust impacts	Contractor	Works areas	Construction phase	N/A V V
/	 Emission from Vehicles and Plants All vehicles shall be shut down in intermittent use. Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly to avoid emission of black smoke. All diesel fuelled construction plant within the works areas shall be powered by ultra low sulphur diesel fuel (ULSD) 	Reduce air pollution emission from construction vehicles and plants	Contractor	Works areas	Construction phase	V V
Airborne No	pise Impact					
Construction	n Phase					
S9.55	 The following good site practices shall be implemented: Only well-maintained plant shall be operated on-site and plant shall be serviced regularly during the construction program Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment shall be utilized and shall be properly maintained during the construction program Mobile plant, if any, shall be sited as far from NSRs as possible Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use shall be shut down between work periods or shall be throttled down to a minimum Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction shall, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs Material stockpiles and other structures shall be effectively utilized, wherever practicable, in 	To minimize construction noise impact	Contractor	Works areas	Construction phase	V V V V N/A

EIA Ref. / EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
/	 screening noise from on-site construction activities Install movable noise barriers, acoustic mat or full enclosure, screen the noisy plants during 	To minimize	Contractor	Works areas	Construction	V
	 operation Air compressors or Hand-held breaker shall be fitted with valid noise emission labels during operation 	construction noise impact			phase	N/A
Water Quali	ity Impact					<u>.</u>
Construction	on Phase					
S11.216	The following mitigation measures are proposed to minimize the potential water quality impacts from the construction works at or close to the seafront:	To minimize release of construction wastes	Contractor	Construction works at or close to the seafront	Construction Phase	
	 Temporary storage of construction materials (e.g. equipment, filling materials, chemicals and fuel) and temporary stockpile of construction and demolition materials shall be located well away from the seawater front and storm drainage during carrying out of the works. 	from construction works at or close to the seafront				V
	 Stockpiling of construction and demolition materials and dusty materials shall be covered and located away from the seawater front and storm drainage. 					V
	 Construction debris and spoil shall be covered up and/or disposed of as soon as possible to avoid being washed into the nearby receiving waters. 					V
S11.222 to 11.245	The site practices outlined in ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage" shall be followed where practicable. <u>Surface Run-off</u>	To minimize water quality impacts from construction site runoff and general	Contractor	Works areas	Construction Phase	
	 Surface run-off from construction sites shall be discharged into storm drains via adequately designed sand/silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sedimentation basins. Channels or earth bunds or sand bag barriers shall be provided on site to properly direct stormwater to such silt removal facilities. Perimeter channels at site boundaries shall be provided where necessary to intercept storm run-off from outside the site so that it will not wash across the site. Catchpits and perimeter channels shall be constructed in advance of site formation works and earthworks. 	construction activities				V
	 Silt removal facilities, channels and manholes shall be maintained and the deposited silt and grit shall be removed regularly, at the onset of and after each rainstorm to prevent local flooding. Any practical options for the diversion and re-alignment of drainage shall comply with both engineering and environmental requirements in order to provide adequate hydraulic capacity of all drains. Minimum distances of 100 m shall be maintained between the discharge points of construction site runoff and the existing saltwater intakes. 					V
	 Construction works shall be programmed to minimize soil excavation works in rainy seasons (April to September). If excavation in soil cannot be avoided in these months or at any time of year when rainstorms are likely, for the purpose of preventing soil erosion, temporary exposed slope surfaces shall be covered e.g. by tarpaulin, and temporary access roads shall be protected by crushed stone or gravel, as excavation proceeds. Intercepting channels shall be provided (e.g. along the crest / edge of excavation) to prevent storm runoff from washing across exposed soil surfaces. Arrangements shall always be in place in such a way that adequate surface protection measures can be safely carried out well before the arrival of a rainstorm. 					V
	Earthworks final surfaces shall be well compacted and the subsequent permanent work or surface protection shall be carried out immediately after the final surfaces are formed to prevent erosion caused.					N/A
	 by rainstorms. Appropriate drainage like intercepting channels shall be provided where necessary. Measures shall be taken to minimize the ingress of rainwater into trenches. If excavation of trenches in wet seasons is necessary, they shall be dug and backfilled in short sections. Rainwater pumped out 					N/A
	from trenches or foundation excavations shall be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities. • Open stockpiles of construction materials (e.g. aggregates, sand and fill material) on sites shall be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms.					V
	Manholes (including newly constructed ones) shall always be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris from getting into the drainage system, and to prevent storm run-off from getting into foul sewers. Discharge of surface run-off into foul sewers must always be prevented in order not to unduly overload the foul sewerage system.					N/A

EIA Ref. / EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
	 Good site practices shall be adopted to remove rubbish and litter from construction sites so as to prevent the rubbish and litter from spreading from the site area. It is recommended to clean the construction sites on a regular basis. Boring and Drilling Water 					V
	Water used in ground boring and drilling for site investigation or rock / soil anchoring shall as far as practicable be re-circulated after sedimentation. When there is a need for final disposal, the wastewater shall be discharged into storm drains via silt removal facilities. Wheel Washing Water					N/A
	 All vehicles and plant shall be cleaned before they leave a construction site to minimize the deposition of earth, mud, debris on roads. A wheel washing bay shall be provided at every site exit if practicable and wash-water shall have sand and silt settled out or removed before discharging into storm drains. The section of construction road between the wheel washing bay and the public road shall be paved with backfall to reduce vehicle tracking of soil and to prevent site run-off from entering public road drains. 					V
	 Bentonite Slurries Bentonite slurries used in diaphragm wall and bore-pile construction shall be reconditioned and used again wherever practicable. If the disposal of a certain residual quantity cannot be avoided, the bentonite slurries shall either be dewatered or mixed with inert fill material for disposal to a public filling 					N/A
	 If the used bentonite slurry is intended to be disposed of through the public drainage system, it shall be treated to the respective effluent standards applicable to foul sewer, storm drains or the receiving waters as set out in the TM-DSS. Water for Testing & Sterilization of Water Retaining Structures and Water Pipes 					N/A
	 Water for resting & Sterilization of Water Retaining Structures and Water ripes Water used in water testing to check leakage of structures and pipes shall be used for other purposes as far as practicable. Surplus unpolluted water will be discharged into storm drains. 					N/A
	 Sterilization is commonly accomplished by chlorination. Specific advice from EPD shall be sought during the design stage of the works with regard to the disposal of the sterilizing water. The sterilizing water shall be used again wherever practicable. 					N/A
	 Acid Cleaning, Etching and Pickling Wastewater Acidic wastewater generated from acid cleaning, etching, pickling and similar activities shall be neutralized to within the pH range of 6 to 10 before discharging into foul sewers. If there is no public foul sewer in the vicinity, the neutralized wastewater shall be tankered off site for disposal into foul sewers or treated to a standard acceptable to storm drains and the receiving waters. 					V
	 Wastewater from Site Facilities Wastewater collected from any temporary canteen kitchens, including that from basins, sinks and floor drains, shall be discharged into foul sewer via grease traps. In case connection to the public foul sewer is not feasible, wastewater generated from kitchens or canteen, if any, shall be collected in a temporary storage tank. A licensed waste collector shall be deployed to clean the temporary storage tank on a regular basis. 					N/A
	 Drainage serving an open oil filling point shall be connected to storm drains via petrol interceptors with peak storm bypass. 					N/A
	 Vehicle and plant servicing areas, vehicle wash bays and lubrication bays shall as far as possible be located within roofed areas. The drainage in these covered areas shall be connected to foul sewers via a petrol interceptor. Oil leakage or spillage shall be contained and cleaned up immediately. Waste oil shall be collected and stored for recycling or disposal in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. 					V
S11.246 & 11.247	Construction work force sewage discharges on site are expected to be discharged to the nearby existing trunk sewer or sewage treatment facilities. If disposal of sewage to public sewerage system is not feasible, appropriate numbers of portable toilets shall be provided by a licensed contractor to serve the construction workers over the construction site to prevent direct disposal of sewage into the water environment. The Contractor shall also be responsible for waste disposal and maintenance practices. Notices shall be posted at conspicuous locations to remind the workers not to discharge any sewage or wastewater into the nearby environment.	To minimize water quality impacts due to sewage generated from construction workforce	Contractor	Works areas	Construction Phase	N/A

EIA Ref. / EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
S11.248	In case seepage of uncontaminated groundwater occurs, groundwater shall be pumped out from the works areas and discharged into the storm system via silt removal facilities. Uncontaminated groundwater from dewatering process shall also be discharged into the storm system via silt traps.	To minimize impact from discharge of uncontaminated groundwater	Contractor	Works areas	Construction Phase	V
S11.252	 The following good site practices shall be adopted for the proposed barging points: all vessels shall be sized so that adequate clearance is maintained between vessels and the seabed in all tide conditions, to ensure that undue turbidity is not generated by turbulence from vessel movement or propeller wash all hopper barges shall be fitted with tight fitting seals to their bottom openings to prevent leakage of material construction activities shall not cause foam, oil, grease, scum, litter or other objectionable matter to be present on the water within the site loading of barges and hoppers shall be controlled to prevent splashing of material into the surrounding water. Barges or hoppers shall not be filled to a level that will cause the overflow of materials or polluted water during loading or transportation 	To minimize water quality impacts generated from the barging points.	Contractor	Barging points	Construction Phase	N/A
S11.253	There is a need to apply to EPD for a discharge licence for discharge of effluent from the construction site under the WPCO. The discharge quality must meet the requirements specified in the discharge licence. All the runoff and wastewater generated from the works areas shall be treated so that it satisfies all the standards listed in the TM-DSS. Minimum distances of 100 m shall be maintained between the discharge points of construction site effluent and the existing seawater intakes. The beneficial uses of the treated effluent for other on-site activities such as dust suppression, wheel washing and general cleaning etc., can minimize water consumption and reduce the effluent discharge volume. If monitoring of the treated effluent quality from the works areas is required during the construction phase of the Project, the monitoring shall be carried out in accordance with the WPCO license which is under the ambit of Regional Office (RO) of EPD.	To minimize water quality impact from effluent discharges from construction sites	Contractor	All construction works areas	Construction Phase	N/A
S11.254	Contractor must register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be produced from the construction activities. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation shall be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes.	To minimize water quality impact from accidental spillage of chemical	Contractor	All construction works areas	Construction Phase	V
S11.255	Any service shop and maintenance facilities shall be located on hard standings within a bunded area, and sumps and oil interceptors shall be provided. Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential for leakage and spillage shall only be undertaken within the areas appropriately equipped to control these discharges.	To minimize water quality impact from accidental spillage of chemical	Contractor	All construction works areas	Construction Phase	N/A
S11.256	 Disposal of chemical wastes shall be carried out in compliance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. The "Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes" published under the Waste Disposal Ordinance details the requirements to deal with chemical wastes. General requirements are given as follows: Suitable containers shall be used to hold the chemical wastes to avoid leakage or spillage during storage, handling and transport. Chemical waste containers shall be suitably labelled, to notify and warn the personnel who are handling the wastes, to avoid accidents. Storage area shall be selected at a safe location on site and adequate space shall be allocated to the storage area. 	To minimize water quality impact from accidental spillage of chemical	Contractor	All construction works areas	Construction Phase	V V V
Waste Mana	agement Implications					
Construction	on Phase					
S12.75	 Good Site Practices and Waste Reduction Measures Prepare a Waste Management Plan (WMP) approved by the Engineer/Supervising Officer of the Project based on current practices on construction sites. Training of site personnel in, site cleanliness, proper waste management and chemical handling procedures; 	To reduce waste management impacts	Contractor	All Work Sites	Construction Phase	V
	Provision of sufficient waste disposal points and regular collection of waste;					V

EIA Ref. / EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
	 Appropriate measures to minimize windblown litter and dust during transportation of waste by either covering trucks or by transporting wastes in enclosed containers; Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and oil 					V N/A
	 Regular cleaning and maintenance programme for drainage systems, sumps and on interceptors; and Separation of chemical wastes for special handling and appropriate treatment. 					V
040.70		T	0	All Maria Differen		•
S12.76	 Good Site Practices and Waste Reduction Measures (con't) Sorting of demolition debris and excavated materials from demolition works to recover reusable/recyclable portions (i.e. soil, broken concrete, metal etc.); 	To achieve waste reduction	Contractor	All Work Sites	Construction Phase	V
	 Segregation and storage of different types of waste in different containers, skips or stockpiles to enhance reuse or recycling of materials and their proper disposal; 					V
	 Encourage collection of aluminum cans by providing separate labeled bins to enable this waste to be segregated from other general refuse generated by the workforce; 					N/A
	 Proper storage and site practices to minimize the potential for damage or contamination of construction materials; 					N/A
	 Plan and stock construction materials carefully to minimize amount of waste generated and avoid unnecessary generation of waste; and 					N/A V
	 Training shall be provided to workers about the concepts of site cleanliness and appropriate waste management procedures, including waste reduction, reuse and recycle. 					v
S12.77	Good Site Practices and Waste Reduction Measures (con't)	To achieve waste	Contractor	All Work Sites	Construction	
	The Contractor shall prepare and implement a WMP as part of the EMP in accordance with ETWB TCW No. 19/2005 which describes the arrangements for avoidance, reuse, recovery, recycling, storage, collection, treatment and disposal of different categories of waste to be generated from the construction activities. Such a management plan shall incorporate site specific factors, such as the	reduction			Phase	V
	designation of areas for segregation and temporary storage of reusable and recyclable materials. The EMP shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval. The Contractor shall implement the waste management practices in the EMP throughout the construction stage of the Project. The EMP shall					
S12.78	be reviewed regularly and updated by the Contractor, preferably in a monthly basis. Good Site Practices and Waste Reduction Measures (con't)	To achieve waste	Contractor	All Work Sites	Construction	
012.70	C&D materials would be reused in other local concurrent projects as far as possible. If all reuse outlets are exhausted during the construction phase, the C&D materials would be disposed of at Taishan, China as a last resort.	reduction	Contractor	All Work ones	Phase	N/A
S12.79	Storage, Collection and Transportation of Waste Should any temporary storage or stockpiling of waste is required, recommendations to minimize the	To minimize potential adverse environmental	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	
	 impacts include: Waste, such as soil, shall be handled and stored well to ensure secure containment, thus minimizing the potential of pollution; 	impacts arising from waste storage				N/A
	 Maintain and clean storage areas routinely; Stockpiling area shall be provided with covers and water spraying system to prevent materials 					V
	 from wind-blown or being washed away; and Different locations shall be designated to stockpile each material to enhance reuse. 					N/A
S12.80	Storage, Collection and Transportation of Waste (con't) Waste haulier with appropriate permits shall be employed by the Contractor for the collection and transportation of waste from works areas to respective disposal outlets. The following suggestions shall be enforced to minimize the potential adverse impacts:	To minimize potential adverse environmental impacts arising from waste collection and	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	
	 Remove waste in timely manner Waste collectors shall only collect wastes prescribed by their permits Impacts during transportation, such as dust and odour, shall be mitigated by the use of covered 	disposal				V V N/A
	 trucks or in enclosed containers Obtain relevant waste disposal permits from the appropriate authorities, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354), Waste Disposal (Charges for Disposal of Construction 					V
	Waste) Regulation (Cap. 345) and the Land (Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 28)					V

EIA Ref. / EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
	 Waste shall be disposed of at licensed waste disposal facilities Maintain records of quantities of waste generated, recycled and disposed 					V
S12.81	 Storage, Collection and Transportation of Waste (con't) Implementation of trip ticket system with reference to DevB TC(W) No.6/2010 to monitor disposal of waste and to control fly-tipping at PFRFs or landfills. A recording system for the amount of waste generated, recycled and disposed (including disposal sites) shall be proposed. 	To minimize potential adverse environmental impacts arising from waste collection and disposal	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	V
S12.83 – 12.86	 Sorting of C&D Materials Sorting to be performed to recover the inert materials, reusable and recyclable materials before disposal off-site. Specific areas shall be provided by the Contractors for sorting and to provide temporary storage areas for the sorted materials. The C&D materials shall at least be segregated into inert and non-inert materials, in which the inert portion could be reused and recycled as far as practicable before delivery to PFRFs as mentioned for beneficial use in other projects. While opportunities for reusing the non-inert portion shall be investigated before disposal of at designated landfills. Possibility of reusing the spoil in the Project will be continuously investigated in the detailed design and construction stages, it includes backfilling to cut and cover construction works for the Hung Hom south and porth approach tuppols. 	To minimize potential adverse environmental impacts during the handling, transportation and disposal of C&D materials	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	V V V
S12.91 – 12.94	 Sediments (con't) Stockpiling of contaminated sediments shall be avoided as far as possible. If temporary stockpiling of contaminated sediments is necessary, the excavated sediment shall be covered by tarpaulin and the area shall be placed within earth bunds or sand bags to prevent leachate from entering the ground, nearby drains and/or surrounding water bodies. The stockpiling areas shall be completely paved or covered by linings in order to avoid contamination to underlying soil or groundwater. Separate and clearly defined areas shall be provided for stockpiling of contaminated and uncontaminated materials. Leachate, if any, shall be collected and discharged according to the Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO). In order to minimise the potential odour / dust emissions during excavation and transportation of the sediment, the excavated sediments shall be wetted during excavation / material handling and shall be properly covered when placed on trucks or barges. Loading of the excavated sediment to the barge shall be controlled to avoid splashing and overflowing of the sediment slurry to the surrounding water. The barge transporting the sediments to the designated disposal sites shall be equipped with tight fitting seals to prevent leakage and shall not be filled to a level that would cause overflow of materials or laden water during loading or transportation. In addition, monitoring of the barge loading shall be conducted to ensure that loss of material does not take place during transportation. Transport barges or vessels shall be equipped with automatic self-monitoring devices as specified by the DEP. In order to minimise the exposure to contaminated materials, workers shall, when necessary, wear appropriate personal protective equipments (PPE) when handling contaminated sediments. Adequate washing and cleaning facilities shall also be provided on site. 	To ensure handling of sediments are in accordance to statutory requirements	Contractor	Work Sites, Sediment disposal sites	Construction Phase	N/A
S12.95	 Adequate washing and cleaning racinites shall also be provided on site. Sediments (con't) A possible arrangement for Type 3 disposal is by geosynthetic containment. A geosynthetic containment method is a method whereby the sediments are sealed in geosynthetic containers and, at the disposal site, the containers would be dropped into the designated contaminated mud pit where they would be covered by further mud disposal and later by the mud pit capping, thereby meeting the requirements for fully confined mud disposal. The technology is readily available for the manufacture of the geosynthetic containers to the project-specific requirements. Similar disposal methods have been used for projects in Europe, the USA and Japan and the issues of fill retention by the geosynthetic fabrics, possible rupture of the containers and sediment loss due to impact of the container on the seabed have been addressed. 	To ensure handling of sediments are in accordance to statutory requirements	Contractor	Work Sites, Sediment disposal sites	Construction Phase	N/A

EIA Ref. / EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
S12.97	Containers for Storage of Chemical Waste The Contractor shall register with EPD as a chemical waste producer and to follow the guidelines stated in the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes. Containers used for storage of chemical waste shall:	To register with EPD as a Chemical waste producer and store chemical waste in	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	
	 Be compatible with the chemical wastes being stored, maintained in good condition and securely sealed; 	appropriate containers				V
	 Have a capacity of less than 450 litters unless the specifications have been approved by EPD; and 					V
010.00	Display a label in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	T	October	My d O'r	O a series of income	V
S12.98	 Chemical Waste Storage Area Be clearly labeled to indicate corresponding chemical characteristics of the chemical waste and used for storage of chemical waste only; Be enclosed on at least 3 sides; 	To prepare appropriate storage areas for chemical waste at works areas	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	V
	 Have an impermeable floor and bunding, of capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20% by volume of the chemical waste stored in that area, whichever is the greatest; 					V
	 Have adequate ventilation; Be covered to prevent rainfall from entering; and Be properly arranged so that incompatible materials are adequately separated. 					V V V
S12.99	Chemical Waste Lubricants, waste oils and other chemical wastes would be generated during the maintenance of vehicles and mechanical equipments. Used lubricants shall be collected and stored in individual containers which are fully labelled in English and Chinese and stored in a designated secure place.	To clearly label the chemical waste at works areas	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	N/A
S12.100	Collection and Disposal of Chemical Waste A trip-ticket system shall be operated in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation to monitor all movements of chemical waste. The Contractor shall employ a licensed collector to transport and dispose of the chemical wastes, to either the approved CWTC at Tsing Yi, or another licensed facility, in accordance with the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	To monitor the generation, reuse and disposal of chemical waste	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	N/A
S12.101	General Refuse General refuse shall be stored in enclosed bins or compaction units separate from C&D materials and chemical waste. A reputable waste collector shall be employed by the contractor to remove general refuse from the site, separately from C&D materials and chemical wastes. Preferably, an enclosed and covered area shall be provided to reduce the occurrence of wind-blown light material.	To properly store and separate from other C&D materials for subsequent collection and disposal	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	V
S12.102	General Refuse (con't) The recyclable component of general refuse, such as aluminum cans, paper and cleansed plastic containers shall be separated from other waste. Provision and collection of recycling bins for different types of recyclable waste shall be set up by the Contractor. The Contractor shall also be responsible for arranging recycling companies to collect these materials.	To facilitate recycling of recyclable portions of refuse	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	V
S12.103	General Refuse (con't) The Contractor shall carry out an education programme for workers in avoiding, reducing, reusing and recycling of materials generation. Posters and leaflets advising on the use of the bins shall also be provided in the sites as reminders.	To raise workers' awareness on recycling issue	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction Phase	V

EIA Ref. / EM&A Log Ref.	Recommended Mitigation Measures	Objectives of the Recommended Measures & Main Concern to Address	Who to implement the measures?	Location of the measure	When to implement the measures?	Implementation Status
/	Accidental spillage	To minimize potential	Contractor	Work Sites	Construction	
	To prevent accidental spillage of chemicals, the following is recommended:	adverse environmental			Phase	
	Proper storage and handling facilities will be provided.	impacts arising from				V
	 All the tanks, containers, storage area will be bunded and the locations will be locked as far as possible from the sensitive watercourse and stormwater drains. 	accidental spillage				V
	The contractor will register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be					V
	generated. Storage of chemical waste arising from the construction activities will be stored with suitable labels and warnings.					
	Disposal of chemical wastes will be conducted in compliance with the requirements as stated in the Waste disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.					V

Legend: V

= implemented;= not implemented; x = not implemente
@ = partially implem
N/A = not applicable

= partially implemented;

Annex C

Cumulative Statistics on Complaints, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

Annex C Cumulative Statistics on Complaints, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecutions

	Date received	Subject	Status	Total no. received in this month	Total no. received since project commencement
Environmental complaints	-			0	1
Notification of summons				0	0
Successful prosecutions			1	0	0

Annex C AECOM

Annex D

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table

Annex D1 Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table (Note 3)

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2024 - (Central Kowloon Route - Kai Tak West)(Gammon Construction Limited)

		Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly (Note 1)													.D Materials (i.e. (C&D Wastes) G	enerated Monthly	Actual Quantities of Contaminated Soil Monthly	Actual Quant	ities of Land-bas Monthly	ed Sediment	Actual Quantities of Marine-based sediment Monthly			
Month			Generated			Disposed				Reused			Recycled			Disposed		Reused	Reused	Disposed		Disposed			
Month	Fill Material		Artificial Material			D: 1	D: 1	D: 1											Reused in the Contract	Disposed at Designated Site		Disposed at Designated Site			
	Soil and Rock	Broken Concrete	Asphalt	Building Derbis	Total Quantity Generated	Disposed as Public Fills at TKO137	Disposed as Public Fills at TM38	Disposed as Public Fills at CWPFBP	Total Quantity Disposal	Reused in the Contract	Reused in Other Projects	Total Quantity Reused	Metals cardbo	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics	Chemical Waste	General Refuse (Note 2)	Reused in the Contract	Type 1 (Cat. L)	Type 1 (Cat. M _p)	Type 2 (Cat. M _f , Cat. H)	Type 1 (Cat. L, Cat. M _p)	Type 2 (Cat. M _f , Cat. H, Cat. H _o)	Type 3 (Cat. H _i)	
Unit	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000Kg)	('000Kg)	('000Kg)	('000L)	('000Kg)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	
Jan	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Feb	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Mar																									
Apr																									
May																									
Jun																									
SUB-TOTAL	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Jul																									
Aug																									
Sep																									
Oct																									
Nov																									
Dec																									
TOTAL in 2022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TOTAL in 2023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TOTAL in 2024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
CUMULATIVE TOTAL	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	

lotes: 1. Assume the density of fill is 2 ton/m³.

2. Refuse disposed to NENT landf

3. The data presented in this waste flow table only included the waste generated from Kai Tak Barging Facility under FEP-01/436/2012/F, other data presented under the related Further Environmental Permit (FEP-01/457/2013/C).

Annex D2 Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table (Note 3)

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2024 - (Kai Tak Sports Park)(Hip Hing Engineering Co Ltd)

		Actual Quantities of Inert C&D Materials Generated Monthly (Note 1)													D Materials (i.e. (C&D Wastes) G	enerated Monthly	Actual Quantities of Contaminated Soil Monthly	Actual Quan	tities of Land-bas Monthly	ed Sediment	Actual Quantities of Marine-based sediment Monthly			
Month			Generated			Disposed				Reused			Recycled			Disposed		Reused	Reused Disposed		osed	Disposed			
WOILI	Fill Material	ill Material		Artificial Material															Reused in the Contract	Disposed at Designated Site		Disposed at Designated Site			
	Soil and Rock	Broken Concrete	Asphalt	Building Derbis	Total Quantity Generated	Disposed as Public Fills at TKO137	Disposed as Public Fills at TM38	Disposed as Public Fills at CWPFBP	Total Quantity Disposal	Reused in the Contract	Reused in Other Projects	Total Quantity Reused	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics	Chemical Waste	General Refuse (Note 2)	Reused in the Contract	Type 1 (Cat. L)	Type 1 (Cat. M _p)	Type 2 (Cat. M _f , Cat. H)	Type 1 (Cat. L, Cat. M _p)	Type 2 (Cat. M _f , Cat. H, Cat. H _p)	Type 3 (Cat. H _f)	
Unit	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000Kg)	('000Kg)	('000Kg)	('000L)	('000Kg)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	
Jan	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Feb	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Mar																									
Apr																									
May																									
Jun																									
SUB-TOTAL	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Jul																									
Aug																									
Sep																									
Oct																									
Nov																									
Dec																									
TOTAL in 2022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TOTAL in 2023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TOTAL in 2024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
CUMULATIVE TOTAL	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	

Notes: 1. Assume the density of fill is 2 ton/m³.

2. Refuse disposed to NENT land

3. The data presented in this waste flow table only included the waste generated from Kai Tak Barging Facility under FEP-01/436/2012/F, other data presented under the related Environmental Permit (EP-554/2017).

Annex D3 Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table (Note 3)

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2024 - (Central Kowloon Route - Central Tunnel)(Bouygues Travaux Publics)

					Actual Quantities	of Inert C&D Mat	erials Generated	Monthly (Note 1))				Actual Quantitie	s of Non-inert C&	D Materials (i.e. (C&D Wastes) G	enerated Monthly	Actual Quantities of Contaminated Soil Monthly	Actual Quan	ntities of Land-based Sediment Monthly		Actual Quantities of Marine-based Sediment Monthly			
Month			Disposed				Reused			Recycled			Disposed		Reused	Reused	used Disposed		Disposed						
inomi.	Fill Material	Il Material Artificial Material																	Reused in the Contract	Disposed at Designated Site		Disposed at Designated Site			
	Soil and Rock	Broken Concrete	Asphalt	Building Derbis	Total Quantity Generated	Disposed as Public Fills at TKO137	Disposed as Public Fills at TM38	Disposed as Public Fills at CWPFBP	Total Quantity Disposal	Reused in the Contract	Reused in Other Projects	Total Quantity Reused	Metals	Paper/ cardboard packaging	Plastics	Chemical Waste	General Refuse (Note 2)	e Reused in the Contract	Type 1 (Cat. L)	Type 1 (Cat. M _p)	Type 2 (Cat. M _f , Cat. H)	Type 1 (Cat. L, Cat. M _p)	Type 2 (Cat. M _f , Cat. H, Cat. H _p)	Type 3 (Cat. H _f)	
Unit	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000Kg)	('000Kg)	('000Kg)	('000L)	('000Kg)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	
Jan	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Feb	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Mar																									
Apr																									
May																									
Jun																									
SUB-TOTAL	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Jul																									
Aug																									
Sep																									
Oct																									
Nov																									
Dec																									
TOTAL in 2022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TOTAL in 2023	0.000	1589.680	0.000	0.000	1589.680	1464.040	125.640	0.000	1589.680	284.960	0.000	284.960	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.290	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
TOTAL in 2024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
CUMULATIVE TOTAL	0.000	1589.680	0.000	0.000	1589.680	1464.040	125.640	0.000	1589.680	284.960	0.000	284.960	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.290	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	

Notes: 1. Assume the density of fill is 2 ton/m³.

2. Refuse disposed to NENT landfi

3. The data presented in this waste flow table only included the waste generated from Kai Tak Barging Facility under FEP-01/436/2012/F, other data presented under the related Environmental Permit (EP-457/2013/C).

Annex D4 Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table (Note 3)

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table for 2024 - (Yau Ma Tei East)(BUILD KING - SK ECOPLANT JOINT VENTURE)

					Actual Quantities	of Inert C&D Mat	erials Generated	Monthly (Note 1)				Actual Quantitie		D Materials (i.e.			Actual Quantities of Contaminated Soil Monthly	Actual Quan	Actual Quantities of Land-based Sediment Monthly			Actual Quantities of Marine-based Sediment Monthly			
			Generated			Disposed				Reused			Recycled			Disposed		Reused	Disposed			Disposed				
Month	Fill Material	Artificial Material		T. 10	Disposed as	Disposed as	Disposed as		Reused in	n	T. 10 . 5		Paper/		Chemical	General Refuse		Disposed at Designated Site			Disposed at Designated Site					
	Soil and Rock	Broken Concrete	Asphalt	Building Derbis	Total Quantity Generated	Public Fills at TKO137	Public Fills at TM38	Public Fills at CWPFBP	Total Quantity Disposal		Reused in Other Projects	Total Quantity Reused	Metals	cardboard packaging	Plastics	Waste	(Note 2)	e Reused in the Contract	Type 1 (Cat. L)	Type 1 (Cat. M _p)	Type 2 (Cat. M _t , Cat. H)	Type 1 (Cat. L, Cat. M _p)	Type 2 (Cat. M _f , Cat. H, Cat. H _p)	Type 3 (Cat. H _i)		
Unit	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000Kg)	('000Kg)	('000Kg)	('000L)	('000Kg)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)	('000m ³)						
Jan	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Feb	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Mar																										
Apr																										
May																										
Jun																										
SUB-TOTAL	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
Jul																										
Aug																										
Sep																										
Oct																										
Nov																										
Dec																										
TOTAL in 2022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
TOTAL in 2023	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	13316.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
TOTAL in 2024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
CUMULATIVE TOTAL	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	13316.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		

Notes: 1. Ass

Assume the density of fill is 2 ton/m³.

^{2.} Refuse disposed to NENT landfill.

^{3.} The data presented in this waste flow table only included the waste generated from Kai Tak Barging Facility under FEP-01/436/2012/F, other data presented under the related Environmental Permit (EP-457/2013/C).